UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

■ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2019

OR

	For the transition p	period from	to			
Commission File Number	Exact name of registrant as specified principal office and address and tele	,		State of incorporation		R.S. Employer entification No.
001-36867	Allergan plc Clonshaugh Business and Techno Coolock, Dublin, D17 E400, I (862) 261-7000			Ireland		98-1114402
001-36887	Warner Chilcott Limited Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda (441) 295-2244	I		Bermuda	,	98-0496358
	Securities register the of Each Class inary Shares, \$0.0001 par value	red pursuant to Section Trading Symbol AGN	` '	Name of Each	Exchange on Which Regi	<u>stered</u>
Indicate by check mark wh	nether the registrant (1) has filed all reports reshorter period that the registrant was required	quired to be filed by		or 15(d) of the Securit	ies Exchange Act of 193	
Allergan plc Varner Chilcott Limited		YES 🗷			NO □ NO □	
2	nether the registrant has submitted electronical epreceding 12 months (or for such shorter pe	, ,			X.	Regulation S-T (§
llergan plc 'arner Chilcott Limited		YES 🗷 YES 🗷			NO □ NO □	
	nether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, arge accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "sm					
llergan plc	Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Emerging growth company			⊠ □	Accelerated filer Smaller reporting com	pany \Box
arner Chilcott Limited	Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Emerging growth company			□ X	Accelerated filer Smaller reporting com	pany \Box
nancial accounting standards pro-	npany, indicate by check mark if the registran vided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchar ether the registrant is a shell company (as def	nge Act. □		-	or complying with any i	new or revised
llergan plc Varner Chilcott Limited		$\begin{array}{ccc} YES & \square \\ YES & \square \end{array}$			NO 🗷	
Number of shares of Aller rhich are indirectly wholly owned	gan plc's Ordinary Shares outstanding on Malby Allergan plc.	ay 3, 2019: 327,801,9	905. There	is no trading market fo	or securities of Warner (Chilcott Limited, all o
imited is an indirect wholly-owner	Form 10-Q is a combined report being filed so ed subsidiary of Allergan plc. The information idicated. Warner Chilcott Limited meets the correduced disclosure format	n in this Quarterly Re	port on Fo	m 10-Q is equally app	plicable to Allergan plc a	and Warner Chilcott

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ALLERGAN PLC CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited; in millions, except par value)

	M	Iarch 31, 2019	De	cember 31, 2018
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	788.5	\$	880.4
Marketable securities		995.2		1,026.9
Accounts receivable, net		2,731.2		2,868.1
Inventories		943.2		846.9
Current assets held for sale		45.7		34.0
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		785.5		819.1
Total current assets		6,289.3		6,475.4
Property, plant and equipment, net		1,781.1		1,787.0
Right of use asset - operating leases		455.4		-
Investments and other assets		1,979.5		1,970.6
Non current assets held for sale		897.2		882.2
Deferred tax assets		1,032.6		1,063.7
Product rights and other intangibles		42,264.6		43,695.4
Goodwill		43,336.6		45,913.3
Total assets	\$	98,036.3	\$	101,787.6
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		_		
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	4,634.4	\$	4,787.2
Income taxes payable		126.9		72.4
Current portion of long-term debt		3,971.8		868.3
Current portion of lease liability - operating		116.1		-
Total current liabilities		8,849.2		5,727.9
Long-term debt		19,554.1		22,929.4
Lease liability - operating		415.2		-
Other long-term liabilities		804.4		882.0
Other taxes payable		1,618.2		1,615.5
Deferred tax liabilities		5,235.6		5,501.8
Total liabilities		36,476.7		36,656.6
Commitments and contingencies (Refer to Note 20)				
Equity:				
Ordinary shares; \$0.0001 par value per share; 1,000.0 million shares authorized,				
327.8 million and 332.6 million shares issued and outstanding, respectively	\$	-	\$	-
Additional paid-in capital		55,742.8		56,510.0
Retained earnings		4,582.8		7,258.9
Accumulated other comprehensive income		1,216.4		1,345.2
Total shareholders' equity		61,542.0		65,114.1
Noncontrolling interest		17.6		16.9
Total equity		61,559.6		65,131.0
Total liabilities and equity	\$	98,036.3	\$	101,787.6
Total Incomines and equity	Ψ	70,030.3	Ψ	101,/0/.0

ALLERGAN PLC CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited; in millions, except per share amounts)

		Three Months E	nded Mai	rch 31,
		2019		2018
Net revenues	\$	3,597.1	\$	3,672.1
Operating expenses:				
Cost of sales (excludes amortization and impairment of acquired				
intangibles including product rights)		497.8		522.8
Research and development		435.0		474.7
Selling and marketing		804.0		800.0
General and administrative		308.3		295.9
Amortization		1,399.4		1,697.6
Goodwill impairments		2,467.0		-
In-process research and development impairments		-		522.0
Asset sales and impairments, net		(5.2)		13.1
Total operating expenses		5,906.3		4,326.1
Operating (loss)		(2,309.2)		(654.0)
Interest income		21.3		17.3
Interest (expense)		(201.8)		(250.6)
Other income / (expense), net		13.8		(78.8)
Total other (expense), net		(166.7)		(312.1)
(Loss) before income taxes and noncontrolling interest		(2,475.9)		(966.1)
(Benefit) for income taxes		(68.6)		(682.2)
Net (loss)		(2,407.3)		(283.9)
(Income) attributable to noncontrolling interest		(2,407.3) (0.7)		(2.2)
Net (loss) attributable to shareholders		(2,408.0)		(286.1)
		(2,408.0)		
Dividends on preferred shares		(2.400.0)	0	46.4
Net (loss) attributable to ordinary shareholders	<u>\$</u>	(2,408.0)	\$	(332.5)
(Loss) per share attributable to ordinary shareholders				
Basic	\$	(7.25)	\$	(0.99)
Diluted	\$	(7.25)	\$	(0.99)
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic		332.0		334.6
Diluted		332.0		334.6

ALLERGAN PLC CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) (Unaudited; in millions)

	Three Months E	nded March 31,				
	 2019		2018			
Net (loss)	\$ (2,407.3)	\$	(283.9)			
Other comprehensive (loss) / income						
Foreign currency translation (losses) / gains	(127.8)		183.8			
Unrealized (losses), net of tax	 (1.0)		<u>-</u>			
Total other comprehensive (loss) / income, net of tax	(128.8)		183.8			
Comprehensive (loss)	 (2,536.1)		(100.1)			
Comprehensive (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	 (0.7)		(2.2)			
Comprehensive (loss) attributable to ordinary shareholders	\$ (2,536.8)	\$	(102.3)			

ALLERGAN PLC CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited; in millions)

		Three Months Ended March 3			
		2019		2018	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:					
Net (loss)	\$	(2,407.3)	\$	(283.9	
Reconciliation to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation		47.5		56.1	
Amortization		1,399.4		1,697.6	
Provision for inventory reserve		18.8		14.2	
Share-based compensation		52.3		72.5	
Deferred income tax benefit		(229.7)		(1,026.4	
Goodwill impairments		2,467.0		-	
In-process research and development impairments		-		522.0	
(Gain) / loss on asset sales and impairments, net		(5.2)		13.1	
Loss on sale of Teva securities, net		-		77.7	
Non-cash extinguishment of debt		0.3		-	
Amortization of deferred financing costs		4.6		6.3	
Non-cash lease expense		30.1		-	
Contingent consideration adjustments, including accretion		18.7		5.3	
Other, net		(10.3)		6.5	
Changes in assets and liabilities (net of effects of acquisitions):		` /			
Decrease / (increase) in accounts receivable, net		132.4		259.1	
Decrease / (increase) in inventories		(128.3)		(52.7	
Decrease / (increase) in prepaid expenses and other current assets		36.2		(0.6	
Increase / (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses		(199.8)		(231.6	
Increase / (decrease) in income and other taxes payable		60.0		336.6	
Increase / (decrease) in other assets and liabilities		(52.7)		(13.5	
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,234.0		1,458.3	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		1,234.0		1,430.3	
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(64.8)		(46.4	
Additions to product rights and other intangibles		(7.5)		(40.4)	
Additions to investments		(538.2)		(1,455.9	
Proceeds from sale of investments and other assets		569.1		4,889.5	
Payments to settle Teva related matters		509.1		(466.0	
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment		17.2		11.1	
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired		(80.6)		11.1	
·				2,932.3	
Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities		(104.8)		2,932.3	
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:					
Proceeds from borrowings of long-term indebtedness, including credit facility		-		709.0	
Payments on debt, including finance lease obligations and credit facility		(159.4)		(4,322.1	
Payments of contingent consideration and other financing		(2.0)		(9.3	
Proceeds from stock plans		9.7		35.5	
Proceeds from forward sale of Teva securities		-		372.3	
Payments to settle Teva related matters		-		(234.0	
Repurchase of ordinary shares		(829.2)		(1,439.6	
Dividends paid		(246.1)		(319.5	
Net cash (used in) financing activities		(1,227.0)		(5,207.7	
Effect of currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		5.9		(5.3	
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(91.9)		(822.4	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		880.4		1,817.2	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	788.5	\$	994.8	
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information					
Cash paid during the year for:					
Income taxes other, net of refunds	\$	105.4	\$	35.7	
Interest	\$	252.0	\$	344.4	
Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:	Ψ	232.0	Ψ	577.7	
Conversion of mandatory convertible preferred shares	S	_	\$	4,929.7	
Dividends accrued	\$	1.4	\$	1.4	
Dividends accrued	Ą	1.4	Φ	1.4	

ALLERGAN PLC CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (Unaudited; in millions)

								dditional	F	Retained Earnings/		cumulated Other				
	Ordina Shares			Preferred				Paid-in-	(Accumulated			prehensive	No	ncontrolling		Tr. 4 - 1
BALANCE, December 31, 2017	330.2	S	Mount	Shares	<u>s</u>	Amount	S	Capital	s	Deficit) 12,957.2	S	me / (Loss) 1.920.7	s	Interest	Φ.	Total
Implementation of new accounting	330.2	3	-	5.1	Э	4,929.7	3	54,013.5	3	12,957.2	3	1,920./	3	16.0	\$	73,837.1
pronouncements	_		_	_		_		_		424.7		(63.0)		_		361.7
BALANCE, January 1, 2018	330.2	\$	_	5.1	\$	4,929.7	\$	54,013.5	\$	13,381.9	\$	1,857.7	\$	16.0	\$	74,198.8
Comprehensive (loss):							_									
Net (loss) attributable to shareholders	-		_	_		_		_		(286.1)		_		_		(286.1)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	-		_	_		-		-				183.8		-		183.8
Share-based compensation	-		-	_		-		72.5		-		_		-		72.5
Ordinary shares issued under employee stock plans	0.7							35.5								35.5
Dividends declared	0.7		-					33.3		(296.3)				-		(296.3)
Conversion of Mandatory Preferred Shares	17.8		_	(5.1)		(4,929.7)		4,929.7		(270.5)		_				(270.5)
Repurchase of ordinary shares under the	17.0			(3.1)		(4,727.7)		4,727.7								
share repurchase programs	(9.6)		_	_		_		(1,540.0)		_		_		_		(1,540.0)
Repurchase of ordinary shares	(0.1)		-	_		-		(24.3)		-		-		-		(24.3)
Movement in noncontrolling interest	-		-	-		-		` -		-		-		2.1		2.1
BALANCE, March 31, 2018	339.0	\$	-	-	\$		\$	57,486.9	\$	12,799.5	\$	2,041.5	\$	18.1	\$	72,346.0
					_		_								_	
BALANCE, December 31, 2018	332.6	s	-	-	\$	-	\$	56,510.0	\$	7,258.9	\$	1,345.2	\$	16.9	\$	65,131.0
Implementation of new accounting																
pronouncement										(22.0)						(22.0)
BALANCE, January 1, 2019	332.6	\$			\$		\$	56,510.0	\$	7,236.9	\$	1,345.2	\$	16.9	\$	65,109.0
Comprehensive (loss):																
Net (loss) attributable to shareholders	-		-	-		-		-		(2,408.0)		-		-		(2,408.0)
Other comprehensive (loss), net of tax	-		-	-		-		-		-		(128.8)		-		(128.8)
Share-based compensation	-		-	-		-		52.3		-		-		-		52.3
Ordinary shares issued under employee stock																
plans	0.7		-	-		-		9.7		-		-		-		9.7
Dividends declared	-		-	-		-		-		(246.1)		-		-		(246.1)
Repurchase of ordinary shares under the																
share repurchase programs	(5.3)		-	-		-		(799.7)		-		-		-		(799.7)
Repurchase of ordinary shares	(0.2)		-	-		-		(29.5)		-		-		-		(29.5)
Movement in noncontrolling interest		_			_		_		_		_		_	0.7	_	0.7
BALANCE, March 31, 2019	327.8	\$		<u>_</u>	\$		\$	55,742.8	\$	4,582.8	\$	1,216.4	\$	17.6	\$	61,559.6

WARNER CHILCOTT LIMITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited; in millions)

		March 31, 2019	D	December 31, 2018		
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	786.7	\$	878.6		
Marketable securities		995.2		1,026.9		
Accounts receivable, net		2,731.2		2,868.1		
Receivables from Parents		814.1		640.9		
Inventories		943.2		846.9		
Current assets held for sale		45.7		34.0		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		780.9		818.7		
Total current assets		7,097.0		7,114.1		
Property, plant and equipment, net		1,781.1		1,787.0		
Right of use asset - operating leases		455.4		-		
Investments and other assets		1,979.5		1,970.6		
Non current receivables from Parents		-		-		
Non current assets held for sale		897.2		882.2		
Deferred tax assets		1,032.6		1,063.7		
Product rights and other intangibles		42,264.6		43,695.4		
Goodwill		43,336.6		45,913.3		
Total assets	\$	98,844.0	\$	102,426.3		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	4,634.3	\$	4,787.4		
Payables to Parents		3,034.9		2,829.2		
Income taxes payable		126.9		72.4		
Current portion of long-term debt		3,971.8		868.3		
Current portion of lease liability - operating		116.1		=		
Total current liabilities		11,884.0		8,557.3		
Long-term debt		19,554.1		22,929.4		
Lease liability - operating		415.2		-		
Other long-term liabilities		804.4		882.0		
Other taxes payable		1,612.0		1,615.5		
Deferred tax liabilities		5,235.6		5,501.8		
Total liabilities		39,505.3		39,486.0		
Commitments and contingencies (Refer to Note 20)						
Equity:						
Members' capital		64,752.1		65,797.9		
Retained earnings		(6,647.4)		(4,219.7)		
Accumulated other comprehensive income		1,216.4		1,345.2		
Total members' equity		59,321.1		62,923.4		
Noncontrolling interest		17.6		16.9		
Total equity		59,338.7		62,940.3		
Total liabilities and equity	\$	98,844.0	\$	102,426.3		
· ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*	- 5,00		2, - 20.5		

WARNER CHILCOTT LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited; in millions)

		Three Months E	nded Mar	ch 31,
		2019		2018
Net revenues	\$	3,597.1	\$	3,672.1
Operating expenses:				
Cost of sales (excludes amortization and impairment of				
acquired intangibles including product rights)		497.8		522.8
Research and development		435.0		474.7
Selling and marketing		804.0		800.0
General and administrative		306.1		294.1
Amortization		1,399.4		1,697.6
Goodwill impairments		2,467.0		-
In-process research and development impairments		-		522.0
Asset sales and impairments, net		(5.2)		13.1
Total operating expenses		5,904.1		4,324.3
Operating (loss)		(2,307.0)		(652.2)
Interest income		21.3		70.3
Interest (expense)		(201.8)		(250.6)
Other income / (expense), net		13.8		(78.8)
Total other (expense), net		(166.7)		(259.1)
(Loss) before income taxes and noncontrolling interest	·	(2,473.7)		(911.3)
(Benefit) for income taxes		(68.7)		(682.2)
Net (loss)		(2,405.0)		(229.1)
(Income) attributable to noncontrolling interest		(0.7)		(2.2)
Net (loss) attributable to members	\$	(2,405.7)	\$	(231.3)

WARNER CHILCOTT LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) (Unaudited; in millions)

	Three Months Ended March 31,						
	 2019		2018				
Net (loss)	\$ (2,405.0)	\$	(229.1)				
Other comprehensive (loss) / income							
Foreign currency translation (losses) / gains	(127.8)		183.8				
Unrealized (losses), net of tax	 (1.0)		<u>-</u>				
Total other comprehensive (loss) / income, net of tax	(128.8)	·	183.8				
Comprehensive (loss)	 (2,533.8)	'	(45.3)				
Comprehensive (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	 (0.7)		(2.2)				
Comprehensive (loss) attributable to members	\$ (2,534.5)	\$	(47.5)				

WARNER CHILCOTT LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited; in millions)

Cash Flows From Operating Activities: 2019 Net (loss) \$ (2,405.0) \$ Reconcilitation to net cash provided by operating activities: 47.5 Depreciation 47.5 Amortization 1,399.4 Provision for inventory reserve 18.8 Share-based compensation 52.3 Deferred income tax benefit (229.7) Goodwill impairments 2,467.0	2018 (229.1) 56.1 1,697.6 14.2 72.5 (1,026.4)
Net (loss) \$ (2,405.0) \$ Reconciliation to net cash provided by operating activities: 47.5 Depreciation 47.5 Amortization 1,399.4 Provision for inventory reserve 18.8 Share-based compensation 52.3 Deferred income tax benefit (229.7) Goodwill impairments 2,467.0	56.1 1,697.6 14.2 72.5 (1,026.4)
Reconciliation to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 47.5 Amortization 1,399.4 Provision for inventory reserve 18.8 Share-based compensation 52.3 Deferred income tax benefit (229.7) Goodwill impairments 2,467.0	56.1 1,697.6 14.2 72.5 (1,026.4)
Depreciation 47.5 Amortization 1,399.4 Provision for inventory reserve 18.8 Share-based compensation 52.3 Deferred income tax benefit (229.7) Goodwill impairments 2,467.0	1,697.6 14.2 72.5 (1,026.4)
Amortization 1,399.4 Provision for inventory reserve 18.8 Share-based compensation 52.3 Deferred income tax benefit (229.7) Goodwill impairments 2,467.0	1,697.6 14.2 72.5 (1,026.4)
Provision for inventory reserve 18.8 Share-based compensation 52.3 Deferred income tax benefit (229.7) Goodwill impairments 2,467.0	14.2 72.5 (1,026.4)
Share-based compensation52.3Deferred income tax benefit(229.7)Goodwill impairments2,467.0	72.5 (1,026.4)
Deferred income tax benefit (229.7) Goodwill impairments 2,467.0	(1,026.4)
Goodwill impairments 2,467.0	-
•	
In-process research and development impairments -	522.0
(Gain) / loss on asset sales and impairments, net (5.2)	13.1
Loss on sale of Teva securities, net	77.7
Non-cash extinguishment of debt 0.3	-
Amortization of deferred financing costs 4.6	6.3
Non-cash lease expense 30.1	-
Contingent consideration adjustments, including accretion 18.7	5.3
Other, net (10.3)	6.5
Changes in assets and liabilities (net of effects of acquisitions):	
Decrease / (increase) in accounts receivable, net 132.4	259.1
Decrease / (increase) in inventories (128.3)	(52.7)
Decrease / (increase) in prepaid expenses and other current assets 40.4	0.1
Increase / (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (199.5)	(229.1)
Increase / (decrease) in income and other taxes payable 60.0	336.6
Increase / (decrease) in other assets and liabilities, including receivable / payable with Parents (79.3)	64.8
Net cash provided by operating activities 1,214.2	1,594.6
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	1,394.0
	(16.4)
1 1 7/1 1 1	(46.4)
Additions to product rights and other intangibles (7.5) Additions to investments (538.2)	(1,455.9)
(****)	
Proceeds from sale of investments and other assets 569.1	4,889.5
Payments to settle Teva related matters -	(466.0)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment 17.2	11.1
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired (80.6)	
Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities (104.8)	2,932.3
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:	
Proceeds from borrowings of long-term indebtedness, including credit facility	709.0
Payments on debt, including finance lease obligations and credit facility (159.4)	(4,322.1)
Payments of contingent consideration and other financing (2.0)	(9.3)
Proceeds from forward sale of Teva securities -	372.3
Payments to settle Teva related matters -	(234.0)
Dividends to Parents (1,045.8)	(1,859.5)
Net cash (used in) financing activities (1,207.2)	(5,343.6)
Effect of currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 5.9	(5.3)
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (91.9)	(822.0)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 878.6	1,816.3
Cash and cash equivalents at edgmining of period \$ 786.7 \$	994.3
Casii and casii equivalents at end of period	994.3

WARNER CHILCOTT LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (Unaudited; in millions, except share data)

Members' Capital

	Shares	Amount	Retained Earnings	Co	occumulated Other mprehensive come / (Loss)	N	oncontrolling Interest	Total
BALANCE, December 31, 2017	100.0	\$ 72,935.1	\$ 6,410.4	\$	1,920.7	\$	16.0	\$ 81,282.2
Implementation of new accounting								
pronouncements		 	 424.7		(63.0)	_		 361.7
BALANCE, January 1, 2018	100.0	\$ 72,935.1	\$ 6,835.1	\$	1,857.7	\$	16.0	\$ 81,643.9
Comprehensive (loss):								
Net (loss) attributable to members	-	-	(231.3)		-		-	(231.3)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	-	-		183.8		-	183.8
Dividends to Parents	-	-	(1,859.5)		-		-	(1,859.5)
Movement in noncontrolling interest	-	-	-		-		2.1	2.1
BALANCE, March 31, 2018	100.0	\$ 72,935.1	\$ 4,744.3	\$	2,041.5	\$	18.1	\$ 79,739.0
BALANCE, December 31, 2018	100.0	\$ 65,797.9	\$ (4,219.7)	\$	1,345.2	\$	16.9	\$ 62,940.3
Implementation of new accounting								
pronouncement		_	(22.0)		-		-	(22.0)
BALANCE, January 1, 2019	100.0	\$ 65,797.9	\$ (4,241.7)	\$	1,345.2	\$	16.9	\$ 62,918.3
Comprehensive (loss):			_					
Net (loss) attributable to members	-	-	(2,405.7)		-		-	(2,405.7)
Other comprehensive (loss), net of tax	-	-	-		(128.8)		-	(128.8)
Dividends to Parents	-	(1,045.8)	-		-		-	(1,045.8)
Movement in noncontrolling interest	-	-	-		-		0.7	0.7
BALANCE, March 31, 2019	100.0	\$ 64,752.1	\$ (6,647.4)	\$	1,216.4	\$	17.6	\$ 59,338.7

ALLERGAN PLC AND WARNER CHILCOTT LIMITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

NOTE 1 — General

Allergan plc is a global pharmaceutical leader focused on developing, manufacturing and commercializing branded pharmaceutical, device, biologic, surgical and regenerative medicine products for patients around the world. Allergan markets a portfolio of leading brands and best-in-class products primarily focused on four key therapeutic areas including medical aesthetics, eye care, central nervous system and gastroenterology. The Company has operations in more than 100 countries. Warner Chilcott Limited is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Allergan plc and has the same principal business activities.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 ("Annual Report"). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted from the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The accompanying year end consolidated balance sheet was derived from the audited financial statements included in the Annual Report. The accompanying interim financial statements are unaudited and reflect all adjustments which are in the opinion of management necessary for a fair statement of the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations, comprehensive (loss) / income and cash flows for the periods presented. Unless otherwise noted, all such adjustments are of a normal, recurring nature. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. The Company's results of operations, comprehensive (loss) / income and cash flows for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations, comprehensive (loss) / income and cash flows that it may achieve in future periods.

References throughout to "we," "our," "us," the "Company" or "Allergan" refer to financial information and transactions of Allergan plc. References to "Warner Chilcott Limited" refer to Warner Chilcott Limited, the Company's indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, and, unless the context otherwise requires, its subsidiaries.

NOTE 2 — Reconciliation of Warner Chilcott Limited results to Allergan plc results

Warner Chilcott Limited is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Allergan plc, the ultimate parent of the group (together with other direct or indirect parents of Warner Chilcott Limited, the "Parents"). The results of Warner Chilcott Limited are consolidated into the results of Allergan plc. Due to the deminimis activity between Warner Chilcott Limited and the Parents (including Allergan plc), content throughout this filing relates to both Allergan plc and Warner Chilcott Limited. Warner Chilcott Limited disclosures relate only to itself and not to any other company. Except where otherwise indicated, and excluding certain insignificant cash and non-cash transactions at the Allergan plc level, these notes relate to the consolidated financial statements for both separate registrants, Allergan plc and Warner Chilcott Limited. In addition to certain inter-company payable and receivable amounts between the entities, the following is a reconciliation of the financial position and results of operations of Warner Chilcott Limited to Allergan plc (\$ in millions):

		As of March 31, 2019						As of December 31, 2018						
	Alle	Warner Chilcott Allergan plc Limited Difference			Warner Chilcott Allergan plc Limited l					Difference				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	788.5	\$	786.7	\$	1.8	\$	880.4	\$	878.6	\$	1.8		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		785.5		780.9		4.6		819.1		818.7		0.4		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		4,634.4		4,634.3		0.1		4,787.2		4,787.4		(0.2)		
Other taxes payable		1,618.2		1,612.0		6.2		1,615.5		1,615.5		-		
Total equity		61,559.6		59,338.7		2,220.9		65,131.0		62,940.3		2,190.7		
				13										

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019							Three Months Ended March 31, 2018						
	Warner Chilcott Allergan plc Limited Difference					Warner Chilcott Allergan plc Limited					Difference			
General and administrative expenses	\$	308.3	\$	306.1	\$	2.2	\$	295.9	\$	294.1	\$	1.8		
Operating (loss)		(2,309.2)		(2,307.0)		(2.2)		(654.0)		(652.2)		(1.8)		
Interest income		21.3		21.3		-		17.3		70.3		(53.0)		
(Loss) before income taxes and														
noncontrolling interest		(2,475.9)		(2,473.7)		(2.2)		(966.1)		(911.3)		(54.8)		
Net (loss)		(2,407.3)		(2,405.0)		(2.3)		(283.9)		(229.1)		(54.8)		
Dividends on preferred shares		-		-		-		46.4		-		46.4		
Net (loss) attributable to														
ordinary shareholders/members		(2,408.0)		(2,405.7)		(2.3)		(332.5)		(231.3)		(101.2)		

The differences between general and administrative expenses in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 were due to corporate related expenses incurred at Allergan plc. The differences in total equity were due to historical differences in the results of operations of the companies and differences in equity awards.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the difference in interest income between Allergan plc and Warner Chilcott Limited was due to \$5.7 billion and \$4.0 billion in Receivables from the Parents and Non-current Receivables from the Parents, respectively. These Receivables were related to intercompany loans between Allergan plc and subsidiaries of Warner Chilcott Limited and caused a difference in interest income between the two entities in the prior year. These Receivables were contributed to the Parents during the year ended December 31, 2018 as an equity contribution and were reclassified from receivables to equity.

NOTE 3 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following are interim updates to certain of the policies described in "Note 4" of the notes to the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 included in the Annual Report.

Implementation of New Guidance

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") established Topic 842, Leases, by issuing Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2016-02, which requires lessees to recognize leases on-balance sheet and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. Topic 842 was subsequently amended by ASU No. 2018-01, Land Easement Practical Expedient for Transition to Topic 842; ASU No. 2018-10, Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases; and ASU No. 2018-11, Targeted Improvements. The new standard establishes a right-of-use model ("ROU") that requires a lessee to recognize a ROU asset and lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with a term longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern and classification of expense recognition in the income statement.

On January 1, 2019, the Company adopted the new standard using the modified retrospective transition approach applied to all leases existing at the effective date of initial application of January 1, 2019. Prior period amounts are not adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with historical accounting practices and the disclosures under the new standard are not required for dates and periods prior to January 1, 2019.

When evaluating whether a contract contains a lease under the new standard, Allergan considers whether (1) the contract explicitly identifies assets that are contractually defined and (2) the Company obtains substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of that underlying asset and directs how and for what purpose the asset is used during the term of the contract. The Company does not have the right to use an identified asset if the supplier has the substantive right to substitute the asset throughout the period without the Company's approval.

The new standard provides a number of optional practical expedients in transition. The Company elected the 'package of practical expedients' which permits us not to reassess our prior conclusions about lease identification, lease classification and initial direct costs under the new standard. The Company did not elect the use-of-hindsight or the practical expedient pertaining to land easements; the latter was not applicable to the Company.

This standard has a significant impact on our consolidated balance sheet but did not have a significant impact on our consolidated statements of operations. The most significant effects relate to the recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities on our balance sheet for our real estate and fleet operating leases.

Upon adoption, the Company recognized lease liabilities and corresponding ROU assets as follows (\$ in millions):

	ROU Asset	Lease Liability			
Real estate	\$ 304.2	\$	370.6		
Fleet	100.4		100.4		
Other	57.5		77.6		
Total operating leases	\$ 462.1	\$	548.6		

The cumulative effective adjustment as of the effective date of \$22.0 million was recorded to opening retained earnings. The Company has an immaterial amount of finance leases.

The new standard also provides practical expedients for an entity's ongoing accounting. The Company elected the lease recognition exemption for all leases with lease terms of 12 months or less. For leases that qualify under this exception, the Company will not recognize ROU assets or lease liabilities and did not recognize ROU assets or lease liabilities for existing short-term leases of those assets in transition. The Company also elected the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components for leases of real estate, fleet, IT and office equipment.

Refer to "NOTE 13 - Leases" for further information related to the Company's leases.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-02, Income Statement-Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. This update allows for the optional reclassification of stranded tax effects resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ("TCJA") from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings. The amount of the reclassification is calculated as the difference between the historical and newly enacted tax rates on deferred taxes originally recorded through accumulated other comprehensive income. The Company adopted the standard as of January 1, 2019; however, due to the immaterial amount of the stranded tax effects, the Company elected not to reclassify the income tax effects from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings. Tax effects unrelated to the TCJA are released from accumulated other comprehensive income using either the specific identification approach or the portfolio approach based on the nature of the underlying item.

The Company adopted ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments on January 1, 2018. The new standard required modified retrospective adoption through 2018 beginning Retained Earnings and Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. This was incorrectly recorded as a loss through Other Comprehensive Income of \$63.0 million during the quarter ended March 31, 2018. This was corrected during 2018 and therefore, has no impact on the annual consolidated financial statements. The Company has determined that the adjustment was not material to any previously reported interim period. The Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive (Loss) for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 has been adjusted to correct for this error.

Revenue Recognition

General

ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("Topic 606") provides that revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods under a contract is transferred to a customer, in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those goods as specified in the underlying terms with the customer. The Company warrants products against defects and for specific quality standards, permitting the return of products under certain circumstances. Product sales are recorded net of all sales-related deductions including, but not limited to: chargebacks, trade discounts, commercial and government rebates, customer loyalty programs, fee-for-service arrangements with certain distributors, returns, and other allowances which we refer to in the aggregate as sales returns and allowances ("SRA").

The Company's performance obligations are primarily achieved when control of the products is transferred to the customer. Transfer of control is based on contractual performance obligations, but typically occurs upon receipt of the goods by the customer as that is when the customer has obtained control of significantly all of the economic benefits.

Refer to "NOTE 8 – Reportable Segments" for our revenues disaggregated by product and segment and our revenues disaggregated by geography for our international segment. We believe this level of disaggregation best depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of our revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors.

The following table summarizes the activity from operations in the Company's major categories of SRA (\$ in millions):

				F	Returns			
					and			
					Other		Cash	
	Cha	rgebacks	Rebates	All	owances	D	iscounts	Total
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	61.8	\$ 1,908.5	\$	566.6	\$	30.7	\$ 2,567.6
Provision related to sales in 2019		267.3	1,396.5		400.5		75.4	2,139.7
Credits and payments		(262.9)	(1,294.5)		(361.7)		(78.6)	(1,997.7)
Balance at March 31, 2019	\$	66.2	\$ 2,010.5	\$	605.4	\$	27.5	\$ 2,709.6
Contra accounts receivable at March 31, 2019	\$	66.2	\$ 69.4	\$	41.0	\$	27.5	\$ 204.1
Accounts payable and accrued expenses at March 31, 2019	\$	-	\$ 1,941.1	\$	564.4	\$	_	\$ 2,505.5

The following table summarizes the balance sheet classification of our SRA reserves (\$ in millions):

	March 3	March 31, 2019		
Contra accounts receivable	\$	204.1	\$	207.7
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		2,505.5		2,359.9
Total	\$	2,709.6	\$	2,567.6

The SRA provisions recorded to reduce gross product sales to net product sales were as follows (\$ in millions):

		Three Months Ended March 31,						
			2018					
Gross product sales	\$	5,659.9	\$	5,616.1				
Provisions to reduce gross product sales to net product sales		(2,139.7)		(2,035.1)				
Net product sales	\$	3,520.2	\$	3,581.0				
Percentage of SRA provisions to gross sales		37.8%		36.2%				

Collectability Assessment

At the time of contract inception or customer account set-up, the Company performs a collectability assessment on the creditworthiness of such customer. The Company assesses the probability that the Company will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the goods sold. In evaluating collectability, the Company considers the customer's ability and intention to pay consideration when it is due. On a recurring basis, the Company estimates the amount of receivables considered uncollectible after sale to the customer to reflect allowances for doubtful accounts. Provision for bad debts, included in general and administrative expenses, were \$3.4 million and \$10.1 million in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

The Company computes EPS in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 260, "Earnings Per Share" ("ASC 260") and related guidance, which requires two calculations of EPS to be disclosed: basic and diluted. Basic EPS is computed by dividing net (loss) by the weighted average ordinary shares outstanding during a period. Diluted EPS is based on the treasury stock method and includes the effect from potential issuance of ordinary shares, such as shares issuable pursuant to the exercise of stock options and restricted stock units. Ordinary share equivalents have been excluded where their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

A reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of basic and diluted EPS follows (\$ in millions, except per share amounts):

	T	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	20	2018					
Net (loss):							
Net (loss) attributable to ordinary shareholders	\$	(2,408.0)	\$	(332.5)			
Basic weighted average ordinary shares outstanding		332.0		334.6			
Basic EPS:							
Net (loss) per share	\$	(7.25)	\$	(0.99)			
Dividends per ordinary share	\$	0.74	\$	0.72			
Diluted weighted average ordinary shares outstanding		332.0		334.6			
Diluted EPS:							
Net (loss) per share	\$	(7.25)	\$	(0.99)			

Stock awards to purchase 2.4 million ordinary shares for both the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, were outstanding, but not included in the computation of diluted EPS, because the awards were anti-dilutive. The impact of the 5.3 million shares repurchased in the three months ended March 31, 2019 on basic EPS was 0.7 million weighted average shares. The impact of the 9.6 million shares repurchased in the three months ended March 31, 2018 on basic EPS was 2.0 million weighted average shares.

The Company's preferred shares were mandatorily converted to ordinary shares on March 1, 2018. The weighted average impact of ordinary share equivalents of 11.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, which would result from the mandatory conversion of the Company's preferred shares at the beginning of the period, were not included in the calculation of diluted EPS as their impact would be anti-dilutive. The weighted average impact of the mandatory conversion of the Company's preferred shares into ordinary shares was 6.2 million in the three months ended March 31, 2018.

Refer to "NOTE 16 - Shareholders' Equity" for further discussion on the Company's share repurchase programs.

Research and Development Activities

Research and development ("R&D") activities are expensed as incurred and consist of self-funded R&D costs, the costs associated with work performed under collaborative R&D agreements, regulatory fees, and acquisition and license related milestone payments, if any.

As of March 31, 2019, we are developing a number of products, some of which utilize novel drug delivery systems, through a combination of internal and collaborative programs including but not limited to the following:

			Expected	
Product	Therapeutic Area	Indication	Launch Year	Phase
Cariprazine	Central Nervous System	Bipolar Depression	2019	Review
Ubrogepant	Central Nervous System	Acute Migraine	2020	Review
Abicipar	Eye Care	Age Related Macular Degeneration	2020	III
Bimatoprost SR	Eye Care	Glaucoma	2020	III
Atogepant	Central Nervous System	Prophylaxis Migraine	2021	III
Presbysol	Eye Care	Presbyopia	2021	III
Cenicriviroc	Gastrointestinal	NASH	2022	III
Relamorelin	Gastrointestinal	Gastroparesis	2023	III
Brimonidine DDS	Eye Care	Geographic Atrophy	2023	II
Abicipar	Eye Care	Diabetic Macular Edema	2024	II
Botox	Medical Aesthetics	Platysma/Masseter	2025/2023	II
Brazikumab	Gastrointestinal	Crohn's Disease	2025	II
Brazikumab	Gastrointestinal	Ulcerative Colitis	2026	II

We also have a number of products in development as part of our life-cycle management strategy for our existing product portfolio.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-15, Intangibles – Goodwill and Other – Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40), relating to a customer's accounting for implementation, set-up, and other upfront costs incurred in a cloud computing arrangement that is hosted by a vendor (i.e., a service contract). Under the new guidance, a customer will apply the same criteria for capitalizing implementation costs as it would for an arrangement that has a software license. The new guidance also prescribes the balance sheet, income statement, and cash flow classification of the capitalized implementation costs and related amortization expense, and requires additional quantitative and qualitative disclosures. The ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. Early application is permitted. The Company can choose to adopt the new guidance (1) prospectively to eligible costs incurred on or after the date this guidance is first applied or (2) retrospectively. The Company is evaluating the impact, if any, that this pronouncement will have on our financial position and results of operations.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-14, Compensation - Retirement Benefits - Defined Benefit Plans - General (Subtopic 715-20) — Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans, which amends ASC 715 to add, remove, and clarify disclosure requirements related to defined benefit pension and other postretirement plans. The revisions to the disclosure requirements affect only the year-end financial statements of plan sponsors, as there are no changes related to interim financial statements. The ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2020. Early application is permitted. The ASU provisions will be applied on a retrospective basis to all periods presented. This pronouncement only has an impact to disclosure requirements and does not have an impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement, which removes, adds and modifies certain disclosure requirements for fair value measurements in Topic 820. The Company will no longer be required to disclose the amount of and reasons for transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, and the valuation processes of Level 3 fair value measurements. However, the Company will be required to additionally disclose the changes in unrealized gains and losses included in other comprehensive income for recurring Level 3 fair value measurements, and the range and weighted average of assumptions used to develop significant unobservable inputs for Level 3 fair value measurements. The ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. The amendments relating to additional disclosure requirements will be applied prospectively for only the most recent interim or annual period presented in the initial year of adoption. All other amendments will be applied retrospectively to all periods presented upon their effective date. The Company is permitted to early adopt either the entire ASU or only the provisions that eliminate or modify the requirements. This pronouncement only has an impact to disclosure requirements and does not have an impact on our financial position or results of operations.

NOTE 4 — Acquisitions and Other Agreements

2019 Transactions

The following are the significant transactions that were completed or announced in the three months ended March 31, 2019.

Envy Medical, Inc.

On March 26, 2019, the Company acquired Envy Medical, Inc. ("Envy"), a privately held medical aesthetics company that specializes in non-surgical, non-invasive skin resurfacing systems for an acquisition accounting purchase price of \$81.4 million, which includes \$67.4 million of product rights and other intangibles, \$34.1 million of goodwill and other assets and liabilities. The transaction was treated as a business combination. The acquisition combines Envy's skin care product portfolio with the Company's leading medical aesthetics business.

NOTE 5 — Assets Held for Sale

The following represents the assets held for sale (\$ in millions):

	M	December 31, 2018			
Assets held for sale:					
Inventories	\$	45.7	\$	34.0	
Property, plant and equipment, net		32.8		32.8	
Product rights and other intangibles		864.4		849.4	
Total assets held for sale	\$	942.9	\$	916.2	

As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, Allergan concluded that its Anti-Infectives business met the criteria for held for sale based on management's intent and ability to divest the business within the next twelve months. Assets held for sale also includes miscellaneous properties.

NOTE 6 - Other Income / (Expense)

Other income / (expense), net consisted of the following (\$ in millions):

		Three Months Ended March 31,						
	20	19	2018					
Teva Share Activity	\$	- \$	(77.7)					
Debt extinguishment other		(0.3)	<u> </u>					
Other income / (expense), net		14.1	(1.1)					
Other income / (expense), net	\$	13.8	(78.8)					

Other Income / (Expense), Net

Other income / (expense), net includes the mark to market gains of \$10.4 million on equity securities held by the Company during the three months ended March 31, 2019.

Teva Share Activity

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company recorded the following movements in its investment in Teva securities ("Teva Share Activity") (\$ in millions except per share information):

Shares	1	/alue					Ma	rketable	Gai a (in / (Loss) as Component of Other	Red in In	cognized Other ncome/	Inst (Lia	trument ability)/		ained nings
05.0	ø	17 60	Ø 1	9 0 <i>5</i>		n a	ø	1 017 7	e	120.2	ø		e	(62.0)	e	
	Э	17.00	3 1	0.95			Э	1,81/./	Þ		Э		Э	(02.9)	Э	120.2
-		-		-		-		-		(129.3)				-		129.3
(27.0)		10.05		C 52 +		412.2		(472.0)				2.5		(2.0		
(25.0)		18.95	1	6.53 *	•	413.3		(4/3.8)		-		2.5		62.9		-
		n.a.		n.a.						-				(353.3)		-
(11.5)		n.a.	1	9.95		229.9		(218.5)		-		11.5		-		-
_		n.a.		n.a.		n.a.		(110.7)		_		(110.7)		_		
59.4	\$	17.09	\$ 1	7.09	\$	1,015.5	\$	1,014.7	\$		\$	(77.7)	\$	(353.3)	\$	129.3
	95.9 - (25.0) ** (11.5)	95.9 \$ (25.0) ** (11.5)	95.9 \$ 17.60 - (25.0) 18.95 ** n.a. (11.5) n.a. - n.a.	Value Pr Main Pr 95.9 \$ 17.60 \$ 1 (25.0) 18.95 1 ** (11.5) -	Shares Value per Share Market Price 95.9 \$ 17.60 \$ 18.95 (25.0) 18.95 16.53 ** n.a. n.a. (11.5) n.a. 19.95 - n.a. n.a.	Value per Share	Shares Value per Share Market Price Proceeds Received 95.9 \$ 17.60 \$ 18.95 n.a. (25.0) 18.95 16.53 * 413.3 ** n.a. n.a. 372.3 (11.5) n.a. 19.95 229.9 - n.a. n.a. n.a.	Name Proceeds Market Proceeds Market Price Received Scale	Shares Value per Share Market Price Proceeds Received Marketable Securities 95.9 \$ 17.60 \$ 18.95 n.a. \$ 1,817.7 (25.0) 18.95 16.53 * 413.3 (473.8) ** n.a. n.a. 372.3 n.a. (11.5) n.a. 19.95 229.9 (218.5) - n.a. n.a. (110.7)	Carrying Value of Value of Marketable Price Received Securities Co	Shares Value per Share Market Price Proceeds Received Marketable Securities Comprehensive Income 95.9 \$ 17.60 \$ 18.95 n.a. \$ 1,817.7 \$ 129.3 - - - - - (129.3) (25.0) 18.95 16.53 * 413.3 (473.8) - ** n.a. n.a. 372.3 n.a. - (11.5) n.a. 19.95 229.9 (218.5) - - n.a. n.a. (110.7) -	Carrying Value of Value of Value of Component of Other Comprehensive Carrying Value Proceeds Received Securities Securities	Carrying Value Proceeds Proceeds Proceeds Received Proceeds Pro	Carrying Value of Value of Proceeds Net Value of Proceeds Net Value of Other Comprehensive Net Value of Other Net Value of Other Comprehensive Carrying Net Value of Other Comprehensive Carrying Cain (Loss) as a Component of Other Comprehensive Carrying Cain (Expense), Value of Other Cain (Expense), Value of Other Carrying Cain (Income Carrying Cain (Expense), Value of Other Carrying Cain (Income C	Carrying Value Market Proceeds Net Proceeds Net Net	Carrying Value Market Proceeds Proceeds National Proceeds Securities Camponent of Other Comprehensive Income Carrying Value Proceeds Price Proceeds Received Securities Securi

^{*} Market price represented average price over the life of the contract. On the date of settlement of January 17, 2018, the closing stock price of Teva securities was \$21.48.

NOTE 7 — Share-Based Compensation

The Company recognizes compensation expense for all share-based compensation awards made to employees and directors based on the fair value of the awards on the date of grant.

The Company grants awards with the following features:

- Time-based restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards (including, in certain foreign jurisdictions, cash-settled restricted stock unit awards, which are recorded as a liability);
- Performance-based restricted stock unit awards measured against performance-based targets defined by the Company, including, but not limited to, total shareholder return metrics and R&D milestones, as defined by the Company; and
- · Non-qualified options to purchase outstanding shares.

The Company recognizes share-based compensation expense for granted awards over the applicable vesting period.

^{**} On February 13, 2018, the Company entered into a forward sale transaction under which we delivered 25.0 million Teva shares to the transaction counterparty and received proceeds of \$372.3 million in exchange for the shares. The forward sale transaction settled during the second quarter of 2018; the final settlement value of the shares was based on the volume weighted average price of the Teva shares plus a premium. As a result of the transaction, and in accordance with ASC Topic 860 - Transfers and Servicing, the marketable securities continued to be reported on the Company's books until the contract settled. The Company recorded the cash proceeds as a secured liability as well as a \$19.0 million marked-to-market value of the bifurcated derivative component of the agreement in prepaid expenses and other current assets as of March 31, 2018.

^{***}The Company sold the remaining Teva securities during the second quarter of 2018.

Fair Value Assumptions

All restricted stock and restricted stock units (whether time-based or performance-based) are granted and expensed using the fair value per share on the applicable grant date, over the applicable vesting period. Non-qualified options to purchase ordinary shares are granted to employees at exercise prices per share equal to the closing market price per share on the date of grant. The fair value of non-qualified options is determined on the applicable grant dates using the Black-Scholes method of valuation and that amount is recognized as an expense over the vesting period. Using the Black-Scholes valuation model, the fair value of options is based on the following assumptions:

	2019	2018
	Grants	Grants
Dividend yield	2.2%	1.5%
Expected volatility	23.5%	27.0%
Risk-free interest rate	2.6%	2.2 - 2.9%
Expected term (years)	7.0	7.0

Share-Based Compensation Expense

Share-based compensation expense recognized in the Company's results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was as follows (\$ in millions):

	 I nree Months Ended March 31,					
	2019					
Equity-based compensation awards	\$ 52.3	\$	72.5			
Total share-based compensation expense	\$ 52.3	\$	72.5			

Unrecognized future share-based compensation expense was \$516.0 million as of March 31, 2019. This amount will be recognized as an expense over a remaining weighted average period of 1.8 years. Share-based compensation is being amortized and charged to operations over the same period as the restrictions are eliminated for the participants, which is generally on a straight-line basis.

Share Activity

The following is a summary of equity award activity for unvested restricted stock and stock units in the period from December 31, 2018 through March 31, 2019 (in millions, except per share data):

	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Grant Date Fair Value
Restricted shares / units outstanding at December 31, 2018	2.5	\$ 190.27	1.6	\$ 472.9
Granted	1.4	139.66		197.8
Vested	(0.6)	210.69		(123.9)
Forfeited	-	208.11		(8.4)
Restricted shares / units outstanding at March 31, 2019	3.3	\$ 162.75	2.0	\$ 538.4

The following is a summary of equity award activity for non-qualified options to purchase ordinary shares in the period from December 31, 2018 through March 31, 2019 (in millions, except per share data):

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value		
Outstanding, vested and expected to vest at December 31, 2018	6.3	\$ 122.74	4.4	\$	69.0	
Granted	0.3	140.16				
Exercised	(0.2)	64.49				
Cancelled	-	223.68				
Outstanding, vested and expected to vest at March 31, 2019	6.4	\$ 124.43	4.5	\$	140.4	

NOTE 8 — Reportable Segments

The Company's businesses are organized into the following segments: US Specialized Therapeutics, US General Medicine and International. In addition, certain revenues and shared costs, and the results of corporate initiatives, are managed outside of the three segments.

The operating segments are organized as follows:

- The US Specialized Therapeutics segment includes sales and expenses relating to branded products within the U.S., including Medical Aesthetics, Medical Dermatology through September 20, 2018, Eye Care and Neuroscience and Urology therapeutic products.
- The US General Medicine segment includes sales and expenses relating to branded products within the U.S. that do not fall into the US Specialized Therapeutics business units, including Central Nervous System, Gastrointestinal, Women's Health, Anti-Infectives and Diversified Brands.
- The International segment includes sales and expenses relating to products sold outside the U.S.

The Company evaluates segment performance based on segment contribution. Segment contribution for our segments represents net revenues less cost of sales (defined below), selling and marketing expenses, and select general and administrative expenses. The Company does not evaluate the following items at the segment level:

- Revenues and operating expenses within cost of sales, selling and marketing expenses, and general and administrative expenses that result from
 the impact of corporate initiatives. Corporate initiatives primarily include integration, restructuring, divestitures, acquisitions, certain milestones
 and other shared costs.
- · General and administrative expenses that result from shared infrastructure, including certain expenses located within the United States.
- Other select revenues and operating expenses including R&D expenses, amortization, IPR&D impairments, goodwill impairments and asset sales and impairments, net as not all such information has been accounted for at the segment level, or such information has not been used by all segments.
- Total assets including capital expenditures.

The Company defines segment net revenues as product sales and other revenue derived from our products or licensing agreements.

Cost of sales within segment contribution includes standard production and packaging costs for the products we manufacture, third party acquisition costs for products manufactured by others, profit-sharing or royalty payments for products sold pursuant to licensing agreements and finished goods inventory reserve charges. Cost of sales within segment contribution excludes non-standard production costs, such as non-finished goods inventory obsolescence charges, manufacturing variances and excess capacity utilization charges, where applicable. Cost of sales does not include amortization or impairment costs for acquired product rights or other acquired intangibles.

Selling and marketing expenses consist mainly of personnel-related costs, product promotion costs, distribution costs, professional service costs, insurance, depreciation and travel costs.

General and administrative expenses consist mainly of personnel-related costs, facilities costs, transaction costs, insurance, depreciation, litigation costs and professional services costs which are general in nature and attributable to the segment.

Segment net revenues, segment operating expenses and segment contribution information consisted of the following for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019								
		US Specialized Therapeutics			Inte	rnational		Total	
Net revenues	\$	\$ 1,542.9		1,249.9	\$	801.5	\$	3,594.3	
Operating expenses:									
Cost of sales(1)		120.1		190.5		109.7		420.3	
Selling and marketing		356.8		210.5		237.6		804.9	
General and administrative		54.6		43.8		25.7		124.1	
Segment contribution	\$	1,011.4	\$	805.1	\$	428.5	\$	2,245.0	
Contribution margin		65.6%		64.4 %		53.5 %		62.5 %	
Corporate(2)								258.0	
Research and development								435.0	
Amortization								1,399.4	
Goodwill impairments								2,467.0	
Asset sales and impairments, net								(5.2)	
Operating (loss)							\$	(2,309.2)	
Operating margin								(64.2)%	

⁽¹⁾ Excludes amortization and impairment of acquired intangibles including product rights, as well as indirect cost of sales not attributable to segment results.

⁽²⁾ Corporate includes net revenues of \$2.8 million.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2018									
	US Specialized Therapeutics			S General						
				Medicine	Inte	ernational		Total		
Net revenues	\$	1,578.6	\$	1,223.7	\$	864.0	\$	3,666.3		
			-			_				
Operating expenses:										
Cost of sales(1)		134.2		182.6		120.9		437.7		
Selling and marketing		313.2		225.5		245.7		784.4		
General and administrative		50.2		38.9		31.4		120.5		
Segment contribution	\$	1,081.0	\$	776.7	\$	466.0	\$	2,323.7		
Contribution margin		68.5 %		63.5 %		53.9%		63.4%		
Corporate(2)								270.3		
Research and development								474.7		
Amortization								1,697.6		
In-process research and development impairments								522.0		
Asset sales and impairments, net								13.1		
Operating (loss)							\$	(654.0)		
Operating margin								(17.8)%		

⁽¹⁾ Excludes amortization and impairment of acquired intangibles including product rights, as well as indirect cost of sales not attributable to segment results

The following table presents our net revenue disaggregated by geography for our international segment for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in millions):

	 Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2019		2018		
Europe	\$ 354.4	\$	398.4		
Asia Pacific, Middle East and Africa	250.7		240.8		
Latin America and Canada	178.2		212.1		
Other*	18.2		12.7		
Total International	\$ 801.5	\$	864.0		

^{*} Includes royalty and other revenue

⁽²⁾ Corporate includes net revenues of \$5.8 million.

The following tables present global net revenues for the top products greater than 10% of total revenues of the Company as well as a reconciliation of segment revenues to total net revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019								
	US S	pecialized	US General						
		rapeutics	Medicine	Inte	ernational		Total		
Botox®	\$	627.1	\$ -	\$	241.3	\$	868.4		
Juvederm® Collection		129.7	-		157.8		287.5		
Restasis®		231.7	-		10.4		242.1		
Linzess®/Constella®		-	161.3		5.5		166.8		
Vraylar®		-	143.7		-		143.7		
Lumigan®/Ganfort®		57.7	-		85.1		142.8		
Bystolic® / Byvalson®		-	128.3		0.4		128.7		
Lo Loestrin®		-	125.8		-		125.8		
Alphagan®/Combigan®		83.0	-		37.6		120.6		
Eye Drops		49.4	-		55.4		104.8		
Alloderm ®		95.0	-		1.6		96.6		
Ozurdex ®		30.3	-		63.1		93.4		
Viibryd®/Fetzima®		-	85.0		2.1		87.1		
Breast Implants		61.2	-		11.2		72.4		
Coolsculpting ® Consumables		47.8	-		17.8		65.6		
Zenpep®		-	63.0		-		63.0		
Carafate ® / Sulcrate ®		-	54.3		0.6		54.9		
Armour Thyroid		-	50.0		-		50.0		
Viberzi®		-	37.2		0.3		37.5		
Skin Care		34.7	-		2.7		37.4		
Asacol®/Delzicol®		-	24.7		10.3		35.0		
Teflaro®		-	33.5		0.2		33.7		
Saphris®		-	31.9		-		31.9		
Avycaz®		-	29.7		-		29.7		
Coolsculpting ® Systems & Add On Applicators		15.1	-		10.6		25.7		
Namzaric [®]		-	23.4		-		23.4		
Savella®		-	20.7		-		20.7		
Liletta®		-	14.8		-		14.8		
Canasa®/Salofalk®		-	10.2		3.6		13.8		
Rapaflo®		11.8	-		0.6		12.4		
Dalvance®		-	12.0		-		12.0		
Namenda®		-	9.5		-		9.5		
Kybella® / Belkyra®		7.3	-		1.6		8.9		
Aczone®		1.6	-		-		1.6		
Other		59.5	190.9		81.7		332.1		
Total segment revenues	\$	1,542.9	\$ 1,249.9	\$	801.5	\$	3,594.3		
Corporate revenues			·				2.8		
Total net revenues						\$	3,597.1		
- v						<u> </u>	0,0 > 1.11		

			ieu March 31, 2018	
	US Specialized	US General		
	Therapeutics	Medicine	International	Total
Botox®	\$ 572.5	\$ -	\$ 244.8	\$ 817.3
Restasis®	255.8	-	18.3	274.1
Juvederm® Collection	122.8	-	146.1	268.9
Lumigan®/Ganfort®	66.8	-	100.4	167.2
Linzess®/Constella®	-	159.3	5.6	164.9
Bystolic® / Byvalson®	-	132.8	0.5	133.3
Alphagan®/Combigan®	84.2	-	44.2	128.4
Eye Drops	46.2	-	68.8	115.0
Lo Loestrin®	-	114.6	-	114.6
Breast Implants	60.7	-	44.1	104.8
Alloderm ®	99.5	-	2.2	101.7
Ozurdex ®	25.5	-	64.4	89.9
Vraylar®	-	84.4	-	84.4
Viibryd®/Fetzima®	-	71.7	1.5	73.2
Coolsculpting ® Consumables	53.4	-	8.1	61.5
Carafate ® / Sulcrate ®	-	56.0	0.7	56.7
Zenpep®	-	52.9	-	52.9
Asacol®/Delzicol®	-	38.2	11.7	49.9
Armour Thyroid	-	48.2	-	48.2
Canasa®/Salofalk®	-	38.6	4.2	42.8
Namenda®	-	40.6	-	40.6
Viberzi®	-	35.9	0.1	36.0
Skin Care	31.9	-	3.8	35.7
Coolsculpting ® Systems & Add On Applicators	33.7	-	1.1	34.8
Namzaric®	-	33.4	-	33.4
Saphris®	-	32.7	-	32.7
Teflaro®	-	32.2	-	32.2
Rapaflo®	22.8	-	1.2	24.0
Avycaz®	-	21.8	-	21.8
Savella®	-	19.9	-	19.9
Aczone®	16.0	-	0.1	16.1
Dalvance®	-	11.9	-	11.9
Kybella® / Belkyra®	8.2	-	1.4	9.6
Liletta®	-	8.1	-	8.1
Other	78.6	190.5	90.7	359.8
Total segment revenues	\$ 1,578.6	\$ 1,223.7	\$ 864.0	\$ 3,666.3
Corporate revenues	<u> </u>			5.8
Total net revenues				\$ 3,672.1
				. 2,0,211

NOTE 9 — Inventories

Inventories consist of finished goods held for sale and distribution, raw materials and work-in-process. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or net realizable value. The Company writes down inventories to net realizable value based on forecasted demand, market conditions or other factors, which may differ from actual results.

Inventories consisted of the following (\$ in millions):

	M	larch 31, 2019	December 31, 2018			
Raw materials	\$	332.9	\$	303.2		
Work-in-process		211.8		145.7		
Finished goods		523.0		520.2		
		1,067.7		969.1		
Less: inventory reserves		124.5		122.2		
Total Inventories	\$	943.2	\$	846.9		

NOTE 10 — Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following (\$ in millions):

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Accrued expenses:		
Accrued third-party rebates	\$ 1,941.1	\$ 1,832.1
Accrued returns and other allowances	564.4	527.8
Accrued payroll and related benefits	431.1	694.3
Accrued R&D expenditures	221.7	215.5
Accrued pharmaceutical fees	160.8	145.3
Royalties payable	156.9	155.1
Interest payable	141.2	191.4
Litigation-related reserves and legal fees	137.1	92.0
Accrued non-provision taxes	71.3	68.5
Accrued selling and marketing expenditures	66.6	61.1
Accrued severance, retention and other shutdown costs	36.7	71.6
Current portion of contingent consideration obligations	9.4	8.3
Dividends payable	1.4	1.4
Contractual commitments	-	4.3
Other accrued expenses	338.0	368.7
Total accrued expenses	\$ 4,277.7	\$ 4,437.4
Accounts payable	 356.7	349.8
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 4,634.4	\$ 4,787.2

$NOTE\ 11 -- Goodwill, Product\ Rights\ and\ Other\ Intangible\ Assets$

Goodwill

Goodwill for the Company's reporting segments consisted of the following (\$ in millions):

	US Specialized Therapeutics		US General Medicine		International			Total
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$	20,675.6	\$	17,936.6	\$	7,301.1	\$	45,913.3
Acquisitions		34.1		-		-		34.1
Impairments		-		(2,467.0)		-		(2,467.0)
Foreign exchange and other adjustments		=		<u>-</u>		(143.8)		(143.8)
Balance as of March 31, 2019	\$	20,709.7	\$	15,469.6	\$	7,157.3	\$	43,336.6
					-			

As of December 31, 2018, the net asset value of the General Medicine Reporting Unit equaled fair value. On March 6, 2019, Allergan announced negative topline results from three pivotal studies of rapastinel as an adjunctive treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD). These results represented a triggering event for the Company's General Medicine Reporting Unit.

In the three months ended March 31, 2019, primarily as a result of the impairment indicator noted above and a delay in clinical studies and anticipated launch of brazikumab, the Company recorded a \$2,467.0 million goodwill impairment charge to its General Medicine Reporting Unit.

No impairment indicators were noted for the Company's other Reporting Units as of March 31, 2019. The fair value of the Company's General Medicine Reporting Unit and other reporting units includes anticipated product launches in the next three years. Negative events regarding these pipeline assets including, but not limited to, Abicipar, Atogepant, Bimatoprost SR, Cariprazine, and Ubrogepant, as well as other next generation aesthetic products could lead to further goodwill impairment charges. Allergan's General Medicine Reporting Unit's asset value equals fair value as of March 31, 2019, while its US Eye Care Reporting Unit has headroom of less than 10%.

As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the gross balance of goodwill, prior to the consideration of impairments, was \$48,662.0 million and \$48,771.7 million, respectively.

Product Rights and Other Intangible Assets

Product rights and other intangible assets consisted of the following (\$ in millions):

Cost Basis		alance as of ecember 31, 2018		Additions		IPR&D to CMP Transfers		Foreign Currency ranslation / Other		lance as of rch 31, 2019
Intangibles with definite lives:		2010		ruditions		Transiers		Other	17141	en 31, 2017
Product rights and other intangibles	\$	70,235.1	S	74.9	\$	75.6	\$	(160.0)	\$	70,225.6
Trade name	Ψ	690.0	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	(100.0)	Ψ	690.0
Total definite lived intangible assets	\$	70,925.1	\$	74.9	\$	75.6	\$	(160.0)	\$	70,915.6
Intangibles with indefinite lives:			'							
IPR&D	\$	5,048.1	\$	-	\$	(75.6)	\$	-	\$	4,972.5
Total indefinite lived intangible assets	\$	5,048.1	\$	-	\$	(75.6)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	4,972.5
Total product rights and other intangibles	\$	75,973.2	\$	74.9	\$	_	\$	(160.0)	\$	75,888.1
Accumulated Amortization	Dece	ance as of ember 31, 2018	Amo	ortization		PR&D to CMP Transfers	Т	Foreign Currency ranslation / Other		alance as of rch 31, 2019
Accumulated Amortization Intangibles with definite lives:	Dece	ember 31,	Amo	ortization		CMP	т	Currency ranslation /		nlance as of rch 31, 2019
	Dece	ember 31,	Am •			CMP	т 	Currency ranslation /		
Intangibles with definite lives:	Dece	ember 31, 2018			1	CMP Transfers		Currency ranslation / Other	Ma	rch 31, 2019
Intangibles with definite lives: Product rights and other intangibles	Dece	ember 31, 2018 (31,985.0)		(1,379.4) (20.0)	1	CMP Transfers		Currency ranslation / Other	Ma	(33,310.7)
Intangibles with definite lives: Product rights and other intangibles Trade name Total definite lived intangible	Dece \$	(31,985.0) (292.8)	\$	(1,379.4) (20.0) (1,399.4)	T	CMP Transfers		Currency ranslation / Other	\$	(33,310.7) (312.8)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2018

In the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company impaired its retinoic acid receptor-related orphan receptor gamma ("RORyt") IPR&D project obtained as part of the acquisition of Vitae Pharmaceuticals, Inc. by \$522.0 million as a result of negative clinical data related to the oral psoriasis indication received in March 2018.

Assuming no additions, disposals or adjustments are made to the carrying values and/or useful lives of the intangible assets, annual amortization expense on product rights and other related intangibles as of March 31, 2019 over the remainder of 2019 and each of the next five years is estimated to be as follows (\$ in millions):

	Amortization
	 Expense
2019 remaining	\$ 4,188.7
2020	\$ 5,344.1
2021	\$ 4,416.5
2022	\$ 4,069.2
2023	\$ 3,659.9
2024	\$ 2,828.8

The above amortization expense is an estimate. Actual amounts may change from such estimated amounts due to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, additional intangible asset acquisitions, finalization of preliminary fair value estimates, potential impairments, accelerated amortization or other events. Additional amortization may occur as products are approved. In addition, the Company has certain currently marketed products for which operating contribution performance has been below that which was originally assumed in the products' initial valuations, and certain IPR&D projects which are subject to delays in timing or other events which may negatively impact the asset's value. The Company, on a quarterly basis, monitors the related intangible assets for these products for potential impairments. It is reasonably possible that impairments may occur in future periods, which may have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations and financial position.

NOTE 12 - Long-Term Debt

Debt consisted of the following (\$ in millions):

				Balan	Balance As of		t Value As of
	Guarantor	Issuance Date / Acquisition Date	Interest Payments	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Senior Notes:							
Floating Rate Notes							
\$500.0 million floating rate notes due March 12, 2020 (1)	(4)	March 4, 2015	Quarterly	500.0	500.0	503.8	501.9
				500.0	500.0	503.8	501.9
Fixed Rate Notes							
\$3,500.0 million 3.000% notes due March 12,2020	(4)	March 4, 2015	Semi-annually	2,623.8	2,706.7	2,622.0	2,694.8
\$650.0 million 3.375% notes due September 15, 2020	(5)	March 17, 2015	Semi-annually	650.0	650.0	653.1	648.7
\$750.0 million 4.875% notes due February 15, 2021	(6)	July 1, 2014	Semi-annually	450.0	450.0	461.3	459.4
\$1,200.0 million 5.000% notes due December 15, 2021	(6)	July 1, 2014	Semi-annually	1,200.0	1,200.0	1,247.9	1,234.8
\$3,000.0 million 3.450% notes due March 15, 2022	(4)	March 4, 2015	Semi-annually	2,878.2	2,940.5	2,896.9	2,891.0
\$1,700.0 million 3.250% notes due October 1, 2022	(5)	October 2, 2012	Semi-annually	1,700.0	1,700.0	1,699.8	1,652.2
\$350.0 million 2.800% notes due March 15, 2023	(5)	March 17, 2015	Semi-annually	350.0	350.0	349.0	332.8
\$1,200.0 million 3.850% notes due June 15,2024	(4)	June 10, 2014	Semi-annually	1,036.7	1,036.7	1,048.6	1,021.0
\$4,000.0 million 3.800% notes due March 15, 2025	(4)	March 4, 2015	Semi-annually	3,020.7	3,027.5	3,050.6	2,956.0
\$2,500.0 million 4.550% notes due March 15, 2035	(4)	March 4, 2015	Semi-annually	1,789.0	1,789.0	1,748.0	1,690.7
\$1,000.0 million 4.625% notes due October 1, 2042	(5)	October 2, 2012	Semi-annually	456.7	456.7	432.2	412.4
\$1,500.0 million 4.850% notes due June 15,2044	(4)	June 10, 2014	Semi-annually	1,079.4	1,079.4	1,070.6	1,019.1
\$2,500.0 million 4.750% notes due March 15, 2045	(4)	March 4, 2015	Semi-annually	881.0	881.0	867.2	836.6
				18,115.5	18,267.5	18,147.2	17,849.5
Euro Denominated Notes							
€700.0 million floating rate notes due June 1, 2019 (2)	(4)	May 26, 2017	Quarterly	785.3	802.7	785.5	794.9
€700.0 million floating rate notes due November 15, 2020 (3)	(4)	November 15, 2018	Quarterly	785.3	802.7	782.6	791.3
€750.0 million 0.500% notes due June 1, 2021	(4)	May 26, 2017	Annually	841.4	860.0	844.7	849.7
€500.0 million 1.500% notes due November 15, 2023	(4)	November 15, 2018	Annually	560.9	573.4	575.2	572.4
€700.0 million 1.250% notes due June 1,2024	(4)	May 26, 2017	Annually	785.3	802.7	789.2	775.5
€500.0 million 2.625% notes due November 15, 2028	(4)	November 15, 2018	Annually	560.9	573.4	593.6	573.4
€550.0 million 2.125% notes due June 1, 2029	(4)	May 26, 2017	Annually	617.0	630.7	618.8	594.7
				4,936.1	5,045.6	4,989.6	4,951.9
Total Senior Notes Gross				23,551.6	23,813.1	23,640.6	23,303.3
Unamortized premium				58.1	64.3		
Unamortized discount				(61.8)	(64.5)	_	-
Total Senior Notes Net				\$ 23,547.9	\$ 23,812.9	\$ 23,640.6	\$ 23,303.3
Other Indebtedness				<u> </u>	4 -0,01-2	,	
Debt Issuance Costs				(86.7)	(92.1)		
Other				64.7	69.3		
Total Other Borrowings				(22.0)	(22.8)		
Capital Leases					7.6		
Total Indebtedness				\$ 23,525.9	\$ 23,797.7		
Total Indebtedness				3 23,325.9	\$ 23,191.1		

 $^{(1) \}quad \text{Interest on the 2020 floating rate note is three month USD LIBOR plus 1.255\% per annum} \\$

Fair market value in the table above is determined in accordance with Fair Value Leveling (defined below) under Level 2 based upon quoted prices for similar items in active markets.

Companies are required to use a fair value hierarchy as defined in ASC Topic 820 "Fair Value Measurement," ("ASC 820") which maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value ("Fair Value Leveling"). There are three levels of inputs used to measure fair value with Level 1 having the highest priority and Level 3 having the lowest:

Level 1 — Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 — Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

⁽²⁾ Interest on the 2019 floating rate notes is the three month EURIBOR plus 0.350% per annum

⁽³⁾ Interest on the 2020 floating rate notes is the three month EURIBOR plus 0.350% per annum

⁽⁴⁾ Guaranteed by Warner Chilcott Limited, Allergan Capital S.à r.l. and Allergan Finance, LLC

⁽⁵⁾ Guaranteed by Allergan plc and Warner Chilcott Limited

⁽⁶⁾ Guaranteed by Allergan plc

Level 3 — Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity. The Level 3 assets are those whose values are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques with significant unobservable inputs, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant judgment or estimation.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants.

The following represents the significant activity during the three months ended March 31, 2019 to the Company's total indebtedness:

• The Company repurchased and retired \$152.0 million of senior notes at face value for a total of \$152.0 million from open market redemptions. As a result of the debt extinguishment, the Company recognized a de minimis net loss of \$0.3 million within "other income / (expense), net" for the non-cash write-off of premiums and debt fees related to the repaid notes of \$0.3 million.

During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company redeemed and retired the following senior notes (\$ in millions):

	 Three Months End		
Tranche	ace Value Retired	Cash Paid for Retirement	Remaining Value at March 31, 2019
3.000% due 2020	\$ 82.9	\$ 82.9	\$ 2,623.8
3.450% due 2022	62.3	62.3	2,878.2
3.800% due 2025	 6.8	6.8	 3,020.7
Total	\$ 152.0	\$ 152.0	\$ 8,522.7

Annual Debt Maturities

As of March 31, 2019, annual debt maturities of senior notes gross were as follows (\$ in millions):

	 Total Payments
2019 remaining	\$ 785.3
2020	4,559.1
2021	2,491.4
2022	4,578.2
2023	910.9
2024	1,822.0
2025 and after	 8,404.7
Total senior notes gross	\$ 23,551.6

Amounts represent total anticipated cash payments assuming scheduled repayments.

NOTE 13 — Leases

Leases are accounted for under ASC Topic 842. The Company has entered into various lease contracts, mainly operating leases for the use of real estate, fleet, and operating equipment. The Company leases certain assets to limit exposure to the risks of ownership as well as to reduce administrative burdens inherent in the ownership of assets.

Term

As of March 31, 2019, the remaining terms for leases other than real estate leases are between 1 and 9 years as of March 31, 2019. For real estate leases, the remaining lease terms are between 1 and 14 years as of March 31, 2019.

The Company has an option for certain lease contracts, mainly for real estate lease contracts, to renew the lease term beyond the noncancelable lease period. The payments associated with the renewal will only be included in the measurement of the lease liability and ROU asset if the exercise of the renewal option is determined to be reasonably certain. The Company considers the timing of the renewal period and other economic factors such as the financial consequences of a decision to extend or not to extend a lease in determining if the renewal option is reasonably certain to be exercised.

Discount Rate

The Company is primarily a lessee, not a lessor. The Company discounts future lease payments to calculate the present value when determining the lease classification and measuring the lease liability. The rate utilized is either the implicit rate or the incremental borrowing rate. The incremental borrowing rate is not a commonly quoted rate and is derived through a combination of inputs including the Company's credit rating and the impact of full collateralization. The incremental borrowing rate is based on the Company's collateralized borrowing capabilities over a similar term of the lease payments. The Company utilizes the consolidated group incremental borrowing rate for all leases as the Company has centralized treasury operations.

Other

The Company does not have any material residual value guarantee terms in its lease contracts. The Company does not have material variable leases.

The Company has chosen to separate lease and non-lease components for its plant operations and research and development equipment. The Company allocates the contract consideration to the lease component using the standalone price from our supplier.

As of March 31, 2019, the Company had the following operating ROU assets and lease liabilities (\$ in millions):

	 March 31, 2019		
	 ROU Asset		Lease Liability
Real estate	\$ 295.8	\$	361.0
Fleet	102.7		102.7
Other	 56.9		67.6
Total operating leases	\$ 455.4	\$	531.3

	March 31, 2	2019
Current lease liability - operating	\$	116.1
Long-term lease liability - operating		415.2
Total lease liability - operating	\$	531.3

Capital leases are not material as of March 31, 2019.

For the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company noted the following lease expense (\$ in millions):

	Three Month	s Ended March 31,
		2019
Operating lease expense*	\$	32.3
Sublease (income)		(3.4)
Net operating lease expense	\$	28.9

^{*} Includes short-term and variable lease expenses of \$0.9 million.

As of March 31, 2019, the Company had the following lease commitments (\$ in millions):

	Tota	al Payments
2019 remaining	\$	93.1
2020		111.6
2021		86.6
2022		57.0
2023		43.9
2024		37.5
2025 and after		148.1
Total undiscounted cash flows	\$	577.8
Future interest		(46.5)
Total lease liability - operating	\$	531.3

As of March 31, 2019, the weighted average remaining lease term for operating leases was 7.2 years with a weighted average discount rate of 2.7%.

The ROU assets obtained in exchange for operating lease obligations were \$23.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019. The cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities as of March 31, 2019 was \$40.8 million.

As of December 31, 2018, the Company had operating leases for certain facilities, vehicles and equipment. Total property rental expense for operating leases for the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$63.2 million. Total fleet rental expense for operating leases for the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$41.1 million. The Company also had de minimis capital leases for certain facilities and equipment. As of December 31, 2018, the future anticipated property lease rental payments under both capital and operating leases that had remaining terms in excess of one year were (\$ in millions):

	Te	otal Payments
2019	\$	62.5
2020		52.5
2021		47.9
2022		43.3
2023		39.0
Thereafter		173.8
Total minimum lease payments	\$	419.0

NOTE 14 — Other Long-Term Liabilities

Other long-term liabilities consisted of the following (\$ in millions):

	March 31, 2019		ember 31, 2018
Acquisition related contingent consideration liabilities	\$	351.8	\$ 336.3
Long-term pension and post retirement liability		170.3	166.5
Legacy Allergan deferred executive compensation		94.5	90.8
Accrued R&D milestone		75.0	75.0
Deferred revenue		33.5	36.1
Product warranties		28.8	27.9
Long-term severance and restructuring liabilities		10.9	14.2
Long-term contractual obligations		-	43.2
Other long-term liabilities		39.6	92.0
Total other long-term liabilities	\$	804.4	\$ 882.0

NOTE 15 — Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2019 was 2.8%, compared to 70.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2018. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2019 was favorably impacted by a tax benefit of \$91.5 million related to excess tax over book basis in a U.S. subsidiary that will reverse in the foreseeable future. The effective tax rate was unfavorably impacted by a goodwill impairment charge of \$2,467.0 million, for which no tax benefit was recorded.

The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was favorably impacted by income earned in jurisdictions with tax rates lower than the Irish statutory rate and U.S. losses tax benefited at rates greater than the Irish statutory rate. This was offset by the additional U.S. tax on the earnings of certain non-U.S. subsidiaries which are considered Global Intangible Low Taxed Income ("GILTI") and the tax impact of amortization of intangible assets at rates less than the Irish statutory rate. Additionally, the tax benefit for the three months ended March 31, 2018 included tax benefits of \$421.9 million related to the restructuring of an acquired business, \$117.5 million related to the impairment of an IPR&D project obtained as part of the acquisition of Vitae Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and \$89.7 million related to excess tax over book basis in a U.S. subsidiary that will reverse in the foreseeable future.

Tax Audits

The Company conducts business globally and, as a result, files U.S. federal, state and foreign tax returns. The Company strives to resolve open matters with each tax authority at the examination level and could reach agreement with a tax authority at any time. While the Company has accrued for amounts it believes are in accordance with the accounting standard, the final outcome with a tax authority may result in a tax liability that is different than that reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Furthermore, the Company may decide to challenge any assessments, if made, and may exercise its right to appeal. The uncertain tax positions are reviewed quarterly and adjusted as events occur that affect potential liabilities for additional taxes, such as lapsing of applicable statutes of limitations, proposed assessments by tax authorities, negotiations with tax authorities, identification of new issues and issuance of new legislation, regulations or case law.

The Company has several concurrent audits open and pending with the IRS as set forth below:

IRS Audits	Taxable Years
Allergan W.C. Holding Inc. f/k/a Actavis W.C. Holding Inc.	2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016
Warner Chilcott Corporation	2010, 2011, 2012 and 2013
Forest Laboratories, Inc.	2010, 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014
Allergan, Inc.	2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 3/17/2015

NOTE 16 — Shareholders' Equity

Share Repurchase Programs

On January 29, 2019, the Company announced that its Board of Directors approved a \$2.0 billion share repurchase program, all of which remained outstanding as of March 31, 2019.

The Company's Board of Directors previously approved a \$2.0 billion share repurchase program in July 2018. As of March 31, 2019, the Company had completed the program and repurchased 12.5 million shares for \$2.0 billion under the program, including \$0.8 billion or 5.3 million shares in the three months ended March 31, 2019.

Preferred Shares

In the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company paid \$69.6 million of dividends on preferred shares. Each preferred share automatically converted to approximately 3.53 ordinary shares on March 1, 2018, for a total of 17,876,930 ordinary shares.

NOTE 17 — Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company's revenue, earnings, cash flows and fair value of its assets and liabilities can be impacted by fluctuations in foreign exchange and interest rates, as applicable. The Company manages the impact of foreign exchange risk and interest rate movements through operational means and through the use of various financial instruments, including derivative instruments such as foreign currency derivatives.

Internationally, the Company is a net recipient of currencies other than the U.S. dollar and, as such, benefits from a weaker dollar and is adversely affected by a stronger dollar relative to major currencies worldwide. Accordingly, changes in exchange rates, and in particular a strengthening of the U.S. dollar may negatively affect the Company's consolidated revenues and favorably impact operating expenses in U.S. dollars.

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments

In November 2018, the Company entered into a 700.0 million Euro forward contract to buy Euros while selling USD. The derivative has a maturity of May 31, 2019. The derivative instrument is marked-to-market to the P&L, offsetting the revaluation (P&L) impact on the Euro 700.0 million variable interest debt. As of March 31, 2019, the fair value of the Euro forward contract of \$16.6 million was recorded in accounts payable and accrued expenses. As of December 31, 2018, the fair value of the Euro forward contract of \$5.9 million was recorded in prepaid expenses and other current assets. For the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company recorded a loss of \$22.5 million relating to this instrument in general and administrative expenses. As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company had additional outstanding third-party foreign currency forward instruments of \$43.4 million and \$42.1 million, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2019, these additional outstanding third-party foreign currency forward instruments did not have material mark-to-market adjustments.

Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments

Cash Flow Hedge

In January 2019, Allergan entered into \$500.0 million notional floating to fixed interest rate swaps maturing on March 12, 2020 whereby it fixed the interest rates on \$500.0 million floating rate notes due March 12, 2020 to an average interest rate of 3.98%. The swaps are being accounted for using hedge accounting treatment. As of March 31, 2019, the fair value of the interest rate swaps of \$1.0 million was recorded in accounts payable and accrued expenses. For the three months ended March 31, 2019, the corresponding unrealized loss of \$1.0 million was recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income / (loss).

Net Investment Hedge

In the normal course of business, we manage certain foreign exchange risks through a variety of strategies, including hedging. Our hedging strategies include the use of derivatives, as well as net investment hedges. For net investment hedges, the effective portion of the gains and losses on the instruments arising from the effects of foreign exchange are recorded in the currency translation adjustment component of accumulated other comprehensive income / (loss), consistent with the underlying hedged item. Hedging transactions are limited to an underlying exposure. As a result, any change in the value of our hedging instruments would be substantially offset by an opposite change in the value of the underlying hedged items. The Company does not use derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk in its international operations from foreign currency purchases, net investments in foreign subsidiaries, and foreign currency assets and liabilities created in the normal course of business, including the Euro Denominated Notes. In the three months ended March 31, 2019, we used effective net investment hedges to partially offset the effects of foreign currency on our investments in certain of our foreign subsidiaries. The total notional amount of our instruments designated as net investment hedges was \$5.0 billion as of March 31, 2019 and \$5.1 billion as of December 31, 2018. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the impact of the net investment hedges recorded in other comprehensive loss was a gain of \$110.8 million, which primarily offset the currency impact of the Euro Denominated Notes. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the impact of the net investment hedges on other comprehensive income was a loss of \$95.1 million, which offset the currency impact of the Euro Denominated Notes.

NOTE 18 — Fair Value Measurement

Assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value using Fair Value Leveling or that are disclosed at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 consisted of the following (\$ in millions):

	Fair Value Measurements as of March 31, 2019 Using:										
	Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3				
Assets:	' <u>-</u>										
Cash equivalents*	\$	331.4	\$	83.0	\$	248.4	\$	-			
Short-term investments		995.2		-		995.2		-			
Deferred executive compensation investments		94.5		78.6		15.9		-			
Royalty receivable		50.3		-		-		50.3			
Investments and other		57.9		48.0		9.9		-			
Total assets	\$	1,529.3	\$	209.6	\$	1,269.4	\$	50.3			
Liabilities:							-				
Deferred executive compensation liabilities	\$	94.5	\$	78.6	\$	15.9	\$	-			
Contingent consideration obligations		361.2		=		=_		361.2			
Total liabilities	\$	455.7	\$	78.6	\$	15.9	\$	361.2			

^{*} Marketable securities with less than 90 days remaining until maturity at the time of acquisition are classified as cash equivalents.

	Fair Value Measurements as of December 31, 2018 Using:								
	Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		
Assets:									
Cash equivalents*	\$	207.1	\$	207.1	\$	-	\$	-	
Short-term investments		1,026.9		-		1,026.9		-	
Deferred executive compensation investments		90.8		73.8		17.0		-	
Royalty receivable		50.3		-		-		50.3	
Investments and other		46.0		38.5		7.5		-	
Total assets	\$	1,421.1	\$	319.4	\$	1,051.4	\$	50.3	
Liabilities:									
Deferred executive compensation liabilities	\$	90.8	\$	73.8	\$	17.0	\$	-	
Contingent consideration obligations		344.6		-		-		344.6	
Total liabilities	\$	435.4	\$	73.8	\$	17.0	\$	344.6	

^{*} Marketable securities with less than 90 days remaining until maturity at the time of acquisition are classified as cash equivalents.

Marketable securities and investments consist of money market securities, U.S. treasury and agency securities. Unrealized gains or losses on marketable securities are recorded in interest income, while unrealized gains or losses on marketable debt securities are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income. Investments and other include equity and debt securities of publicly traded companies for which market prices are readily available. Unrealized gains or losses on long-term equity investments are recorded in other income / (expense), net. The Company's marketable securities and other long-term investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices using the specific identification method. These investments are classified as either current or non-current, as appropriate, in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The Company may sell certain of its marketable securities prior to their stated maturities for strategic reasons including, but not limited to, anticipation of credit deterioration and maturity management.

Contingent Consideration Obligations

The fair value measurement of the contingent consideration obligations is determined using Level 3 inputs and is based on a probability-weighted income approach. The measurement is based upon unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity, and is based on our own assumptions. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration obligations, including accretion, are recorded in our consolidated statements of operations as follows (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31,									
Expense / (income)		2019		2018						
Cost of sales	\$	16.2	\$	3.4						
Research and development		2.5		1.9						
Total	\$	18.7	\$	5.3						

The table below provides a summary of the changes in fair value, including net transfers in and/or out, of all financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in millions):

Liabilities:	 nce as of er 31, 2018	 Net transfers in to (out of) Level 3		Purchases, Net accretion settlements, and fair value and other net adjustments		_	salance as of arch 31, 2019	
Contingent consideration obligations	\$ 344.6	\$	-	\$	(2.1)	\$ 18.7	\$	361.2
	 nce as of er 31, 2017	Net transfers in to (out of) Level 3		Purcha settleme and othe	ents,	Net accretion and fair value adjustments	_	salance as of arch 31, 2018
Liabilities:								
Contingent consideration obligations	\$ 476.9	\$	-	\$	(9.3)	\$ 5.3	\$	472.9

During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the activity in contingent consideration obligations by acquisition consisted of the following (\$ in millions):

	Balance as of			Adjustments	Payments			Balance as of	
Business Acquisition	December	r 31, 2018		and Accretion		and Other	March 31, 2019		
Tobira acquisition	\$	255.0	\$	2.3	\$	-	\$	257.3	
Medicines 360 acquisition		43.1		13.9		(1.4)		55.6	
ForSight acquisition		24.1		0.2		0.1		24.4	
Forest acquisition		13.6		2.3		(0.5)		15.4	
AqueSys acquisition		5.4		-		-		5.4	
Oculeve acquisition		1.7		-		-		1.7	
Other		1.7		-		(0.3)		1.4	
Total	\$	344.6	\$	18.7	\$	(2.1)	\$	361.2	

Royalty Receivable

The fair value measurement of the royalty receivable is determined using Level 3 inputs and is based on a probability-weighted income approach. The measurement is based upon unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity, and is based on our own assumptions. There were no material changes noted in the fair value of the royalty receivable for the three months ended March 31, 2019.

NOTE 19 — Business Restructuring Charges

Restructuring activities for the three months ended March 31, 2019 were as follows (\$ in millions):

	Severance a	ınd			
	Retention	1		Other	Total
Reserve balance at December 31, 2018	\$	71.4	\$	14.4	\$ 85.8
Charged to expense					
Cost of sales		1.1		-	1.1
General and administrative		0.8		0.1	0.9
Total expense		1.9		0.1	2.0
Cash payments		(38.1)		-	(38.1)
Non-cash adjustments		(2.1)		-	(2.1)
Reserve balance at March 31, 2019	\$	33.1	\$	14.5	\$ 47.6

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company recognized restructuring charges of \$17.9 million including severance and other employee related charges of \$14.6 million. The majority of these restructuring severance costs were paid during 2018.

NOTE 20 — Commitments & Contingencies

The Company and its affiliates are involved in various disputes, governmental and/or regulatory inspections, inquires, investigations and proceedings, and litigation matters that arise from time to time in the ordinary course of business. The process of resolving matters through litigation or other means is inherently uncertain and it is possible that an unfavorable resolution of these matters will adversely affect the Company, its results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. The Company's general practice is to expense legal fees as services are rendered in connection with legal matters, and to accrue for liabilities when losses are probable and reasonably estimable.

The Company evaluates, on a quarterly basis, developments in legal proceedings and other matters that could cause an increase or decrease in the amount of the liability that is accrued. As of March 31, 2019, the Company's consolidated balance sheet includes accrued loss contingencies of approximately \$75.0 million. As of December 31, 2018, the Company's consolidated balance sheet included accrued loss contingencies of approximately \$65.0 million.

The Company's legal proceedings range from cases brought by a single plaintiff to mass tort actions and class actions with thousands of putative class members. These legal proceedings, as well as other matters, involve various aspects of our business and a variety of claims (including, but not limited to, *qui tam* actions, antitrust, product liability, breach of contract, securities, patent infringement and trade practices), some of which present novel factual allegations and/or unique legal theories. In addition, a number of the matters pending against us are at very early stages of the legal process (which in complex proceedings of the sort faced by us often extend for several years). As a result, some matters have not yet progressed sufficiently through discovery and/or development of important factual information and legal issues to enable us to estimate a range of possible loss. In those proceedings in which plaintiffs do request publicly quantified amounts of relief, the Company does not believe that the quantified amounts are meaningful because they are merely stated jurisdictional limits, exaggerated and/or unsupported by the evidence or applicable burdens of proof.

In matters involving the assertion or defense of the Company's intellectual property, the Company believes it has meritorious claims and intends to vigorously assert or defend the patents or other intellectual property at issue in such litigation. Similarly, in matters where the Company is a defendant, the Company believes it has meritorious defenses and intends to defend itself vigorously. However, the Company can offer no assurances that it will be successful in a litigation or, in the case of patent enforcement matters, that a generic version of the product at issue will not be launched or enjoined. Failing to prevail in a litigation could adversely affect the Company and could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Intellectual Property Litigation

Patent Enforcement Matters

Combigan®. On October 30, 2017, subsidiaries of the Company filed an action for infringement of U.S. Patent Number 9,770,453 (the "453 Patent") against Sandoz, Inc. and Alcon Laboratories, Inc. ("Sandoz") in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey, in connection with the abbreviated new drug applications respectively filed with the FDA by Sandoz and Alcon, seeking approval to market a generic version of Combigan®. On March 6, 2018, U.S. Patent Nos. 9,907,801 (the "801 Patent") and 9,907,802 (the "802 Patent") were added to the case. The '453, '801 and '802 Patents are listed in the Orange Book for Combigan® and expire on April 19, 2022. A trial date has not been set. On July 13, 2018, the district court adopted Allergan's proposed claim construction and granted Allergan's motion for preliminary injunction against Sandoz. On August 1, 2018, the district court entered an order setting a preliminary injunction bond in the amount of \$157,300,000 under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 65(c), which Allergan posted. Sandoz has appealed the grant of the injunction, and the appeal is ongoing.

Fetzima®. In October and November 2017, subsidiaries of the Company and Pierre Fabre Medicament S.A.S. brought actions for infringement of U.S. Patent Nos. RE43,879 (the "879 Patent"); 8,481,598 (the "598 Patent"); and 8,865,937 (the "937 Patent") against MSN Laboratories Private Limited and MSN Pharmaceuticals Inc. (collectively, "MSN"), Prinston Pharmaceutical Inc. and Solco Healthcare U.S., LLC (collectively, "Prinston"), Torrent Pharmaceuticals Limited and Torrent Pharma Inc. (collectively, "Torrent"), West-Ward Pharmaceuticals International Limited and West-Ward Pharmaceuticals Corp. (collectively, "West-Ward"), Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc. ("Zydus"), Aurobindo Pharma USA, Inc. and Aurobindo Pharma Limited (collectively, "Aurobindo"), and Amneal Pharmaceuticals LLC and Amneal Pharmaceuticals Private Limited (collectively, "Amneal"), in connection with abbreviated new drug applications, respectively filed with the FDA by MSN, Prinston, Torrent, West-Ward, Zydus, Aurobindo, and Amneal, each seeking approval to market generic versions of Fetzima® and challenging said patents. The '879 Patent expires in June 2023 (not including a pending application for patent term extension ("PTE")), the '598 patent expires in March 2031, and the '937 Patent expires in May 2032. The case is currently in fact discovery, and no trial date has been set. Allergan entered into a settlement agreement with Amneal on December 18, 2018, and the case as against Amneal was dismissed.

In April 2019, subsidiaries of the Company and Pierre Fabre Medicament S.A.S. brought an action for infringement of the '879, '598 and '937 Patents against Micro Labs Ltd. and Micro Labs USA, Inc. ("Micro") in connection with Micro's abbreviated new drug application seeking approval to market a generic version of Fetzima® and challenging said patents. No trial date has been set.

Juvéderm ®. On February 26, 2019, subsidiaries of the Company filed a complaint for infringement of U.S. Patent Nos. 8,450,475 (the "475 Patent), 8,357,795 (the "795 Patent"), 8,822,676 (the "676 Patent"), 9,089,519 (the "519 Patent"), 9,238,013 (the "013 Patent") and 9,358,322 (the "322 Patent") in the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware against Prollenium US Inc. and Prollenium Medical Technologies Inc. (collectively, "Prollenium"). The complaint seeks, among other things, a judgment that Defendants have infringed these patents by making, selling, offering to sell, and importing Prollenium's Revanesse® Versa+TM product within and into the United States. Plaintiffs seek injunctive relief and damages for Defendants' infringement. No trial date has been set.

Kybella®. On November 9, 2018, a subsidiary of the Company brought an action for infringement of U.S. Patent Nos. 8,101,593 (the "'593 Patent"), 8,367,649 (the "'649 Patent") and 8,653,058 (the "'058 Patent") against Slayback Pharma LLC ("Slayback") in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey in connection with an abbreviated new drug application filed with the FDA by Slayback seeking approval to market a generic version of Kybella® and challenging said patents. The '593, '649, and '058 Patents expire in March 2030. On April 10, 2019, a subsidiary of the Company, together with Los Angeles Biomedical Research Institute at Harbor UCLA-Medical Center ("LA BioMed") and The Regents of the University of California (the "Regents") (all collectively, "Plaintiffs"), filed an amended complaint against Slayback asserting infringement of the '593, '649 and '058 Patents and U.S. Patent Nos. 7,622,130 (the "'130 Patent"), 7,754,230 (the "'230 Patent"), 8,298,556 (the "'556 Patent") and 8,846,066 (the "'066 Patent"). The '130 and '230 Patents expire in December 2027 (not including pending applications for patent term extension ("PTE")), the '556 Patent expires in August 2025, and the '066 Patent expires in February 2025. No trial date has been set.

Latisse® IV. In December 2016, Sandoz announced the U.S. market launch of its generic copy of Latisse®. In July 2017, subsidiaries of the Company and Duke University (collectively, "Plaintiffs") filed a complaint for infringement of U.S. Patent Number 9,579,270 ("'270 Patent") against Defendants Sandoz Inc. ("Sandoz") and Alcon Laboratories, Inc. ("Alcon") in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas (EDTX). The '270 patent expires in January 2021. In their complaint, Plaintiffs seek, among other things, a judgment that Defendants have infringed the '270 patent by making, selling, and offering to sell, and/or importing, their generic copy of Latisse® within the United States. Plaintiffs seek injunctive relief and damages for Defendants' infringement. On April 3, 2018, the EDTX court issued an order, among other things, severing Plaintiff's claims against Defendants and transferring Plaintiff's claims against Alcon to the District Court of Delaware and Plaintiff's claims against Sandoz to the District of Colorado. On October 5, 2018, the Delaware District Court entered an order dismissing the Delaware action against Alcon. The District of Colorado case against Sandoz is currently in fact discovery and a trial date has not yet been set.

Latisse® V. On September 25, 2017, subsidiaries of the Company and Duke University brought an action for infringement of U.S. Patent No. 9,579,270 (the "'270 Patent") against Alembic Pharmaceuticals, Ltd., Alembic Global Holding SA, and Alembic Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (collectively, "Alembic") in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey in connection with an abbreviated new drug application filed with FDA by Alembic, seeking approval to market a generic version of Latisse® and challenging the '270 patent. The Company subsidiaries and Duke entered into a settlement agreement with Alembic and the case was dismissed on April 4, 2019.

Latisse® VI. On September 19, 2018, subsidiaries of the Company and Duke University brought an action for infringement of U.S. Patent No. 9,579,270 (the "270 Patent") against Akom, Inc. and Hi-Tech Pharmacal Co., Inc. (collectively, "Akom") in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey in connection with an abbreviated new drug application filed with FDA by Akom seeking approval to market a generic version of Latisse® and challenging the '270 patent. No trial date has been set.

Linzess®. Beginning in November 2016 subsidiaries of the Company and Ironwood Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (collectively, "Plaintiffs"), brought multiple actions for infringement of some or all of U.S. Patent Nos. 7,304,036 (the "'036 Patent"); 7,371,727 (the "'727 Patent"); 7,704,947 (the "'947 Patent"); 7,745,409 (the "'409 Patent"); 8,080,526 (the "'526 Patent"); 8,110,553 (the "'553 Patent"); 8,748,573 (the "'573 Patent"); 8,802,628 (the "'628 Patent"); and 8,933,030 (the "'030 Patent") against Teva Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc. ("Teva"), Aurobindo Pharma Ltd. ("Aurobindo"), Mylan Pharmaceuticals Inc. ("Mylan"), Sandoz Inc. ("Sandoz") and Sun Pharma Global FZE ("Sun") in the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware in connection with abbreviated new drug applications respectively filed with the FDA by Teva, Aurobindo, Mylan, Sandoz and Sun, each seeking approval to market generic versions of Linzess® 145 mcg and 290 mcg capsules and challenging some or all of said patents ("November 2016 Action"). The '727, '947, '409, '526 and '553 Patents expire in January 2024; the '036 Patent expires in August 2026; and the '573, '628 and '030 Patents expire in 2031. In the November 2016 Action, expert discovery has been completed. Trial is scheduled for June 2019.

On October 20, 2017, November 30, 2017 and January 20, 2018, Plaintiffs brought actions for infringement of U.S. Patent No. 9,708,371 (the "'371 Patent") in the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware against Teva, Mylan and Sandoz, respectively. The '371 Patent expires in 2033. The '371 patent actions have been consolidated with the November 2016 Action.

On February 2, 2018 and March 29, 2018, Plaintiffs brought actions for infringement of some or all of the '036, '727, '947, '409, '526, '553, '030 and '371 Patents against Teva and Mylan in the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware in connection with abbreviated new drug applications respectively filed with the FDA by Teva and Mylan, each seeking approval to market generic versions generic versions of Linzess® 72 mcg capsules ("72 mcg ANDA") before the expiration said patents. The district court consolidated the 72 mcg ANDA actions with the November 2016 Action.

In May and August 2018, the district court granted joint stipulations and orders to dismiss without prejudice all claims, counterclaims, and defenses in the November 2016 Action with respect to the '371 Patent and the '030 Patent, respectively, as between Plaintiffs, Teva, Mylan and Sandoz.

On September 4, 2018, Plaintiffs filed an amended complaint as to Mylan to assert the '628 patent against Mylan's 72 mcg ANDA product.

Plaintiffs entered into a settlement agreement with Sun and certain Sun affiliates and the case against Sun was dismissed on January 18, 2018. Plaintiffs entered into a settlement agreement with Aurobindo and the case against Aurobindo was dismissed on May 7, 2018. Plaintiffs entered into a settlement agreement with Mylan and the case against Mylan was dismissed on December 27, 2018. Under the terms of the settlement agreement, Plaintiffs will provide a license to Mylan to market its generic versions of Linzess® 145 mcg and 290 mcg in the United States beginning on February 5, 2030 (subject to FDA approval), and its generic version of Linzess® 72 mcg in the United States beginning on August 5, 2030, or earlier in certain circumstances.

Restasis®. Between August 2015 and July 2016, a subsidiary of the Company brought actions for infringement of U.S. Patent Nos. 8,629,111 (the "111 patent"), 8,633,162 (the "162 patent"), 8,642,556 (the "556 patent"), 8,648,048 (the "048 patent"), 8,685,930 (the "930 patent") and 9,248,191 (the "191 patent") in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas against Akorn, Inc., Apotex, Inc., Mylan Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Teva Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc., InnoPharma, Inc., Famy Care Limited ("Famy Care"), TWi Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("TWi") and related subsidiaries and affiliates thereof.

The subsidiary entered into settlement agreements with Apotex, TWi, Famy Care and InnoPharma. As a result of certain of these settlements, Allergan will provide a license to certain parties to launch their generic versions of Restasis® beginning on February 27, 2024, or earlier in certain circumstances. Additionally, under certain circumstances, the Company will supply and authorize certain parties to launch an authorized generic version of Restasis® on August 28, 2024 or earlier in certain circumstances.

On September 8, 2017, the Company assigned all Orange Book-listed patents for Restasis® to the Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe ("the Tribe"), a recognized sovereign tribal government, and concurrently was granted an exclusive field-of-use license to practice the patents in the United States for all FDA-approved uses of the products under the Restasis® NDAs.

On October 16, 2017, the District Court issued a decision and final judgment finding that the asserted claims of the '111 patent, the '930 patent and the '191 patent were infringed, but invalid on the ground of obviousness. The District Court also held that the asserted claims were not invalid as anticipated, for lack of enablement, or for improper inventorship. On November 13, 2018, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit issued a decision affirming the district court's finding of invalidity of the asserted claims of the '111, '048, '930 and '191 Patents. On March 6, 2019, the Federal Circuit denied Allergan and the Tribe's petition for rehearing, and a mandate issued on March 13, 2019. On April 10, 2019, Allergan and the Tribe filed a petition for a writ of certiorari with the United States Supreme Court.

On December 22, 2016, a subsidiary of the Company Allergan filed a complaint for infringement of the '111 patent, '162 patent, '556 patent, '048 patent, '930 patent, and the '191 patent in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas against Deva Holding A.S. ("Deva"). On March 6, 2018, the district court granted in part and denied in part the parties' joint motion for entry of a stipulated order, and stayed the case until such time as the Federal Circuit in the lead appeal case with Teva, Mylan and Akron issues a mandate. The parties' stipulation provides that Deva will be bound by the outcome of that appeal.

On August 10 and September 20, 2018, a subsidiary of the Company and the Tribe filed complaints for infringement of the '162 patent and the '556 patent in the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware against Saptalis and against Amneal Pharmaceuticals, LLC and Amneal Pharmaceuticals Co. India Private Limited (collectively, "Amneal"), respectively. The cases were voluntarily dismissed on January 2, 2019.

Restasis® IPR. On June 6, 2016, a subsidiary of the Company received notification letters that Inter Partes Review of the USPTO ("IPR") petitions were filed by Mylan Pharmaceuticals Inc. ("Mylan") regarding U.S. Patent Nos. 8,629,111 (the "111 patent"), 8,633,162 (the "162 patent"), 8,642,556 (the "556 patent"), 8,648,048 (the "048 patent"), 8,685,930 (the "930 patent"), and 9,248,191 (the "191 patent"), which patents expire on August 27, 2024. Mylan filed the IPR petition on June 3, 2016. On June 23, 2016, a subsidiary of the Company received a notification letter that an IPR petition and motion for joinder was filed by Argentum Pharmaceuticals LLC ("Argentum") regarding the '111 patent. On December 7, 2016, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with Argentum and Argentum's petition was withdrawn. On December 8, 2016, the USPTO granted Mylan's petitions to institute IPRs with respect to these patents. On January 6, 2017, each of Akom and Teva filed, and on January 9, 2017 the USPTO received, IPR petitions with respect to these patents and motions for joinder with the Mylan IPR. The USPTO granted Teva's and Akom's joinder motions on March 31, 2017.

On September 8, 2017, Allergan assigned all Orange Book-listed patents for Restasis® to the Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe ("the Tribe"), a recognized sovereign tribal government, and concurrently was granted an exclusive field-of-use license to practice the patents in the United States for all FDA-approved uses of the products under the Restasis® NDAs. That same day, the Tribe filed an updated Mandatory Notice with the USPTO to reflect that the Tribe is the patent owner, and sought permission to file a motion to dismiss based on tribal sovereign immunity.

On February 23, 2018, the USPTO issued orders denying the Tribe's motion to dismiss (or terminate).

On July 20, 2018, the Federal Circuit affirmed the USPTO's denial of the Tribe's motion to dismiss and Allergan's motion to withdraw. On August 20, 2018, the Tribe and Allergan filed a petition for rehearing en banc, which the Federal Circuit denied on October 22, 2018. On December 21, 2018, the Company and the Tribe filed a petition for a writ of certiorari with the United States Supreme Court, which was denied on April 15, 2019.

Saphris®. Between September 2014 and May 2015, subsidiaries of the Company brought actions for infringement of some or all of U.S. Patent Nos. 5,763,476 (the "476 patent"), 7,741,358 (the "358 patent") and 8,022,228 (the "228 patent") against Sigmapharm Laboratories, LLC ("Sigmapharm"), Hikma Pharmaceuticals, LLC ("Hikma"), Breckenridge Pharmaceutical, Inc. ("Breckenridge"), Alembic Pharmaceuticals, Ltd. ("Alembic") and Amneal Pharmaceuticals, LLC ("Amneal"), and related subsidiaries and affiliates thereof in the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware in connection with an abbreviated new drug applications respectively filed with FDA by Sigmapharm, Hikma, Breckenridge, Alembic and Amneal, each seeking approval to market a generic versions of Saphris® and challenging each of said patents. Including a 6-month pediatric extension of regulatory exclusivity, the '476 patent expires in December 2020, and the '358 and '228 patents expire in October 2026. In 2016, the parties agreed to dismiss all claims related to the '358 and '228 patents, leaving only the '476 patent at issue. On October 13, 2016, the court stayed trial as to Sigmapharm and extended the 30-month stay as to Sigmapharm. On June 30, 2017, the district court issued an opinion and order finding all asserted claims of the '476 patent valid, that claims 1, 2, 5 and 6 were infringed by Alembic, Amneal, Breckenridge and Hikma, and that claims 4, 9 and 10 were not infringed by Alembic and Breckenridge. On July 11, 2017, the district court entered a final judgment that ordered, among other things, that Alembic's, Amneal's, Breckenridge's and Hikma's respective ANDAs not be granted final approval by FDA earlier than the date of expiration of the '476 patent inclusive of any applicable adjustments, extensions or exclusivities. The case is currently on appeal.

On March 14, 2019, the Federal Circuit vacated the district court's July 2017 judgment that claims 1 and 4 are not invalid and remanded for the district court to consider a fact question and its impact on the obviousness analysis. On April 15, 2019, Plaintiffs filed a combined petition for panel rehearing and rehearing en banc with respect to this issue. In its March 14, 2019 order, the Federal Circuit also vacated the judgment of non-infringement of claims 4, 9 and 10 as to Alembic and Breckenridge and remanded for the district court to consider their infringement under a revised claim construction.

A separate bench trial concerning Sigmapharm's infringement of claim 1 of the '476 patent began on June 20, 2018, and on November 16, 2018, the court held that Sigmapharms' proposed ANDA product would infringe claim 1 of the '476 patent On November 26, 2018, Sigmapharm sought relief from the November 16, 2018 decision. On November 30, 2018, the Company moved for entry of final judgment. Both motions are currently pending.

Trade Secret Matters

Botulinum Neurotoxin ITC Investigation. On January 30, 2019, subsidiaries of the Company and Medytox Inc. (collectively, "Complainants") filed a complaint with the United States International Trade Commission ("ITC") against Daewoong Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd., Daewoong Co., Ltd., and Evolus Inc. (collectively, "Respondents") requesting the ITC commence an investigation with respect to the Respondents' importation into the United States of Respondents' botulinum neurotoxin products, including DWP-450 (also known as JeuveauTM), which Complainants assert were developed, made and/or imported using Medytox's trade secrets. Complainants seek, among other things, a permanent exclusionary order and cease and desist orders covering Respondents' botulinum neurotoxin products, including DWP-450/JeuveauTM. On February 28, 2019, the ITC instituted an investigation into Respondents' botulinum neurotoxin products, including DWP-450/JeuveauTM. The ITC has scheduled a hearing for November 5-7, 2019 and has set May 29, 2020 as the target date for completion of the investigation.

Trademark Enforcement Matters

Juvéderm®. On April 5, 2017, a subsidiary of the Company brought an action for unfair competition, false advertising, dilution, conspiracy and infringement of Allergan's Juvéderm® trademarks in the U.S. District Court for the Central District of California against Dermavita Limited Partnership ("Dermavita"), Dima Corp. S.A. ("Dima Corp.") and KBC Media Relations LLC ("KBC"). Dima Corp. had previously announced its acquisition of a license from Dermavita to develop and market in the U.S. cosmetic products under the Juvederm trademark. During June 2017, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with KBC. During July 2017, the Court preliminarily enjoined Dima Corp. from, inter alia, promoting or selling within the United States any product bearing the trademark Juvéderm® or any other trademark confusingly similar to it. During January 2018, the Court granted Dermavita's renewed motion to dismiss the Company's complaint based on purported lack of personal jurisdiction. During January 2019, the Company subsidiary and Dima Corp. resolved the action and the Court entered a permanent injunction and final judgment in favor of the Company subsidiary and against Dima Corp. for trademark infringement, unfair competition, dilution and false advertising.

Subsidiaries of the Company requested a preliminary injunction against Dermavita, Dima Corp, Aesthetic Services, Jacqueline Sillam and Dimitri Sillam in the High Court of Paris, France. During June 2017, the Paris Court preliminarily enjoined the defendants, inter alia, to refrain from promoting or selling in France its Juvederm products, to transfer various domain names and to pay provisional damages to Allergan, on the basis that such use would infringe Allergan's EU and French Juvéderm® trademarks and would amount to unfair competition. This injunction has become final. A subsidiary of the Company has also filed against Dermavita, Dima Corp. and others a full action of trademark infringement in the Paris court. Dermavita has requested that the full action be stayed

pending the outcome of the Nanterre action and the EUIPO trademark proceedings, both mentioned below. The Paris court rejected Dermavita's stay request and subsequently ordered the defendants to pay more than 75,000 Euros in liquidated damages for violation of the preliminary injunction mentioned above. Dermavita has filed an action against subsidiaries of the Company in the Nanterre, France court alleging that the subsidiaries have not used its Juvéderm trademark and requesting the court to revoke the Company's trademark based on its purported lack of use or purportedly invalid license and assignment agreements. On February 21, 2019, the Nanterre Court ruled in the Company's favor, holding that the license and assignment agreements were valid and that Allergan has used its trademark in commerce. Dermavita has appealed this decision.

On January 22, 2019, subsidiaries of the Company brought a related action for infringement of the Company's Juvéderm® trademarks against Aesthetic Services and Development Limited, Juvederm Elite Clinics SARL and Jamal Hamadi in the (UK) High Court of Justice. The case is in its early stages and no trial date has been set.

Furthermore, more than 150 trademark opposition and cancellation actions between Allergan and Dermavita have been filed in front of the USPTO, EUIPO and various other national and regional trademark offices around the world. Most of these actions remain pending; however, Allergan has received favorable decisions in more than ten (10) such actions.

Antitrust Litigation

Asacol® Litigation. Class action complaints have been filed against certain subsidiaries of the Company on behalf of putative classes of direct and indirect purchasers. The lawsuits have been consolidated in the U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts. The complaints allege that plaintiffs paid higher prices for Asacol® HD and Delzicol® as a result of alleged actions preventing or delaying generic competition in the market for an older Asacol® product in violation of U.S. federal antitrust laws and/or state laws. Plaintiffs seek unspecified injunctive relief, treble damages and/or attorneys' fees. The Company has settled the claims brought by the direct purchaser plaintiffs. While the district court granted the indirect purchaser plaintiffs' motion for class certification, the Court of Appeals for the First Circuit later issued a decision reversing the lower court's decision on class certification. The appellate court recently denied plaintiffs' motion for rehearing en banc and remanded the case back to the District Court where the court recently denied plaintiffs' renewed motion for class certification.

Loestrin® 24 Litigation. Putative classes of direct and indirect purchasers as well as opt-out direct purchasers have filed complaints that have been consolidated in the U.S. District Court for the District of Rhode Island. The lawsuits allege that subsidiaries of the Company engaged in anticompetitive conduct, including when settling patent lawsuits related to Loestrin® 24 Fe, in violation of federal and state antitrust and consumer protection laws. The complaints each seek declaratory and injunctive relief and damages. The court recently conducted hearings on the class plaintiffs' class certification motions and on the parties' motions for summary judgement on the issue of market power.

Namenda® Litigation. In 2014, the State of New York filed a lawsuit in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York alleging that Forest was acting to prevent or delay generic competition to Namenda® in violation of federal and New York antitrust laws and committed other fraudulent acts in connection with its commercial plans for Namenda® XR. The district court granted the state's motion for a preliminary injunction which was later affirmed by the Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit. The parties in that case then reached a settlement to resolve the dispute. Following the conclusion of the New York Attorney General Matter, putative class actions were filed on behalf of direct and indirect purchasers in the same federal court. The class action complaints make claims similar to those asserted by the New York Attorney General and also include claims that Namenda® patent litigation settlements between a Company subsidiary and generic companies also violated the antitrust laws. Plaintiffs seek unspecified injunctive relief, treble damages and attorneys' fees. The court has denied defendants' motion for summary judgement in the direct purchaser action, certified the direct purchaser class of plaintiffs and set a trial date for October 2019.

Restasis® Competitor Litigation. Shire, which offers the dry-eye disease drug Xiidra®, sued subsidiaries of the Company in U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey alleging that defendants unlawfully harmed competition by foreclosing Xiidra® from sales to Medicare Part D plans (and the members of such plans) through the use of discounts (a) contingent on Restasis® receiving preferential formulary treatment; and/or (b) across a bundle of Allergan's products, including Restasis®. The complaint seeks injunctive relief and damages under federal and state law. The court issued a decision on March 22, 2019 granting the defendants' motion to dismiss the complaint. On April 25, 2019, Shire filed an amended complaint.

Restasis® Class Action Litigation. Several class actions were filed on behalf of putative classes of direct and indirect purchasers of Restasis® alleging that subsidiaries of the company harmed competition by engaging in conduct to delay the market entry of generic versions of Restasis® in violation of the federal antitrust laws as well as state antitrust and consumer-protection laws and unjust enrichment. The cases have been consolidated in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey. All plaintiffs seek damages, declaratory relief, and injunctive relief. The parties are currently engaged in discovery.

Commercial Litigation

Celexa®/Lexapro® Class Actions. Certain subsidiaries of the Company were named in federal court actions relating to the promotion of Celexa® and/or Lexapro® all of which were consolidated in an MDL proceeding in the U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts. Most of these claims were resolved through a settlement in September 2014. However, two lawsuits remain which assert claims under the federal Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations ("RICO") Act. The court has entered summary judgment in favor of the defendants in both actions and denied plaintiffs' class certification motions. Plaintiffs in both cases appealed the dismissal of their claims and denial of class certification to the United States Court of Appeals for the First Circuit and the appeals court issued a decision in January 2019 affirming the denial of the class certification motions but reversing the lower court's decision granting the defendants' summary judgment motions.

Warner Chilcott Marketing Practices. A putative nationwide class of private payer entities, or their assignees, that paid Medicare benefits on behalf of their beneficiaries filed a complaint against certain subsidiaries of the Company in the U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts. The Complaint asserts claims under the federal RICO statute, state consumer protection statutes, common law fraud, and unjust enrichment with respect to the sale and marketing of certain products. Defendants' motion to dismiss the Amended Complaint is still pending.

Generic Drug Pricing Securities and ERISA Litigation. Putative classes of shareholders and two individual opt-out plaintiffs filed class action lawsuits against the Company and certain of its current and former officers alleging that defendants made materially false and misleading statements between February 2014 and November 2016 regarding the Company's internal controls over its financial reporting and that it failed to disclose that its former Actavis generics unit had engaged in illegal, anticompetitive price-fixing with its generic industry peers. These lawsuits have been consolidated in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey. The complaints seek unspecified monetary damages. On April 11, 2019, the court heard oral arguments on the Company's motion to dismiss the complaint. In addition, class action complaints have been filed premised on the same alleged underlying conduct that is at issue in the securities litigation but that assert claims under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"). These complaints have been consolidated in the district court in New Jersey. The court granted the Company's motion to dismiss this complaint. The ERISA plaintiffs have appealed this decision to the Third Circuit Court of Appeals.

Prescription Opioid Drug Abuse Litigation. The Company has been named as a defendant, along with several other manufacturers and distributors of opioid products, in over 1,850 matters relating to the promotion and sale of prescription opioid pain relievers and additional suits have been filed. The lawsuits allege generally that the manufacturer defendants engaged in a deceptive campaign to promote their products in violation of state laws and seek unspecified monetary damages, penalties and injunctive relief. Plaintiffs in these suits include states, political subdivisions of states (i.e., counties and municipalities), Native American tribes and other private litigants such as insurance plans, hospital systems and consumers who were prescribed opioid products and were subsequently treated for an overdose or addiction. Cases are pending in both federal and state courts. The federal court cases have been consolidated in an MDL in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Ohio, with a first set of cases set for trial in October 2019.

Testosterone Replacement Therapy Class Action. Subsidiaries of the Company were named in a class action complaint filed on behalf a putative class of third-party payers in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois. The suit alleges that the Company's subsidiaries violated various laws including the federal RICO statute and state consumer protection laws in connection with the sale and marketing of Androderm®. The class plaintiffs seek to obtain certain equitable relief, including injunctive relief and an order requiring restitution and/or disgorgement, and to recover damages and multiple damages in an unspecified amount. While the lawsuit is ongoing, the court has denied plaintiff's class certification motion. On February 14, 2019, the court granted Defendants' motion for summary judgment, dismissing the case in its entirety. On March 19, 2019, plaintiffs filed a Notice of Appeal to the Seventh Circuit.

Oculeve Shareholder Dispute. On February 26, 2019, Fortis Advisors LLC, as a representative of the former stockholders of Oculeve, Inc., filed a lawsuit against a subsidiary of the Company in state court in Delaware. The lawsuit centers on a claim that the Company breached the terms of a July 2015 merger agreement. The Company subsidiary has moved to dismiss the complaint.

Product Liability Litigation

Actonel® Litigation. A subsidiary of the Company is a defendant in over 500 filed cases in federal and various state courts, relating to the bisphosphonate prescription drug Actonel®. In addition, there are three cases pending in provincial courts in Canada, two involving single plaintiffs, and a third on behalf of a purported class of injured plaintiffs. The complaints allege, among other things, that Actonel® caused them to suffer osteonecrosis of the jaw ("ONJ") and/or atypical fractures of the femur. Plaintiffs are seeking unspecified monetary and injunctive relief, as well as attorneys' fees. The Company subsidiary is being indemnified by Sanofi for certain claims pursuant to an agreement with Sanofi and is being partially indemnified by the Procter & Gamble Company

("P&G") for ONJ claims that were pending at the time the Company subsidiary acquired P&G's global pharmaceutical business in 2009. Settlements have been reached that have resolved most of the pending ONJ-related claims. Recently, all pending Actonel cases in New Jersey state court were dismissed without prejudice subject to refilling after the U.S. Supreme Court issues a decision in Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp. v. Albrecht, Doc. No. 17-290.

Breast Implant Litigation. Certain Company subsidiaries are defendants in more than a dozen cases alleging that Allergan's textured breast implants caused women to develop a rare condition known as anaplastic large cell lymphoma ("ALCL"), and that the defendants failed to properly warn against this risk and failed to promptly and properly report the results of the post-marketing studies relating to these products. These cases have been filed in both federal and state courts in the United States and well as provincial courts in Canada. One of the Canadian cases has been asserted on behalf a putative class of consumers.

Benicar® Litigation. A subsidiary of the Company has been named in a number of lawsuits involving allegations that Benicar® caused certain gastrointestinal injuries. Under a co-promotion agreement, Daiichi Sankyo is defending the Company subsidiary in these lawsuits and has announced that it has agreed to enter into a program to settle all of the pending cases on behalf of all defendants, including the Company subsidiary.

Celexa®/Lexapro® Litigation. Certain Company subsidiaries are defendants in over 150 actions alleging that Celexa® or Lexapro® caused various birth defects. Several of the cases involve multiple minor-plaintiffs. The majority of these actions have been consolidated in state court in Missouri; none of the actions are set for trial.

RepliForm® Litigation. A Company subsidiary has been named as a defendant in over 300 cases alleging that its biologic mesh product RepliForm® did not perform as intended and caused various injuries. The majority of these cases have been consolidated in state court in Massachusetts, with the rest pending in state courts in Delaware and Minnesota and the federal court in West Virginia. Approximately 200 of these cases have been settled or dismissed.

Testosterone Litigation. A number of product liability suits were filed against certain Company subsidiaries as well as other manufacturers and distributors of testosterone products, for personal injuries including but not limited to cardiovascular events allegedly arising out of the use of Androderm®. The cases have been consolidated in an MDL in the U.S. District Court for Northern District of Illinois. In mid-2018, the parties reached an agreement to settle all of the pending cases.

Government Investigations, Government Litigation and Qui Tam Litigation

The Company and its subsidiaries are involved in various disputes, governmental and/or regulatory inspections, inquires, investigations and proceedings that could result in litigation, and other litigation matters that arise from time to time.

Company subsidiaries have received subpoenas and/or Civil Investigative Demands ("CID") from the United States Department of Justice, the United States Health and Human Services, Office of Inspector General, United States Congressional Committees as well as various state regulatory and enforcement authorities. Each of the subpoenas and CIDs seek documents and information relating to discrete topics, including but not limited to: the calculation and reporting by certain Company subsidiaries of their Average Manufacturer Prices, Average Wholesale Prices and Best Prices for several of their products; sales and marketing practices of Botox to urology practices; the promotion and sale of two gastroenterology products; the Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe's acquisition of six Restasis patents and the granting of exclusive licenses to the Restasis product to the Company; and, the promotion and sale of opioid products. In each case, the Company and its subsidiaries are cooperating fully with the governmental authority's requests.

Certain states have initiated lawsuits and qui tam lawsuits have been filed by private parties, also known as relators, on behalf of the federal or state governments. Certain Company subsidiaries have been named as defendants in lawsuits that allege generally that state Medicaid agencies were overcharged for their share of Medicaid drug reimbursement costs due to inflated Average Wholesale Prices ("AWP") reported by the Company subsidiaries. AWP lawsuits are currently pending in Illinois, Utah and Wisconsin.

Namenda XR®/Namzaric® Qui Tam. A relator filed a qui tam lawsuit on behalf of the United States government and several individual states against the Company and certain of its subsidiaries along with Adamas Pharma LLC and Adamas Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (collectively, "Adamas"). The lawsuit, filed in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California, was unsealed on February 6, 2019. The federal and state governments have declined to intervene in this action. The complaint alleges generally that the Adamas and Allergan defendants each engaged in conduct that delayed generic versions of Namenda XR® and/or Namzaric® from entering the market and that such conduct resulted in the submission of false claims to the government. The Allergan defendants have not yet responded to the complaint.

Medical Aesthetics Qui Tam. A subsidiary of the Company was recently served with a qui tam lawsuit that was filed in the U.S. District Court for the Central District of California on behalf of the United States and several individual states. The federal and state

governments have declined to intervene in this action. The complaint alleges that certain promotional programs and sampling practices of the Company's Medical Aesthetics business result in price reporting violations and violate anti-kickback statutes. The Company subsidiary has not yet responded to this complaint.

Matters Relating to the Company's Divested Generics Business

The following matters relate to the former generics business of the Company or the transaction pursuant to which that business was sold to Teva, effective August 2, 2016. Teva has agreed to indemnify and defend the Company against all matters asserted in litigation against the Company arising out of the former generics business, including litigations and investigations relating to generic opioid products including, without limitation, the actions described below.

Lidoderm® Litigation. The U.S. Federal Trade Commission filed a lawsuit in federal district court in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania against the Company and one of its former global generics business subsidiaries and others alleging that patent litigation settlements relating to Lidoderm were anticompetitive. The FTC voluntarily withdrew its complaint in Pennsylvania and filed a similar complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District California where similar lawsuits filed by private plaintiffs were already pending and where the State of California filed a similar complaint against the same defendants. Defendants in the Pennsylvania action filed a declaratory judgment action against the FTC in the Pennsylvania federal court but the court granted the FTC's motion to dismiss this lawsuit. The FTC and State of California's actions were stayed pending the declaratory judgment action in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. The federal court in California has not yet issued a ruling or lifted the stay in these cases since the court's ruling in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

Hydrocortisone Investigation. In 2016, the Company received notice from the UK Competition and Markets Authority ("CMA") that it would be included within the scope of the CMA's formal investigation under Section 25 of the Competition Act of 1998 ("CA98") into suspected abuse of dominance by a former generics business subsidiary of the Company in relation to the supply of 10mg and 20mg hydrocortisone tablets. The CMA is investigating: (i) alleged excessive and unfair prices with respect to hydrocortisone tablets and (ii) whether the former generics business subsidiary entered into anti-competitive agreements with a potential competitor for this product. The CMA has issued statements of objection with respect to both parts of its investigation. The Company intends to cooperate fully with the investigation.

Teva Shareholder Derivative Litigation. In 2017, the Company was named as defendant in a proposed Teva shareholder derivative litigation filed in the Economic Division of the Tel Aviv District Court in Israel. The lawsuit contains allegations that the Company aided and abetted Teva's board of directors violations of Israeli securities laws. To date, the court has not determined whether it will allow plaintiffs to proceed with this action.

NOTE 21 — Warner Chilcott Limited ("WCL") Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Condensed Consolidating Financial Information

The following financial information is presented to segregate the financial results of WCL, Allergan Funding SCS, and Allergan Finance, LLC (the issuers of the long-term notes), the guarantor subsidiaries for the long-term notes and the non-guarantor subsidiaries. The guarantors jointly and severally, and fully and unconditionally, guarantee the Company's obligation under the long-term notes.

The information includes elimination entries necessary to consolidate the guarantor and the non-guarantor subsidiaries. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The principal elimination entries eliminate investments in subsidiaries, equity and intercompany balances and transactions.

WCL, Allergan Capital S.à.r.l. and Allergan Finance, LLC are guarantors of the long-term notes. The Company anticipates future legal entity structure changes which may impact the presentation of this footnote in the future.

WCL has revised its consolidating balance sheets as previously presented in Footnote 26 of the December 31, 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K and its consolidating financial statements as previously presented in Footnote 20 of the March 31, 2018 Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q due to a change in the Company's legal entity structure and other reclassifications that occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2019. As a result, prior period information has been recast to conform to the current period presentation.

The following financial information presents the consolidating balance sheets as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the related statements of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 and the statements of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018.

Warner Chilcott Limited Consolidating Balance Sheets As of March 31, 2019 (Unaudited; in millions)

	Warner Chilcott Limited (Parent Guarantor)	Allergan Capital S.a.r.l. (Guarantor)	Allergan Funding SCS (Issuer)	Allergan Finance, LLC (Issuer and Guarantor)	Non- guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated Warner Chilcott Limited
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 0.1	\$ 60.4	\$ 1.3	\$ -	\$ 724.9	\$ -	\$ 786.7
Marketable securities	-	200.5	-	-	794.7	-	995.2
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-	-	2,731.2	-	2,731.2
Receivables from Parents	-	-	-	-	814.1	-	814.1
Inventories	-	-	-	-	943.2	-	943.2
Intercompany receivables	-	4,089.7	597.5	33.7	27,471.6	(32,192.5)	-
Current assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	45.7	-	45.7
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	<u> </u>	-	-	33.3	747.6	-	780.9
Total current assets	0.1	4,350.6	598.8	67.0	34,273.0	(32,192.5)	7,097.0
Property, plant and equipment, net	-	-	-	_	1,781.1	-	1,781.1
Right of use asset - operating leases	-	-	-	-	455.4	-	455.4
Investments and other assets	-	-	-	-	1,979.5	-	1,979.5
Investment in subsidiaries	59,338.6	67,744.4	25,425.0	96,294.5	-	(248,802.5)	-
Non current intercompany receivables	-	15,603.7	-	-	1,082.9	(16,686.6)	-
Non current assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	897.2	-	897.2
Deferred tax assets	-	51.4	-	-	981.2	-	1,032.6
Product rights and other intangibles	-	-	-	-	42,264.6	-	42,264.6
Goodwill	-	-	-	-	43,336.6	-	43,336.6
Total assets	\$ 59,338.7	\$ 87,750.1	\$ 26,023.8	\$ 96,361.5	\$ 127,051.5	\$ (297,681.6)	\$ 98,844.0
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	-	0.1	103.0	118.9	4,412.3	-	4,634.3
Intercompany payables	-	17,016.3	12.2	10,443.1	4,720.9	(32,192.5)	-
Payables to Parents	-	-	-	-	3,034.9	-	3,034.9
Income taxes payable	-	-	3.9	-	123.0	-	126.9
Current portion of long-term debt	-	-	3,887.2	-	84.6	-	3,971.8
Current portion of lease liability - operating	<u> </u>				116.1		116.1
Total current liabilities	-	17,016.4	4,006.3	10,562.0	12,491.8	(32,192.5)	11,884.0
Long-term debt	-	-	14,738.2	2,140.2	2,675.7	-	19,554.1
Lease liability - operating	-	-	-	-	415.2	-	415.2
Other long-term liabilities	-	-	-	-	804.4	-	804.4
Long-term intercompany payables	-	-	-	1,082.9	15,603.7	(16,686.6)	-
Other taxes payable	-	-	-	-	1,612.0	-	1,612.0
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	5,235.6	-	5,235.6
Total liabilities		17,016.4	18,744.5	13,785.1	38,838.4	(48,879.1)	39,505.3
Total equity / (deficit)	59,338.7	70,733.7	7,279.3	82,576.4	88,213.1	(248,802.5)	59,338.7
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 59,338.7	\$ 87,750.1	\$ 26,023.8	\$ 96,361.5	\$ 127,051.5	\$ (297,681.6)	\$ 98,844.0

Warner Chilcott Limited Consolidating Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2018 (Unaudited; in millions)

	Warner Chilcott Limited (Parent Guarantor)	Allergan Capital S.a.r.l. (Guarantor)	Allergan Funding SCS (Issuer)	Allergan Finance, LLC (Issuer and Guarantor)	Non- guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated Warner Chilcott Limited
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 0.1	\$ 1.8	\$ 0.8	\$ -	\$ 875.9	\$ -	\$ 878.6
Marketable securities	-	489.9	-	-	537.0	-	1,026.9
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-	-	2,868.1	-	2,868.1
Receivables from Parents	-		-	-	640.9	-	640.9
Inventories	-	-	-	-	846.9	-	846.9
Intercompany receivables	-	3,534.7	961.0	16.7	24,779.3	(29,291.7)	-
Current assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	34.0	-	34.0
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	-	-	-	33.3	785.4		818.7
Total current assets	0.1	4,026.4	961.8	50.0	31,367.5	(29,291.7)	7,114.1
Property, plant and equipment, net	-	-	-	-	1,787.0	-	1,787.0
Investments and other assets	-	-	-	-	1,970.6	-	1,970.6
Investment in subsidiaries	62,940.2	73,846.0	26,406.9	99,255.9	-	(262,449.0)	-
Non current intercompany receivables	-	28,239.4	18,090.2	-	19,674.2	(66,003.8)	-
Non current assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	882.2	-	882.2
Deferred tax assets	-	43.6	-	-	1,020.1	-	1,063.7
Product rights and other intangibles	-	-	-	-	43,695.4	-	43,695.4
Goodwill	-	-	-	-	45,913.3	-	45,913.3
Total assets	\$ 62,940.3	\$ 106,155.4	\$ 45,458.9	\$ 99,305.9	\$ 146,310.3	\$ (357,744.5)	\$ 102,426.3
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	-	0.1	156.3	92.9	4,538.1	-	4,787.4
Intercompany payables	-	14,315.0	21.7	10,442.6	4,512.4	(29,291.7)	-
Payables to Parents	-	-	-	-	2,829.2	-	2,829.2
Income taxes payable	-	-	-	-	72.4	-	72.4
Current portion of long-term debt	-	-	779.6	-	88.7	-	868.3
Total current liabilities	-	14,315.1	957.6	10,535.5	12,040.8	(29,291.7)	8,557.3
Long-term debt	-	-	18,090.2	2,135.9	2,703.3	-	22,929.4
Other long-term liabilities	-	-	· -	· -	882.0	-	882.0
Long-term intercompany payables	-	18,597.4	-	1,076.8	46,329.6	(66,003.8)	-
Other taxes payable	-	-	-	-	1,615.5	-	1,615.5
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	5,501.8	-	5,501.8
Total liabilities	-	32,912.5	19,047.8	13,748.2	69,073.0	(95,295.5)	39,486.0
Total equity / (deficit)	62,940.3	73,242.9	26,411.1	85,557.7	77,237.3	(262,449.0)	62,940.3
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 62,940.3	\$ 106,155.4	\$ 45,458.9	\$ 99,305.9	\$ 146,310.3	\$ (357,744.5)	\$ 102,426.3

Warner Chilcott Limited Consolidating Statements of Operations For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 (Unaudited; in millions)

	Warner Chilcott Limited (Parent Guarantor)	Allergan Capital S.a.r.l. (Guarantor)	Allergan Funding SCS (Issuer)	Allergan Finance, LLC (Issuer and Guarantor)	Non- guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated Warner Chilcott Limited
Net revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,597.1	\$ -	\$ 3,597.1
Operating expenses:							
Cost of sales (excludes amortization and impairment of acquired intangibles including							
product rights)	-	-	-	-	497.8	-	497.8
Research and development	-	-	-	-	435.0	-	435.0
Selling and marketing	-	-	-	-	804.0	-	804.0
General and administrative Amortization	-	-	-	-	306.1 1.399.4	-	306.1 1,399.4
Goodwill impairments	-	-	-	-	2,467.0	-	2,467.0
Asset sales and impairments, net	-	-	-	-	(5.2)	-	(5.2)
Total operating expenses	<u>-</u> _				5,904.1		5,904.1
Operating (loss)	 _				(2,307.0)		(2,307.0)
Operating (1088)					(2,307.0)		(2,307.0)
Interest (expense), net	-	(23.4)	(59.6)	(19.9)	(77.6)	-	(180.5)
Other (expense) / income, net		-	(0.1)	-	13.9		13.8
Total other (expense), net	-	(23.4)	(59.7)	(19.9)	(63.7)	-	(166.7)
(Loss) before income taxes and							
noncontrolling interest	-	(23.4)	(59.7)	(19.9)	(2,370.7)	-	(2,473.7)
(Benefit) for income taxes	-	-	-	-	(68.7)	-	(68.7)
Losses / (earnings) of equity interest subsidiaries	2,405.7	2,345.0	809.3	2,377.4		(7,937.4)	
Net (loss) / income	\$ (2,405.7)	\$ (2,368.4)	\$ (869.0)	\$ (2,397.3)	\$ (2,302.0)	\$ 7,937.4	\$ (2,405.0)
(Income) attributable to noncontrolling interest					(0.7)		(0.7)
Net (loss) / income attributable to members	\$ (2,405.7)	\$ (2,368.4)	\$ (869.0)	\$ (2,397.3)	\$ (2,302.7)	\$ 7,937.4	\$ (2,405.7)
Other comprehensive (loss) / income, net of tax	(128.8)	(140.8)	(172.6)	(584.0)	(128.8)	1,026.2	(128.8)
Comprehensive (loss) / income attributable to							
members	\$ (2,534.5)	\$ (2,509.2)	\$ (1,041.6)	\$ (2,981.3)	\$ (2,431.5)	\$ 8,963.6	\$ (2,534.5)

Warner Chilcott Limited Consolidating Statements of Operations For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 (Unaudited; in millions)

	C L (F	arner hilcott mited arent rantor)	Allergan Capital S.a.r.l. (Guaranto		Allerga Fundin SCS (Issuer	g	Allerga Finance LLC (Issuer at Guarante	e, nd	Non- trantors	Elin	ninations	nsolidated Warner Chilcott Limited
Net revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,672.1	\$	-	\$ 3,672.1
Operating expenses:												
Cost of sales (excludes amortization and impairment of acquired intangibles including												
product rights)		-		-		-		-	522.8		-	522.8
Research and development		-		-		-		-	474.7		-	474.7
Selling and marketing		-		-		-		-	800.0		-	800.0
General and administrative		-		-	((0.7)		-	294.8		-	294.1
Amortization		-		-		-		-	1,697.6		-	1,697.6
In-process research and development impairments		-		-		-		-	522.0		-	522.0
Asset sales and impairments, net		_		-		-		-	13.1		-	13.1
Total operating expenses		-		-	(0.7)		-	4,325.0		-	 4,324.3
Operating income / (loss)				-		0.7		-	(652.9)		-	(652.2)
				_								
Interest income / (expense), net		-	259	.0	((3.3)	(2	1.2)	(414.8)		-	(180.3)
Other (expense), net		-		-		-		-	(78.8)		-	(78.8)
Total other income / (expense), net		_	259	.0		3.3)	(2	1.2)	(493.6)		-	(259.1)
Income / (loss) before income taxes and												
noncontrolling interest		-	259	.0		(2.6)	(2	1.2)	(1,146.5)		-	(911.3)
Provision / (benefit) for income taxes		-		-		0.3	(1	2.2)	(670.3)		-	(682.2)
Losses / (earnings) of equity interest subsidiaries		231.3	506	.0	33	1.7	64	5.3			(1,714.3)	_
Net (loss) / income	\$	(231.3)	\$ (247	.0)	\$ (33	4.6)	\$ (65	4.3)	\$ (476.2)	\$	1,714.3	\$ (229.1)
(Income) attributable to noncontrolling interest		-		-		-		-	(2.2)		-	(2.2)
Net (loss) / income attributable to members	\$	(231.3)	\$ (247	.0)	\$ (33	4.6)	\$ (65	4.3)	\$ (478.4)	\$	1,714.3	\$ (231.3)
Other comprehensive income / (loss), net of tax		183.8	270	.6	11	8.5	35	8.5	183.8		(931.4)	 183.8
Comprehensive (loss) / income attributable to members	\$	(47.5)	\$ 23			6.1)	\$ (29		\$ (294.6)	\$	782.9	\$ (47.5)
				_								

Warner Chilcott Limited Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 (Unaudited; in millions)

	Warner Chilcott Limited (Parent Guarantor)	Allergan Capital S.a.r.l. (Guarantor)	Allergan Funding SCS (Issuer)	Allergan Finance, LLC (Issuer and Guarantor)	Non- guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated Warner Chilcott Limited
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:							
Net (loss) / income	\$ (2,405.7)	\$ (2,368.4)	\$ (869.0)	\$ (2,397.3)	\$ (2,302.0)	\$ 7,937.4	\$ (2,405.0)
Reconciliation to net cash provided by / (used in)							
operating activities:							
Losses / (earnings) of equity interest subsidiaries	2,405.7	2,345.0	809.3	2,377.4	-	(7,937.4)	-
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	47.5	-	47.5
Amortization	-	-	-	-	1,399.4	-	1,399.4
Provision for inventory reserve	-	-	-	-	18.8	-	18.8
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	-	52.3	-	52.3
Deferred income tax benefit	-	-	-	-	(229.7)	-	(229.7)
Goodwill impairments	-	-	-	-	2,467.0		2,467.0
(Gain) on asset sales and impairments, net	-	-	-	-	(5.2)	-	(5.2)
Non-cash extinguishment of debt	-	-	-	-	0.3	-	0.3
Amortization of deferred financing costs	-	-	4.1	0.4	0.1	-	4.6
Non-cash lease expense	-	-	-	-	30.1	-	30.1
Contingent consideration adjustments, including							
accretion	-	-	-	-	18.7	-	18.7
Dividends from subsidiaries	1,045.8	-	-	-	-	(1,045.8)	-
Other, net	-	-	(1.3)	(0.4)	(8.6)	-	(10.3)
Changes in assets and liabilities (net of effects							
of acquisitions)	-	(207.4)	209.4	19.9	(196.2)	-	(174.3)
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating							
activities	1,045.8	(230.8)	152.5		1,292.5	(1,045.8)	1,214.2
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:							
Additions to property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	(64.8)	-	(64.8)
Additions to product rights and other intangibles	-	-	-	-	(7.5)	-	(7.5)
Additions to investments	-	-	-	-	(538.2)	-	(538.2)
Proceeds from sale of investments and other assets	-	289.4	-	-	279.7	-	569.1
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	17.2	-	17.2
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired	-	-	-	-	(80.6)	-	(80.6)
Net cash provided by / (used in) investing							
activities	-	289.4	-	-	(394.2)	-	(104.8)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:							
Payments on debt, including finance lease							
obligations and credit facility	-	_	(152.0)	-	(7.4)	_	(159.4)
Payments of contingent consideration and other							
financing	-	-	-	-	(2.0)	-	(2.0)
Dividends to Parents	(1,045.8)	-	-	-	(1,045.8)	1,045.8	(1,045.8)
Net cash (used in) / provided by financing							
activities	(1,045.8)	-	(152.0)	-	(1,055.2)	1,045.8	(1,207.2)
Effect of currency exchange rate changes on cash							
and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	5.9	-	5.9
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash							
equivalents	-	58.6	0.5	_	(151.0)	-	(91.9)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	0.1	1.8	0.8	_	875.9	-	878.6
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 0.1	\$ 60.4	\$ 1.3	\$ -	\$ 724.9	\$ -	\$ 786.7
1							

Warner Chilcott Limited Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 (Unaudited; in millions)

	Warner Chilcott Limited (Parent Guarantor)	<u> </u>	Allergan Capital S.a.r.l. (Guarantor)		Allergan Funding SCS (Issuer)	F (Is	llergan inance, LLC suer and arantor)	gu	Non- arantors	Elir	minations	,	nsolidated Warner Chilcott Limited
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:													
Net (loss) / income	\$ (231.3	3)	\$ (247.0)	\$	(334.6)	\$	(654.3)	\$	(476.2)	\$	1,714.3	\$	(229.1)
Reconciliation to net cash provided by / (used in)	,												
operating activities:													
Losses / (earnings) of equity interest subsidiaries	231.3	3	506.0		331.7		645.3		-		(1,714.3)		-
Depreciation	-		-		-		-		56.1		-		56.1
Amortization			-		-		-		1,697.6		-		1,697.6
Provision for inventory reserve	-		-		-		-		14.2		-		14.2
Share-based compensation			-		-		-		72.5		-		72.5
Deferred income tax benefit	-		-		-		-		(1,026.4)		-		(1,026.4)
In-process research and development impairments			-		-		-		522.0		-		522.0
Loss on asset sales and impairments, net			_		-		-		13.1		-		13.1
Loss on sale of Teva securities, net			-		-		-		77.7		-		77.7
Amortization of deferred financing costs			_		5.9		0.4		_		-		6.3
Contingent consideration adjustments, including accretion			-		_		_		5.3		_		5.3
Dividends from subsidiaries	1,859.5	5	_		_		_		-		(1,859.5)		-
Other, net	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		_		(1.5)		(0.4)		8.4		-		6.5
Changes in assets and liabilities (net of effects of acquisitions)	_		(1,675.2)		3,498.5		9.0		(1,453.5)		_		378.8
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating		-		_				_	, , , , , ,	_	_		
activities	1,859.5	5	(1,416.2)		3,500.0		_		(489.2)		(1,859.5)		1,594.6
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:			(3,110,2)			_	_		(1001=)	_	(-,)		- 1,0 / 1.10
Additions to property, plant and equipment			_		_		_		(46.4)		_		(46.4)
Additions to investments	_		(400.0)		_		_		(1,055.9)		_		(1,455.9)
Proceeds from sale of investments and other assets			800.0		_		_		4,089.5		_		4,889.5
Payments to settle Teva related matters	_		-		_		_		(466.0)		_		(466.0)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment			_		_		-		11.1		_		11.1
Net cash provided by investing activities		-	400.0			_			2,532.3	_		_	2,932.3
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:	_	-	400.0	_		_		_	2,332.3	_		_	2,932.3
Proceeds from borrowings of long-term indebtedness, including credit facility			700.0						9.0				709.0
Payments on debt, including finance lease	•	-	700.0		-		-		9.0		-		709.0
obligations and credit facility		-	(200.0)		(3,500.0)		-		(622.1)		-		(4,322.1)
Payments of contingent consideration and other									(0.2)				(0.2)
financing	•	•	-		-		-		(9.3)		-		(9.3)
Proceeds from forward sale of Teva securities	•		-		-		-		372.3		-		372.3
Payments to settle Teva related matters	(1.050.5	- \	-		-		_		(234.0)		1.050.5		(234.0)
Dividends to Parents	(1,859.5)		_					(1,859.5)	_	1,859.5	_	(1,859.5)
Net cash (used in) / provided by financing activities	(1,859.5	5)	500.0		(3,500.0)				(2,343.6)		1,859.5		(5,343.6)
Effect of currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		-			_		<u>-</u>		(5.3)		<u>-</u>		(5.3)
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			(516.2)				-		(305.8)		-		(822.0)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	0.1		593.1		0.1		-		1,223.0		-		1,816.3
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 0.1		\$ 76.9	\$	0.1	\$	-	\$	917.2	\$	-	\$	994.3

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion of our financial condition and the results of operations should be read in conjunction with the "Consolidated Financial Statements" and notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q ("Quarterly Report") and our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 (the "Annual Report"). This discussion contains forward-looking statements that are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks, uncertainties and other factors include, among others, those identified under "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report, and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report.

References throughout to "we," "our," "us," the "Company" or "Allergan" refer to financial information and transactions of Allergan plc. References to "Warner Chilcott Limited" refer to Warner Chilcott Limited, the Company's indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, and, unless the context otherwise requires, its subsidiaries. Warner Chilcott Limited is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Allergan plc, the ultimate parent of the group (together with other direct or indirect parents of Warner Chilcott Limited, the "Parents"). The results of Warner Chilcott Limited are consolidated into the results of Allergan plc. Due to the deminimis activity between Warner Chilcott Limited and the Parents (including Allergan plc), content throughout this filing relates to both Allergan plc and Warner Chilcott Limited. Warner Chilcott Limited disclosures relate only to itself and not to any other company.

Recent Business Transactions

The following are the significant transactions that were completed or announced in the three months ended March 31, 2019.

Envy Medical, Inc.

On March 26, 2019, the Company acquired Envy Medical, Inc. ("Envy"), a privately held medical aesthetics company that specializes in non-surgical, non-invasive skin resurfacing systems for an acquisition accounting purchase price of \$81.4 million, which includes \$67.4 million of product rights and other intangibles, \$34.1 million of goodwill and other assets and liabilities. The transaction was treated as a business combination. The acquisition combines Envy's skin care product portfolio with the Company's leading medical aesthetics business.

Operating Results for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

Results of operations, including segment net revenues, segment operating expenses and segment contribution consisted of the following for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019											
	US Specialized Therapeutics			Inte	rnational		Total					
Net revenues	\$ 1,542.9	\$	1,249.9	\$	801.5	\$	3,594.3					
Operating expenses:												
Cost of sales(1)	120.1		190.5		109.7		420.3					
Selling and marketing	356.8		210.5		237.6		804.9					
General and administrative	54.6		43.8		25.7		124.1					
Segment contribution	\$ 1,011.4	\$	805.1	\$	428.5	\$	2,245.0					
Contribution margin	 65.6 %		64.4 %		53.5 %		62.5 %					
Corporate(2)							258.0					
Research and development							435.0					
Amortization							1,399.4					
Goodwill impairments							2,467.0					
Asset sales and impairments, net							(5.2)					
Operating (loss)						\$	(2,309.2)					
Operating margin							(64.2)%					

⁽¹⁾ Excludes amortization and impairment of acquired intangibles including product rights, as well as indirect cost of sales not attributable to segment results.

⁽²⁾ Corporate includes net revenues of \$2.8 million.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2018									
	US S	pecialized	US	General						
	The	rapeutics	Medicine		Inte	rnational		Total		
Net revenues	\$	1,578.6	\$	1,223.7	\$	864.0	\$	3,666.3		
Operating expenses:										
Cost of sales(1)		134.2		182.6		120.9		437.7		
Selling and marketing		313.2		225.5		245.7		784.4		
General and administrative		50.2		38.9		31.4		120.5		
Segment contribution	\$	1,081.0	\$	776.7	\$	466.0	\$	2,323.7		
Contribution margin		68.5 %		63.5 %		53.9 %		63.4 %		
Corporate(2)								270.3		
Research and development								474.7		
Amortization								1,697.6		
In-process research and development impairments								522.0		
Asset sales and impairments, net								13.1		
Operating (loss)							\$	(654.0)		
Operating margin								(17.8)%		

⁽¹⁾ Excludes amortization and impairment of acquired intangibles including product rights, as well as indirect cost of sales not attributable to segment results.

⁽²⁾ Corporate includes net revenues of \$5.8 million.

US Specialized Therapeutics Segment

The following table presents top product sales and net contribution for the US Specialized Therapeutics segment for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in millions):

Restasis® 231.7 255.8 (24.1 Alphagan®/Combigan® 83.0 84.2 (1.2 Lumigan®/Ganfor® 57.7 66.8 (9.1 Eye Drops 49.4 46.2 3.2 Ozurdex® 30.3 25.5 4.8 Other Eye Care 13.0 12.6 0.4 Total Medical Aesthetics 366.5 327.7 38.8 Botox® Cosmetics 229.5 196.7 32.8 Botox® Cosmetics 229.5 196.7 32.8 Buvederm® Collection 129.7 122.8 6.9 Kybella® 7.3 8.2 (0.9 Plastic Surgery 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Regenerative Medicine 122.9 128.2 (5.3 Alloderm® 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Cools		r	Three Months Ended March 31,			Change			
Restasis® 231.7 255.8 (24.1 Alphagan®/Combigan® 83.0 84.2 (1.2 Lumigan®/Canfor® 57.7 66.8 (9.1) Eye Drops 49.4 46.2 3.2 Ozurdex® 30.3 25.5 4.8 Other Eye Care 13.0 12.6 0.4 Total Medical Aesthetics 366.5 327.7 38.8 Botox® Cosmetics 229.5 196.7 32.8 Botox® Cosmetics 229.5 196.7 32.8 Juvederm® Collection 129.7 122.8 6.9 Kybella® 7.3 8.2 (0.9 Plastic Surgery 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Regenerative Medicine 12.9 128.2 (5.3 Alloderm® 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Cool		_	2019		2018]	Dollars	%	
Restasis® 231.7 255.8 (24.1 Alphagan®/Combigan® 83.0 84.2 (1.2 Lumigan®/Canfor® 57.7 66.8 (9.1) Eye Drops 49.4 46.2 3.2 Ozurdex® 30.3 25.5 4.8 Other Eye Care 13.0 12.6 0.4 Total Medical Aesthetics 648.2 635.6 12.6 Facial Aesthetics 366.5 327.7 38.8 Botox® Cosmetics 229.5 196.7 32.8 Botox® Cosmetics 229.5 196.7 32.8 Juvedem® Collection 129.7 122.8 6.9 Kybella® 7.3 8.2 (0.9 Plastic Surgery 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Regenerative Medicine 12.9 128.2 (5.3 Alloderm® 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Bod	otal Eye Care	\$	465.1	\$	491.1	\$	(26.0)	(5.3)%	
Lumigan®/Ganfort® 57.7 66.8 (9.1 Eye Drops 49.4 46.2 3.2 Ozurdex® 30.3 25.5 4.8 Other Eye Care 13.0 12.6 0.4 Total Medical Aesthetics 648.2 635.6 12.6 Facial Aesthetics 366.5 327.7 38.8 Botox® Cosmetics 229.5 196.7 32.8 Juvederm® Collection 129.7 122.8 6.9 Kybella® 7.3 8.2 (0.9 Plastic Surgery 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breagnerative Medicine 122.9 128.2 (5.3 Alloderm® 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6			231.7		255.8		(24.1)	(9.4)%	
Eye Drops 49.4 46.2 3.2 Ozurdex® 30.3 25.5 4.8 Other Eye Care 13.0 12.6 0.4 Total Medical Aesthetics 648.2 635.6 12.6 Facial Aesthetics 366.5 327.7 38.8 Botox® Cosmetics 229.5 196.7 32.8 Juvederm® Collection 129.7 122.8 6.9 Kybella® 7.3 8.2 0.9 Plastic Surgery 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Regenerative Medicine 122.9 128.2 6.3 Alloderm® 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8	Alphagan®/Combigan®		83.0		84.2		(1.2)	(1.4)%	
Ozurdex® 30.3 25.5 4.8 Other Eye Care 13.0 12.6 0.4 Total Medical Aesthetics 648.2 635.6 12.6 Facial Aesthetics 366.5 327.7 38.8 Botox® Cosmetics 229.5 196.7 32.8 Juvederm® Collection 129.7 122.8 6.9 Kybella® 7.3 8.2 (0.9 Plastic Surgery 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Regenerative Medicine 12.9 128.2 (5.3 Alloderm® 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Colsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Colsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 <	Lumigan®/Ganfort®		57.7		66.8		(9.1)	(13.6)%	
Other Eye Care 13.0 12.6 0.4 Total Medical Aesthetics 648.2 635.6 12.6 Facial Aesthetics 366.5 327.7 38.8 Botox® Cosmetics 229.5 196.7 32.8 Juvederm® Collection 129.7 122.8 6.9 Kybella® 7.3 8.2 (0.9 Plastic Surgery 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Regenerative Medicine 122.9 128.2 6.3 Other Regenerative Medicine 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 4.5 20.	Eye Drops		49.4		46.2		3.2	6.9%	
Total Medical Aesthetics 648.2 635.6 12.6 Facial Aesthetics 366.5 327.7 38.8 Botox® Cosmetics 229.5 196.7 32.8 Juvedem® Collection 129.7 122.8 6.9 Kybella® 7.3 8.2 (0.9 Plastic Surgery 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Allodem® 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 (30.6 Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4	Ozurdex [®]		30.3		25.5		4.8	18.8%	
Facial Aesthetics 366.5 327.7 38.8 Botox® Cosmetics 229.5 196.7 32.8 Juvederm® Collection 129.7 122.8 6.9 Kybella® 7.3 8.2 (0.9 Plastic Surgery 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Regenerative Medicine 122.9 128.2 5.3 Alloderm® 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medicial Dermatology 6.1 36.7 (30.6 Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medicial Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 49.4	Other Eye Care		13.0		12.6		0.4	3.2%	
Botox® Cosmetics 229.5 196.7 32.8 Juvedem® Collection 129.7 122.8 6.9 Kybella® 7.3 8.2 (0.9 Plastic Surgery 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Regenerative Medicine 122.9 128.2 5.3 Alloderm® 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 30.6 Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medical Dermatology(4) 49.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8	otal Medical Aesthetics		648.2		635.6		12.6	2.0%	
Juvederm® Collection 129.7 122.8 6.9 Kybella® 7.3 8.2 (0.9 Plastic Surgery 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Regenerative Medicine 122.9 128.2 (5.3 Alloderm® 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 (30.6 Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Other revenues 15.78.6 (35.7 Operating expenses:	Facial Aesthetics		366.5		327.7		38.8	11.8%	
Kybella® 7.3 8.2 (0.9 Plastic Surgery 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Regenerative Medicine 122.9 128.2 (5.3 Allodem® 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 (30.6 Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues 1,542.9 1,578.6 <	Botox® Cosmetics		229.5		196.7		32.8	16.7%	
Plastic Surgery 61.2 60.7 0.5 Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Regenerative Medicine 122.9 128.2 5.3 Alloderm® 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Body Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 (30.6 Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 12.1	Juvederm® Collection		129.7		122.8		6.9	5.6%	
Breast Implants 61.2 60.7 0.5 Regenerative Medicine 122.9 128.2 5.3 Allodem® 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 (30.6 Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues 51,542.9	Kybella®		7.3		8.2		(0.9)	(11.0)%	
Regenerative Medicine 122.9 128.2 (5.3) Alloderm® 95.0 99.5 (4.5) Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8) Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2) Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6) Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6) Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 (30.6) Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4) Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2) Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0) Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5) Net revenues \$ 1,542.9 \$ 1,578.6 \$ 35.7 Operating expenses: 2 2 10.2 10.2 10.2 10.2 <td>Plastic Surgery</td> <td></td> <td>61.2</td> <td></td> <td>60.7</td> <td></td> <td>0.5</td> <td>0.8%</td>	Plastic Surgery		61.2		60.7		0.5	0.8%	
Alloderm® 95.0 99.5 (4.5 Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 (30.6 Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues 15.1 15.78.6 35.7 Operating expenses: 2 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 </td <td>Breast Implants</td> <td></td> <td>61.2</td> <td></td> <td>60.7</td> <td></td> <td>0.5</td> <td>0.8%</td>	Breast Implants		61.2		60.7		0.5	0.8%	
Other Regenerative Medicine 27.9 28.7 (0.8 Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 (30.6 Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues 15.1 15.78.6 \$ (35.7 Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 120.1 134.2 (14.1 Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6							(5.3)	(4.1)%	
Body Contouring 62.9 87.1 (24.2 Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 (30.6 Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues \$ 1,542.9 \$ 1,578.6 \$ 35.7 Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 120.1 134.2 (14.1 Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6	Alloderm®		95.0				(4.5)	(4.5)%	
Coolsculpting® Consumables 47.8 53.4 (5.6 Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 (30.6 Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues \$ 1,542.9 \$ 1,578.6 \$ (35.7 Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 120.1 134.2 (14.1 Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6	Other Regenerative Medicine		27.9		28.7		(0.8)	(2.8)%	
Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 15.1 33.7 (18.6 Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 (30.6 Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues \$ 1,542.9 \$ 1,578.6 \$ 35.7 Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 120.1 134.2 (14.1 Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6							(24.2)	(27.8)%	
Skin Care(3) 34.7 31.9 2.8 Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 (30.6 Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues \$ 1,542.9 \$ 1,578.6 \$ 35.7 Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 120.1 134.2 (14.1 Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6			47.8		53.4		(5.6)	(10.5)%	
Total Medical Dermatology 6.1 36.7 (30.6 Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues \$ 1,542.9 \$ 1,578.6 \$ (35.7 Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 120.1 134.2 (14.1 Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6	Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Ap		15.1		33.7		(18.6)	(55.2)%	
Aczone® 1.6 16.0 (14.4 Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues \$ 1,542.9 \$ 1,578.6 \$ (35.7 Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 120.1 134.2 (14.1 Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6			34.7		31.9		2.8	8.8%	
Other Medical Dermatology(4) 4.5 20.7 (16.2 Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues \$ 1,542.9 \$ 1,578.6 \$ (35.7 Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 120.1 134.2 (14.1 Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6	otal Medical Dermatology		6.1		36.7		(30.6)	(83.4)%	
Total Neuroscience and Urology 409.4 398.6 10.8 Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues \$ 1,542.9 \$ 1,578.6 \$ (35.7 Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 120.1 134.2 (14.1 Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6	Aczone®		1.6		16.0		(14.4)	(90.0)%	
Botox® Therapeutics(5) 397.6 375.8 21.8 Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues \$ 1,542.9 \$ 1,578.6 \$ (35.7 Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 120.1 134.2 (14.1 Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6							(16.2)	(78.3)%	
Rapaflo® 11.8 22.8 (11.0 Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues \$ 1,542.9 \$ 1,578.6 \$ (35.7) Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 120.1 134.2 (14.1) Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6							10.8	2.7%	
Other revenues 14.1 16.6 (2.5 Net revenues \$ 1,542.9 \$ 1,578.6 \$ (35.7) Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 120.1 134.2 (14.1) Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6							21.8	5.8%	
Net revenues \$ 1,542.9 \$ 1,578.6 \$ (35.7) Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 120.1 134.2 (14.1) Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6	Rapaflo®						(11.0)	(48.2)%	
Operating expenses: Incomparison of sales (1) Incomparison	ther revenues		14.1		16.6		(2.5)	(15.1)%	
Cost of sales(1) 120.1 134.2 (14.1 Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6	et revenues	\$	1,542.9	\$	1,578.6	\$	(35.7)	(2.3)%	
Selling and marketing 356.8 313.2 43.6	perating expenses:								
***************************************	Cost of sales(1)		120.1		134.2		(14.1)	(10.5)%	
General and administrative	Selling and marketing		356.8		313.2		43.6	13.9%	
	General and administrative		54.6		50.2		4.4	8.8 %	
Segment contribution \$ 1,011.4 \$ 1,081.0 \$ (69.6	Segment contribution	\$	1,011.4	\$	1,081.0	\$	(69.6)	(6.4)%	
Segment margin 65.6% 68.5%	Segment margin		65.6%	/ ₆	68.5%			(2.9)%	
Segment gross margin(2) 92.2% 91.5%	8			-				0.7%	

⁽¹⁾ Excludes amortization and impairment of acquired intangibles including product rights, as well as indirect cost of sales not attributable to segment results

 $^{(2) \} Defined \ as \ net \ revenues \ less \ segment \ related \ cost \ of sales \ as \ a \ percentage \ of \ net \ revenues.$

⁽³⁾ Includes SkinMedica® and Latisse®.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes Tazorac® sales of \$9.4 million which were previously disclosed separately in the three months ended March 31, 2018.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes Botox® Hyperhidrosis of \$17.3 million which was previously disclosed under Medical Dermatology in the three months ended March 31, 2018.

Net Revenues

The decrease in net revenues in the three months ended March 31, 2019 was primarily driven by decreases in Restasis®, Body Contouring and the third quarter 2018 divestiture of our Medical Dermatology business, partially offset by growth in Botox® Cosmetics and Botox® Therapeutics. The decline in Restasis® revenues was primarily due to price declines. Body Contouring decreased versus the prior year period primarily due to lower volumes of systems. Botox® Cosmetics and Botox® Therapeutics increased versus the prior year period primarily due to demand growth.

Cost of Sales

The decrease in cost of sales in the three months ended March 31, 2019 was primarily due to the decrease in net revenues and product mix.

Selling and Marketing Expenses

The increase in selling and marketing expenses in the three months ended March 31, 2019 was primarily related to increased promotional costs for Facial Aesthetics products.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses remained stable period over period.

US General Medicine Segment

The following table presents top product sales and net contribution for the US General Medicine segment for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in millions):

	Thi	Three Months Ended March 31,				Change			
		2019		2018	D	ollars	%		
Total Central Nervous System (CNS)	\$	293.5	\$	262.8	\$	30.7	11.7%		
Vraylar®		143.7		84.4		59.3	70.3%		
Viibryd®/Fetzima®		85.0		71.7		13.3	18.5%		
Saphris®		31.9		32.7		(0.8)	(2.4)%		
Namzaric®		23.4		33.4		(10.0)	(29.9)%		
Namenda®(3)		9.5		40.6		(31.1)	(76.6)%		
Total Gastrointestinal (GI)		358.2		388.7		(30.5)	(7.8)%		
Linzess®		161.3		159.3		2.0	1.3%		
Zenpep®		63.0		52.9		10.1	19.1%		
Carafate®/Sulcrate®		54.3		56.0		(1.7)	(3.0)%		
Viberzi®		37.2		35.9		1.3	3.6%		
Asacol®/Delzicol®		24.7		38.2		(13.5)	(35.3)%		
Canasa®/Salofalk®		10.2		38.6		(28.4)	(73.6)%		
Other GI		7.5		7.8		(0.3)	(3.8)%		
Total Women's Health		201.0		163.3		37.7	23.1 %		
Lo Loestrin®		125.8		114.6		11.2	9.8%		
Liletta®		14.8		8.1		6.7	82.7%		
Other Women's Health(4)(5)		60.4		40.6		19.8	48.8%		
Total Anti-Infectives		81.6		71.6		10.0	14.0%		
Teflaro [®]		33.5		32.2		1.3	4.0%		
Avycaz®		29.7		21.8		7.9	36.2%		
Dalvance®		12.0		11.9		0.1	0.8%		
Other Anti-Infectives		6.4		5.7		0.7	12.3%		
Diversified Brands		270.9		274.9		(4.0)	(1.5)%		
Bystolic®/ Byvalson®		128.3		132.8		(4.5)	(3.4)%		
Armour Thyroid		50.0		48.2		1.8	3.7%		
Savella®		20.7		19.9		0.8	4.0%		
Other Diversified Brands(6)(7)		71.9		74.0		(2.1)	(2.8)%		
Other revenues		44.7		62.4		(17.7)	(28.4)%		
Net revenues	\$	1,249.9	\$	1,223.7	\$	26.2	2.1 %		
Operating expenses:			'						
Cost of sales(1)		190.5		182.6		7.9	4.3%		
Selling and marketing		210.5		225.5		(15.0)	(6.7)%		
General and administrative		43.8		38.9		4.9	12.6%		
Segment contribution	\$	805.1	\$	776.7	\$	28.4	3.7%		
Segment margin		64.4%		63.5%			0.9%		
Segment gross margin(2)		84.8%		85.1%			(0.3)%		

⁽¹⁾ Excludes amortization and impairment of acquired intangibles including product rights, as well as indirect cost of sales not attributable to segment results.

⁽²⁾ Defined as net revenues less segment related cost of sales as a percentage of net revenues.

⁽³⁾ Includes Namenda XR^{\circledR} and Namenda $^{\circledR}$ IR.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes Estrace® Cream sales of \$6.4 million which were previously disclosed separately in the three months ended March 31, 2018.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes Minastrin® 24 sales of \$5.2 million which were previously disclosed separately in the three months ended March 31, 2018.

⁽⁶⁾ Includes Lexapro® sales of \$14.7 million which were previously disclosed separately in the three months ended March 31, 2018.

⁽⁷⁾ Includes PacPharma sales of \$4.4 million which were previously disclosed separately in the three months ended March 31, 2018.

Net Revenues

The increase in net revenues in the three months ended March 31, 2019 was primarily due to growth in CNS and Women's Health, offset, in part, by a decline in GI revenues. CNS revenues increased primarily due to strong demand growth for Vraylar® and Viibryd®, offset, in part by the decline in Namenda XR® as a result of loss of exclusivity. Women's Health revenues increased primarily due to an increase in demand for Lo Loestrin®. GI was negatively affected by the generic impact on Canasa®/Salofalk® and Asacol®, offset, in part by an increase in demand growth for Zenpep®.

Cost of Sales

The increase in cost of sales in the three months ended March 31, 2019 was primarily due to an increase in net revenues.

Selling and Marketing Expenses

The decrease in selling and marketing expenses in the three months ended March 31, 2019 was related to lower promotional costs.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses increased \$4.9 million period over period.

International Segment

The following table presents top product sales and net contribution for the International segment for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in millions):

Three Months Ended March 31, Change

Part		 Marc	ш эт,			Change							
Total Eye Care S. 291.8 S. 343.7 S. (\$1.9) S. (\$2.3) \$ (\$2.5) \$						\$		\$		\$	%	%	%
Total Page Care S 291.8 S 343.7 S (51.9) S (22.3) S (29.6) (15.1)% (6.5)% (8.6)% Lumigam®/Ganfort® 8.5.1 100.4 (15.3) (7.8) (7.5) (15.2)% (7.8)% (7.4)% (2019		2018									
Ozarder® 63.1	Total Eye Care	\$ 291.8	\$	343.7	\$	(51.9)	\$	(22.3)	\$		(15.1)%	(6.5)%	
Eyp Drops(4) 55.4 68.8 (13.4) (7.3) (6.1) (19.5)% (10.6)% (8.9)% Alphagam®/Combigam® 37.6 44.2 (6.6) (2.4) (4.2) (14.9)% (5.4)% (9.5)% (Restasis® 10.4 18.3 (7.9) (6.5) (1.4) (43.2)% (55.5)% (7.7)% (0ther Eye Care 40.2 47.6 (7.4) (2.6) (4.8) (15.5)% (5.5)% (5.5)% (10.0)% (7.7)% (10.0) (1.	Lumigan®/Ganfort®	85.1		100.4		(15.3)		(7.8)		(7.5)	(15.2)%	(7.8)%	(7.4)%
Alphagam®/Combigam®	Ozurdex®	63.1		64.4		(1.3)		4.3		(5.6)	(2.0)%	6.7%	(8.7)%
Restacis®	Eye Drops(4)	55.4		68.8		(13.4)		(7.3)		(6.1)	(19.5)%	(10.6)%	(8.9)%
Other Eye Care 40.2 47.6 (7.4) (2.6) (4.8) (15.5)% (5.5)% (10.0)% Total Medical Aesthetics 352.8 358.5 (5.7) 26.0 (31.7) (1.6)% 7.3% (8.9)% Pacial Aesthetics 306.8 296.1 10.7 39.6 (28.9) 3.6% 13.4% (9.8)% Juvedern® Collection 157.8 146.1 11.7 26.7 (15.0) 8.0% 18.3% (10.3)% Boto® Cosmetics 147.4 148.6 (1.2) 12.6 (13.8) (0.8)% 8.5% (9.3)% Belkyra® (Kybella®) 1.6 1.4 0.2 0.3 (0.1) 14.3% 21.4% (7.1)% Phatic Surgery 1.6 44.5 (32.9) (31.8) (1.1) (73.9)% (71.5% (2.4)% Breast Implants 11.2 44.1 (32.9) (31.8) (1.1) (74.6)% (72.1)% (2.5)% Other Plastic Surgery 0.4 0.4 - -	Alphagan®/Combigan®	37.6		44.2		(6.6)		(2.4)		(4.2)	(14.9)%	(5.4)%	(9.5)%
Total Medical Aesthetics 352.8 358.5 (5.7) 26.0 (31.7) (1.6)% 7.3 % (8.9)%	Restasis®	10.4		18.3		(7.9)		(6.5)		(1.4)	(43.2)%	(35.5)%	(7.7)%
Facial Aestheties 306.8 296.1 10.7 39.6 (28.9) 3.6% 13.4% (9.8)% Juvederm® Collection 157.8 146.1 11.7 26.7 (15.0) 8.0% 18.3% (10.3)% Botox® Cosmetics 147.4 148.6 (1.2) 12.6 (13.8) (0.8)% 8.5% (9.3)% Belkyra® (Kybella®) 1.6 1.4 0.2 0.3 (0.1) 14.3% 21.4% (7.1)% Brast Implants 11.2 44.1 (32.9) (31.8) (1.1) (74.6)% (72.1)% (2.5)% Other Plastic Surgery 0.4 0.4 - - - 0.0% (0.2) (32.7)% (28.6)% (4.1)% Alloderm® 1.6 2.2 (0.6) (0.6) - (0.2) (32.7)% (28.6)% (4.1)% Alloderm® 1.6 2.2 (0.6) (0.6) - (27.3)% (27.3)% (27.3)% (0.9% 0.0% Other Regenerative Medicine 1.7 2.7 (1.0) (0.8) (0.2) (37.0)% (29.6)% (7.4)% Body Contouring 28.4 9.2 19.2 20.5 (1.3) n.m. n.m. n.m. Coolsculpting® Consumables 17.8 8.1 9.7 10.5 (0.8) n.m. n.m. n.m. Coolsculpting® Systems & 10.6 1.1 9.5 10.0 (0.5) n.m. n.m. n.m. n.m. Coolsculpting® Systems & 10.6 1.1 9.5 10.0 (0.5) n.m. n.m. n.m. n.m. Botox® Therapeutics and Other 138.8 149.7 (10.9) 0.8 (11.7) (7.3)% 0.5% (7.8)% Botox® Therapeutics 93.9 96.2 (2.3) 6.4 (8.7) (2.4)% (6.0)% (6.0)% Asacol®/Debzicol® 10.3 11.7 (1.4) (0.7) (0.7) (12.0)% (6.0)% (6.0)% Constella® 5.5 5.6 (0.1) 0.3 (0.4) (1.8)% 5.4% (7.2)% Other Products 29.1 36.2 (7.1) (5.2) (1.9) (1.9.6)% (1.4)% (5.2)% Other Products 29.1 36.2 (7.1) (5.2) (1.9) (1.9.6)% (1.4)% (5.2)% Other Products 5.5 5.6 (0.1) (0.5) (0.3) (0.3) (0.3) (0.4) (1.8)% (5.2)% Other Products 5.5 5.6 (0.1) (5.2) (1.9) (1.9.6)% (1.6)% (7.7)% (5.2)% Other Products 5.5 5.6 (0.1) (5.2) (1.9) (1.9.6)% (1.6)% (5.2)% (5.2)% Other Products 5.5 5.6 (0.1) (5.2) (1.9) (1.9.6)% (5.2)% (5.2)% (5.2)% (5.2)% (5.	Other Eye Care	40.2		47.6		(7.4)		(2.6)		(4.8)	(15.5)%	(5.5)%	(10.0)%
Juvederm® Collection 157.8 146.1 11.7 26.7 (15.0) 8.0% 18.3% (10.3)% Botox® Cosmetics 147.4 148.6 (1.2) 12.6 (15.8) (0.8)% 8.5% (9.3)% Belkyra® (Kybella®) 1.6 1.4 0.2 0.3 (0.1) 14.3% 21.4% (7.1)% Plastic Surgery 11.6 44.5 (32.9) (31.8) (1.1) (73.9)% (71.5)% (24.1)% Breast Implants 11.2 44.1 (32.9) (31.8) (1.1) (74.6)% (72.1)% (2.5)% Other Plastic Surgery 0.4 0.4 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Regenerative Medicine 3.3 4.9 (1.6) (1.4) (0.2) (32.7)% (28.6)% (4.1)% Alloderm® 1.6 2.2 (0.6) (0.6) - (27.3)% (27.3)% 0.0% Alloderm® 1.6 2.2 (0.6) (0.6) - (27.3)% (27.3)% 0.0% Medicine 1.7 2.7 (1.0) (0.8) (0.2) (37.0)% (29.6)% (7.4)% Body Contouring 28.4 9.2 19.2 20.5 (1.3) n.m. n.m. n.m. Coolsculpting® Consumables 17.8 8.1 9.7 10.5 (0.8) n.m. n.m. n.m. Coolsculpting® Systems & 10.6 1.1 9.5 10.0 (0.5) n.m. n.m. n.m. n.m. Botox® Therapeutics and Other 138.8 149.7 (10.9) 0.8 (11.7) (7.3)% (23.7)% (52.2)% Botox® Therapeutics and Other 138.8 149.7 (10.9) 0.8 (11.7) (7.3)% (2.4)% (5.7)% (7.8)% Botox® Therapeutics 93.9 96.2 (2.3) 6.4 (8.7) (2.4)% (6.0)%	Total Medical Aesthetics	352.8		358.5		(5.7)		26.0		(31.7)	(1.6)%	7.3 %	(8.9)%
Botox® Cosmetics 147.4 148.6 (1.2) 12.6 (13.8) (0.8)% 8.5% (9.3)% Belkyra® (Kybella®) 1.6 1.4 0.2 0.3 (0.1) 14.3% 21.4% (7.1)% Plastic Surgery 11.6 44.5 (32.9) (31.8) (1.1) (73.9)% (71.5)% (2.4)% (7.1)% Breast Implants 11.2 44.1 (32.9) (31.8) (1.1) (74.6)% (72.1)% (2.5)% (0.6) (0	Facial Aesthetics	306.8		296.1		10.7		39.6		(28.9)	3.6%	13.4%	(9.8)%
Belkyra® (Kybella®)	Juvederm® Collection	157.8		146.1		11.7		26.7		(15.0)	8.0%	18.3%	(10.3)%
Plastic Surgery	Botox® Cosmetics	147.4		148.6		(1.2)		12.6		(13.8)	(0.8)%	8.5%	(9.3)%
Breast Implants	Belkyra® (Kybella®)	1.6		1.4		0.2		0.3		(0.1)	14.3%	21.4%	(7.1)%
Other Plastic Surgery 0.4 0.4 0.4 1.6 1.7 0.0% (0.0% 0.0% 0.0% (0.0% Regenerative Medicine 3.3 4.9 (1.6) (1.4) (0.2) (32.7)% (28.6)% (4.1)% (4	Plastic Surgery	11.6		44.5		(32.9)		(31.8)		(1.1)	(73.9)%	(71.5)%	(2.4)%
Regenerative Medicine 3.3 4.9 (1.6) (1.4) (0.2) (32.7)% (28.6)% (4.1)% Alloderm® 1.6 2.2 (0.6) (0.6) - (27.3)% (27.3)% 0.0% Other Regenerative Medicine 1.7 2.7 (1.0) (0.8) (0.2) (37.0)% (29.6)% (7.4)% Medicine 1.7 2.7 (1.0) (0.8) (0.2) (37.0)% (29.6)% (7.4)% Medicine 1.7 2.7 (1.0) (0.8) (0.2) (37.0)% (29.6)% (7.4)% Medicine 1.7 2.7 (1.0) (0.8) (0.2) (37.0)% (29.6)% (7.4)% Medicine 1.7 2.7 (1.0) (0.8) (0.2) (37.0)% (29.6)% (7.4)% Medicine 1.7 2.7 (1.0) (0.8) (0.2) (0.8) n.m. n.m. n.m. N.m. n.m. n.m. n.m. n.m. Coolsculpting® Consumables 17.8 8.1 9.7 10.5 (0.8) n.m. n.m. n.m. n.m. Add On Applicators 10.6 1.1 9.5 10.0 (0.5) n.m. n.m. n.m. n.m. Skin Care 2.7 3.8 (1.1) (0.9) (0.2) (28.9)% (23.7)% (5.2)% Botox® Therapeutics and 138.8 149.7 (10.9) 0.8 (11.7) (7.3)% 0.5% (7.8)% Botox® Therapeutics 93.9 96.2 (2.3) 6.4 (8.7) (2.4)% 6.7% (9.1)% Asacol®/Delzicol® 10.3 11.7 (1.4) (0.7) (0.7) (0.7) (1.2)% (6.0)% (6.0)% Constella® 5.5 5.6 (0.1) 0.3 (0.4) (1.8)% 5.4% (7.2)% Other Products 29.1 36.2 (7.1) (5.2) (1.9) (19.6)% (14.4)% (5.2)% Other revenues 18.1 12.1 6.0 6.3 (0.3) 49.6% 52.1% (2.5)% Net revenues 5 801.5 5 864.0 5 (62.5) 5 10.8 (73.3) (7.2)% 1.3% (8.5)% Segment and administrative 25.7 31.4 (5.7) (3.4) (2.3) (18.2)% (10.8)% (7.4)% Segment margin 53.5% 53.9% (0.4)% (0.4)%	Breast Implants	11.2		44.1		(32.9)		(31.8)		(1.1)	(74.6)%	(72.1)%	(2.5)%
Alloderm® 1.6 2.2 (0.6) (0.6) - (27.3)% (27.3)% 0.0% Other Regenerative Medicine 1.7 2.7 (1.0) (0.8) (0.2) (37.0)% (29.6)% (7.4)% Body Contouring 28.4 9.2 19.2 20.5 (1.3) n.m. n.m. n.m. n.m. n.m. colsculpting® Consumables 17.8 8.1 9.7 10.5 (0.8) n.m. n.m. n.m. n.m. n.m. n.m. n.m. n.m	Other Plastic Surgery	0.4		0.4		-		-		-	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Regenerative Medicine 1.7 2.7 (1.0) (0.8) (0.2) (37.0)% (29.6)% (7.4)% Body Contouring 28.4 9.2 19.2 20.5 (1.3) n.m. n.m	Regenerative Medicine	3.3		4.9		(1.6)		(1.4)		(0.2)	(32.7)%	(28.6)%	(4.1)%
Medicine 1.7 2.7 (1.0) (0.8) (0.2) (37.0)% (29.5)% (7.4)%	Alloderm®	1.6		2.2		(0.6)		(0.6)		-	(27.3)%	(27.3)%	0.0%
Coolsculpting® Consumables		1.7		2.7		(1.0)		(0.8)		(0.2)	(37.0)%	(29.6)%	(7.4)%
Coolsculpting® Systems & Add On Applicators 10.6	Body Contouring	28.4		9.2		19.2		20.5		(1.3)	n.m.	n.m.	n.m.
Add On Applicators Skin Care 2.7 3.8 (1.1) (0.9) (0.2) (28.9)% (23.7)% (5.2)% Botox® Therapeutics and Other 138.8 149.7 (10.9) 0.8 (11.7) (7.3)% 0.5% (7.8)% 6.7% (9.1)% Asacol®/Delzicol® 10.3 11.7 (1.4) (0.7) (0.7) (0.7) (12.0)% (6.0)% (6.0)% (6.0)% (6.0)% Constella® 5.5 5.6 (0.1) 0.3 (0.4) (1.8)% 5.4% (7.2)% Other Products 29.1 36.2 (7.1) (5.2) (1.9) (19.6)% (14.4)% (5.2)% Net revenues 18.1 12.1 6.0 6.3 (0.3) 49.6% 52.1% (2.5)% Net revenues S 801.5 S 864.0 S (62.5) S 10.8 S (73.3) (7.2)% 1.3% (8.5)% General and administrative 25.7 31.4 (5.7) Segment contribution S 428.5 S 466.0 S 39.9% (0.4) (1.9) (9.3) (9.3)% (1.6)% (1.6)% (7.7)% Segment contribution S 428.5 S 466.0 S 39.9% (0.4)%	Coolsculpting® Consumables	17.8		8.1		9.7		10.5		(0.8)	n.m.	n.m.	n.m.
Botox® Therapeutics and Other 138.8 149.7 (10.9) 0.8 (11.7) (7.3)% 0.5% (7.8)% Botox® Therapeutics 93.9 96.2 (2.3) 6.4 (8.7) (2.4)% 6.7% (9.1)% Asacol®/Delzicol® 10.3 11.7 (1.4) (0.7) (0.7) (12.0)% (6.0)% (6.0)% Constella® 5.5 5.6 (0.1) 0.3 (0.4) (1.8)% 5.4% (7.2)% Other Products 29.1 36.2 (7.1) (5.2) (1.9) (19.6)% (14.4)% (5.2)% Other revenues 18.1 12.1 6.0 6.3 (0.3) 49.6% 52.1% (2.5)% Net revenues \$ 801.5 \$ 864.0 \$ (62.5) \$ 10.8 \$ (73.3) (7.2)% 1.3% (8.5)% Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 109.7 120.9 (11.2) (1.9) (9.3) (9.3)% (1.6)% (7.7)% Selling and marketing 237.6 245.7		10.6		1.1		9.5		10.0		(0.5)	n.m.	n.m.	n.m.
Other 138.8 149.7 (10.9) 0.8 (11.7) (7.3)% 0.5% (7.8)% Botox® Therapeutics 93.9 96.2 (2.3) 6.4 (8.7) (2.4)% 6.7% (9.1)% Asacol®/Delzicol® 10.3 11.7 (1.4) (0.7) (0.7) (12.0)% (6.0)% (6.0)% Constella® 5.5 5.6 (0.1) 0.3 (0.4) (1.8)% 5.4% (7.2)% Other Products 29.1 36.2 (7.1) (5.2) (1.9) (19.6)% (14.4)% (5.2)% Other revenues 18.1 12.1 6.0 6.3 (0.3) 49.6% 52.1% (2.5)% Net revenues \$ 801.5 \$ 864.0 (62.5) \$ 10.8 (73.3) (7.2)% 1.3% (8.5)% Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 109.7 120.9 (11.2) (1.9) (9.3) (9.3)% (1.6)% (7.7)% Selling and marketing 237.6 245.7 (8.1) <t< td=""><td>Skin Care</td><td>2.7</td><td></td><td>3.8</td><td></td><td>(1.1)</td><td></td><td>(0.9)</td><td></td><td>(0.2)</td><td>(28.9)%</td><td>(23.7)%</td><td>(5.2)%</td></t<>	Skin Care	2.7		3.8		(1.1)		(0.9)		(0.2)	(28.9)%	(23.7)%	(5.2)%
Botox® Therapeutics 93.9 96.2 (2.3) 6.4 (8.7) (2.4)% 6.7% (9.1)% Asacol®/Delzicol® 10.3 11.7 (1.4) (0.7) (0.7) (12.0)% (6.0)% (6.0)% (6.0)% Constella® 5.5 5.6 (0.1) 0.3 (0.4) (1.8)% 5.4% (7.2)% Other Products 29.1 36.2 (7.1) (5.2) (1.9) (19.6)% (14.4)% (5.2)% Other revenues 18.1 12.1 6.0 6.3 (0.3) 49.6% 52.1% (2.5)% (2.5)% Net revenues \$801.5 \$864.0 \$(62.5) \$10.8 \$(73.3) (7.2)% 1.3% (8.5)% Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 109.7 120.9 (11.2) (1.9) (9.3) (9.3)% (1.6)% (7.7)% Selling and marketing 237.6 245.7 (8.1) 12.2 (20.3) (3.3)% 5.0% (8.3)% General and administrative 25.7 31.4 (5.7) (3.4) (2.3) (18.2)% (10.8)% (7.4)% Segment contribution \$428.5 \$466.0 \$(37.5) \$3.9 \$(41.4) (8.0)% 0.8% (8.8)% Segment margin 53.5% 53.9%	Botox® Therapeutics and												
Asacol®/Delzicol® 10.3 11.7 (1.4) (0.7) (0.7) (12.0)% (6.0)% (6.0)% (6.0)% Constella® 5.5 5.6 (0.1) 0.3 (0.4) (1.8)% 5.4% (7.2)% Other Products 29.1 36.2 (7.1) (5.2) (1.9) (19.6)% (14.4)% (5.2)% Other revenues 18.1 12.1 6.0 6.3 (0.3) 49.6% 52.1% (2.5)% Net revenues \$801.5 \$864.0 \$(62.5) \$10.8 \$(73.3) (7.2)% 1.3% (8.5)% Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 109.7 120.9 (11.2) (1.9) (9.3) (9.3)% (1.6)% (7.7)% Selling and marketing 237.6 245.7 (8.1) 12.2 (20.3) (3.3)% 5.0% (8.3)% General and administrative 25.7 31.4 (5.7) (3.4) (2.3) (18.2)% (10.8)% (7.4)% Segment contribution \$428.5 \$466.0 \$(37.5) \$3.9 \$(41.4) (8.0)% 0.8% (8.8)% (8.8)% Segment margin 53.5% 53.9%	Other	138.8		149.7		(10.9)		0.8		(11.7)	(7.3)%	0.5%	(7.8)%
Constella® 5.5 5.6 (0.1) 0.3 (0.4) (1.8)% 5.4% (7.2)% Other Products 29.1 36.2 (7.1) (5.2) (1.9) (19.6)% (14.4)% (5.2)% Other revenues 18.1 12.1 6.0 6.3 (0.3) 49.6% 52.1% (2.5)% Net revenues \$801.5 \$864.0 \$(62.5) \$10.8 \$(73.3) (7.2)% 1.3% (8.5)% Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 109.7 120.9 (11.2) (1.9) (9.3) (9.3)% (1.6)% (7.7)% Selling and marketing 237.6 245.7 (8.1) 12.2 (20.3) (3.3)% 5.0% (8.3)% General and administrative 25.7 31.4 (5.7) (3.4) (2.3) (18.2)% (10.8)% (7.4)% Segment contribution \$428.5 \$466.0 \$(37.5) \$3.9 \$(41.4) (8.0)% 0.8% (8.8)% Segment margin 53.5% 53.9%	Botox® Therapeutics	93.9		96.2		(2.3)		6.4		(8.7)	(2.4)%	6.7%	(9.1)%
Other Products 29.1 36.2 (7.1) (5.2) (1.9) (19.6)% (14.4)% (5.2)% Other revenues 18.1 12.1 6.0 6.3 (0.3) 49.6% 52.1% (2.5)% Net revenues 801.5 864.0 (62.5) 10.8 (73.3) (7.2)% 1.3% (8.5)% Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 109.7 120.9 (11.2) (1.9) (9.3) (9.3)% (1.6)% (7.7)% Selling and marketing 237.6 245.7 (8.1) 12.2 (20.3) (3.3)% 5.0% (8.3)% General and administrative 25.7 31.4 (5.7) (3.4) (2.3) (18.2)% (10.8)% (7.4)% Segment contribution 428.5 466.0 (37.5) 3.9 (41.4) (8.0)% 0.8% (8.8)% Segment margin 53.5% 53.9% (0.4)%	Asacol®/Delzicol®	10.3		11.7		(1.4)		(0.7)		(0.7)	(12.0)%	(6.0)%	(6.0)%
Other revenues 18.1 12.1 6.0 6.3 (0.3) 49.6% 52.1% (2.5)% Net revenues \$ 801.5 \$ 864.0 (62.5) 10.8 (73.3) (7.2)% 1.3% (8.5)% Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 109.7 120.9 (11.2) (1.9) (9.3) (9.3)% (1.6)% (7.7)% Selling and marketing 237.6 245.7 (8.1) 12.2 (20.3) (3.3)% 5.0% (8.3)% General and administrative 25.7 31.4 (5.7) (3.4) (2.3) (18.2)% (10.8)% (7.4)% Segment contribution \$ 428.5 \$ 466.0 \$ (37.5) \$ 3.9 \$ (41.4) (8.0)% 0.8% (8.8)% Segment margin 53.5% 53.9% (0.4)% (0.4)%	Constella®	5.5		5.6		(0.1)		0.3		(0.4)	(1.8)%	5.4%	(7.2)%
Net revenues \$ 801.5 \$ 864.0 \$ (62.5) \$ 10.8 \$ (73.3) (7.2)% 1.3% (8.5)% Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 109.7 120.9 (11.2) (1.9) (9.3) (9.3)% (1.6)% (7.7)% Selling and marketing 237.6 245.7 (8.1) 12.2 (20.3) (3.3)% 5.0% (8.3)% General and administrative 25.7 31.4 (5.7) (3.4) (2.3) (18.2)% (10.8)% (7.4)% Segment contribution \$ 428.5 \$ 466.0 \$ (37.5) \$ 3.9 \$ (41.4) (8.0)% 0.8% (8.8)% Segment margin 53.5% 53.9% (0.4)% (0.4)% (0.4)%	Other Products	29.1		36.2		(7.1)		(5.2)		(1.9)	(19.6)%	(14.4)%	(5.2)%
Operating expenses: Cost of sales(1) 109.7 120.9 (11.2) (1.9) (9.3) (9.3)% (1.6)% (7.7)% Selling and marketing 237.6 245.7 (8.1) 12.2 (20.3) (3.3)% 5.0% (8.3)% General and administrative 25.7 31.4 (5.7) (3.4) (2.3) (18.2)% (10.8)% (7.4)% Segment contribution \$ 428.5 \$ 466.0 \$ (37.5) \$ 3.9 \$ (41.4) (8.0)% 0.8% (8.8)% Segment margin 53.5% 53.9% (0.4)%	Other revenues	 18.1		12.1		6.0		6.3		(0.3)	49.6%	52.1 %	(2.5)%
Cost of sales(1) 109.7 120.9 (11.2) (1.9) (9.3) (9.3)% (1.6)% (7.7)% Selling and marketing 237.6 245.7 (8.1) 12.2 (20.3) (3.3)% 5.0% (8.3)% General and administrative 25.7 31.4 (5.7) (3.4) (2.3) (18.2)% (10.8)% (7.4)% Segment contribution \$ 428.5 \$ 466.0 \$ (37.5) \$ 3.9 \$ (41.4) (8.0)% 0.8% (8.8)% Segment margin 53.5% 53.9% (0.4)% (0.4)% (0.4)%	Net revenues	\$ 801.5	\$	864.0	\$	(62.5)	\$	10.8	\$	(73.3)	(7.2)%	1.3 %	(8.5)%
Selling and marketing 237.6 245.7 (8.1) 12.2 (20.3) (3.3)% 5.0% (8.3)% General and administrative 25.7 31.4 (5.7) (3.4) (2.3) (18.2)% (10.8)% (7.4)% Segment contribution \$ 428.5 \$ 466.0 \$ (37.5) \$ 3.9 \$ (41.4) (8.0)% 0.8% (8.8)% Segment margin 53.5% 53.9% (0.4)%	Operating expenses:												
General and administrative 25.7 31.4 (5.7) (3.4) (2.3) (18.2)% (10.8)% (7.4)% Segment contribution \$ 428.5 \$ 466.0 \$ (37.5) \$ 3.9 \$ (41.4) (8.0)% 0.8% (8.8)% Segment margin 53.5% 53.9% (0.4)%	Cost of sales(1)	109.7		120.9		(11.2)		(1.9)		(9.3)	(9.3)%	(1.6)%	(7.7)%
Segment contribution \$ 428.5 \$ 466.0 \$ (37.5) \$ 3.9 \$ (41.4) (8.0)% 0.8% (8.8)% Segment margin 53.5% 53.9% (0.4)% (0.4)%	Selling and marketing	237.6		245.7		(8.1)		12.2		(20.3)	(3.3)%	5.0%	(8.3)%
Segment margin 53.5% 53.9% (0.4)%	General and administrative	25.7		31.4		(5.7)		(3.4)		(2.3)	(18.2)%	(10.8)%	
	Segment contribution	\$ 428.5	\$	466.0	\$	(37.5)	\$		\$	(41.4)	(8.0)%	0.8%	
	Segment margin	53.5%	_	53.9%	_		' =				(0.4)%		
	Segment gross margin ⁽²⁾												

⁽¹⁾ Excludes amortization and impairment of acquired intangibles including product rights, as well as indirect cost of sales not attributable to segment results.

⁽²⁾ Defined as net revenues less segment related cost of sales as a percentage of net revenues.

⁽³⁾ Defined as overall change excluding foreign exchange impact.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes Optive® sales of \$27.8 million which were previously disclosed separately in the three months ended March 31, 2018.

The following table presents our revenue disaggregated by geography for our International segment (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31,									
						\$ Overall	O	\$ perational	% Overall	% Operational
		2019		2018		Change		Change	Change	Change
Europe	\$	354.4	\$	398.4	\$	(44.0)	\$	(6.5)	(11.0)%	(1.6)%
Asia Pacific, Middle East and Africa		250.7		240.8		9.9		25.9	4.1 %	10.8%
Latin America and Canada		178.2		212.1		(33.9)		(14.7)	(16.0)%	(6.9)%
Other*		18.2		12.7		5.5		6.1	43.3 %	48.0%
Total International	\$	801.5	\$	864.0	\$	(62.5)	\$	10.8	(7.2)%	1.3%

^{*}Includes royalty and other revenue

Net Revenues

The decrease in net revenues in the three months ended March 31, 2019 was primarily due to the negative impact of foreign currency as well as declines in Eye Care and Plastic Surgery, offset, in part, by operational growth in Facial Aesthetics and Body Contouring. Within Eye Care, the decrease in sales is due to trade buying patterns, the generic impact of Restasis in Canada and price erosion in Europe as well as a loss from foreign currency. Plastic Surgery decreased versus the prior year period, primarily driven by a fourth quarter 2018 suspension of sales and withdrawal of the remaining textured breast implants from the market in Europe. The operational growth in Facial Aesthetics and Body Contouring was due to an increase in demand growth.

Cost of Sales

The decrease in cost of sales in the three months ended March 31, 2019 was primarily due to the decrease in net revenues.

Selling and Marketing Expenses

The decrease in selling and marketing expenses in the three months ended March 31, 2019 was primarily due to the impact from foreign currency, offset, in part, by an expansion of the sales force in certain markets.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses remained stable period over period.

Corporate

Corporate represents the results of corporate initiatives as well as the impact of select revenues and shared costs. The following represents the Corporate amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in millions):

		Three Months Ended March 31, 2019												
	Integra Divesti		Acqu Rel	on- isition ated cturing		Fair Value djustments	Ef	ffect of Purchase Accounting	Otho	er		enues and red Costs		Total
Net revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2.8	\$	2.8
Operating expenses:														
Cost of sales(1)		-		4.6		16.2		0.3		-		56.4		77.5
Selling and marketing		-		(1.8)		-		0.9		-		-		(0.9)
General and administrative		5.4		0.1		<u>-</u>		0.3	1	1.2		167.2		184.2
Contribution	\$	(5.4)	\$	(2.9)	\$	(16.2)	\$	(1.5)	\$ (1	1.2)	\$	(220.8)	\$	(258.0)

⁽¹⁾ Excludes amortization and impairment of acquired intangibles including product rights.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2018

	ration / stiture	Acqui Rel	on- isition ated cturing	ir Value justments	Ef	ffect of Purchase Accounting	0	ther	enues and red Costs	,	Total
Net revenues	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5.8	\$	5.8
Operating expenses:											
Cost of sales(1)	0.5		12.6	3.4		1.1		-	67.5		85.1
Selling and marketing	0.9		10.3	-		4.3		-	0.1		15.6
General and administrative	 13.8		7.3	<u>-</u> _		1.6		9.0	143.7		175.4
Contribution	\$ (15.2)	\$	(30.2)	\$ (3.4)	\$	(7.0)	\$	(9.0)	\$ (205.5)	\$	(270.3)

⁽¹⁾ Excludes amortization and impairment of acquired intangibles including product rights.

Integration

In the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, integration and restructuring charges included costs related to the integration of LifeCell Corporation ("LifeCell") and Zeltiq® Aesthetics, Inc. ("Zeltiq").

Non-Acquisition Related Restructuring

In the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company incurred charges related to the restructuring of its internal infrastructure. The restructuring programs included charges associated with scaling our manufacturing plants as well as the acceleration of share-based compensation charges for severed employees over their shortened vesting periods.

Fair Value Adjustments

Fair value adjustments primarily relate to changes in estimated contingent liabilities for future amounts to be paid based on achievement of sales levels for the respective products.

Effect of Purchase Accounting

In the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company incurred charges related to the purchase accounting impact on share-based compensation related to the Zeltiq and Allergan, Inc. ("Legacy Allergan") acquisitions, which increased cost of sales, selling and marketing and general and administrative expenses.

Other

In the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, general and administrative costs included legal settlement charges of \$10.4 million and \$10.3 million, respectively.

Revenues and Shared Costs

Shared costs primarily include above site and unallocated costs associated with running our global manufacturing facilities and corporate general and administrative expenses.

In the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company incurred transactional foreign exchange losses of \$6.8 million and \$4.9 million, respectively.

Research and Development Expenses

R&D expenses consist predominantly of personnel-related costs, active pharmaceutical ingredient costs, contract research, license and milestone fees, biostudy and facilities costs associated with product development.

R&D expenses consisted of the following in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31,									
		2019		2018	(\$ Change	% Change			
Ongoing operating expenses	\$	397.9	\$	355.8	\$	42.1	11.8%			
Milestone expenses and upfront license payments		34.1		113.4		(79.3)	(69.9)%			
Contingent consideration adjustments, net		2.5		1.9		0.6	31.6%			
Acquisition accounting fair market value adjustment to share-based compensation		0.4		2.8		(2.4)	(85.7)%			
Acquisition, integration, and restructuring charges		0.1		0.8		(0.7)	(87.5)%			
Total R&D Expenses	\$	435.0	\$	474.7	\$	(39.7)	(8.4)%			

Operating Expenses

The increase in ongoing operating expenses in the three months ended March 31, 2019 is mainly due to increased product development spending in early stage development programs and increased spending in the Central Nervous System and Gastrointestinal therapeutic areas.

Milestone Expenses and Upfront License Payments

The following represents milestone expenses, asset acquisitions and upfront license payments in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31,							
	20		2018					
Akarna Therapeutics, Ltd.	\$	10.0	\$	<u>-</u>				
Chase Pharmaceuticals Corporation		-		75.0				
Repros Therapeutics, Inc.		-		33.2				
Other		24.1		5.2				
Total	\$	34.1	\$	113.4				

Amortization

Amortization in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was as follows (\$ in millions):

		Three Months E	Inded Ma	rch 31,	
				\$	%
	2019	2018	(Change	Change
Amortization	\$ 1,399.4	\$ 1,697.6	\$	(298.2)	(17.6)%

Amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2019 decreased as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2018 primarily as a result of a decrease in amortization for Restasis® due to a reduced book value and remaining life as a result of an anticipated launch of a generic.

Goodwill, IPR&D and Other Impairments and Asset Sales, Net

Goodwill, IPR&D and other impairments and asset sales, net consisted of the following in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in millions):

		Three Months E	Ended Ma	arch 31,	
	2019	2018		\$ Change	% Change
Goodwill impairments	\$ 2,467.0	\$ -	\$	2,467.0	n.a
IPR&D impairments	-	522.0		(522.0)	(100.0)%
Asset sales and impairments, net	(5.2)	13.1		(18.3)	n.m.

Refer to "NOTE 11 – Goodwill, Product Rights and Other Intangible Assets" for the description of the goodwill impairments and IPR&D impairments that the Company recorded in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018.

As of December 31, 2018, the net asset value of the General Medicine Reporting Unit equaled fair value. On March 6, 2019, Allergan announced negative topline results from three pivotal studies of rapastinel as an adjunctive treatment of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD). These results represented a triggering event for the Company's General Medicine Reporting Unit.

In the three months ended March 31, 2019, primarily as a result of the impairment indicator noted above and a delay in clinical studies and anticipated launch of brazikumab, the Company recorded a \$2,467.0 million goodwill impairment charge to its General Medicine Reporting Unit.

Interest Income

Interest income in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was as follows (\$ in millions):

	_		Three Months l	Ended N	March 31,	
					\$	%
		2019	 2018		Change	Change
Interest income	\$	21.3	\$ 17.3	\$	4.0	23.1%

Interest income represents interest earned on cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities held during the respective periods.

Interest Expense

Interest expense consisted of the following in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31,										
						\$	%				
		2019		2018	(Change	Change				
Fixed Rate Notes	\$	173.8	\$	228.9	\$	(55.1)	(24.1)%				
Euro Denominated Notes		14.9		8.6		6.3	73.3%				
Floating Rate Notes		5.0		6.4		(1.4)	(21.9)%				
Other		8.1		6.7		1.4	20.9%				
Interest expense	\$	201.8	\$	250.6	\$	(48.8)	(19.5)%				

Interest expense in the three months ended March 31, 2019 decreased versus the three months ended March 31, 2018 due to scheduled maturities and early debt extinguishment of senior secured notes period-over-period, as well as the impact from debt refinancing in the prior year.

Other Income / (Expense), Net

Other income / (expense), net consisted of the following in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31,									
		2010		2010		\$	% Classic			
		2019		2018		Change	Change			
Teva Share Activity	\$	-	\$	(77.7)	\$	77.7	(100.0)%			
Debt extinguishment other		(0.3)		-		(0.3)	n.a			
Other income / (expense), net		14.1		(1.1)		15.2	n.m.			
Other income / (expense), net	\$	13.8	\$	(78.8)	\$	92.6	n.m.			

Refer to "NOTE 6 - Other Income / (Expense)" for further details regarding the components of other income / (expense), net.

(Benefit) for Income Taxes

(Benefit) for income taxes in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was as follows: (\$ in millions):

	 Three Months Ended March 31,									
					\$	%				
	 2019	2018		Change		Change				
(Benefit) for income taxes	\$ (68.6)	\$	(682.2)	\$	613.6	(89.9)%				
Effective tax rate	2.8%		70.6%							

The Company's effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2019 was 2.8%, compared to 70.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2018. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2019 was favorably impacted by a tax benefit of \$91.5 million related to excess tax over book basis in a U.S. subsidiary that will reverse in the foreseeable future. The effective tax rate was unfavorably impacted by a goodwill impairment charge of \$2,467.0 million, for which no tax benefit was recorded.

The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was favorably impacted by income earned in jurisdictions with tax rates lower than the Irish statutory rate and U.S. losses tax benefited at rates greater than the Irish statutory rate. This was offset by the additional U.S. tax on the earnings of certain non-U.S. subsidiaries which are considered Global Intangible Low Taxed Income ("GILTI") and the tax impact of amortization of intangible assets at rates less than the Irish statutory rate. Additionally, the tax benefit for the three months ended March 31, 2018 included tax benefits of \$421.9 million related to the restructuring of an acquired business, \$117.5 million related to the impairment of an IPR&D project obtained as part of the acquisition of Vitae Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and \$89.7 million related to excess tax over book basis in a U.S. subsidiary that will reverse in the foreseeable future.

The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2019 was lower compared to the three months ended March 31, 2018 primarily due to the goodwill impairment recorded in the first quarter of 2019 with no associated tax benefit and the absence of certain discrete tax benefits recorded in the first quarter of 2018.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Working Capital Position

Working capital at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 is summarized as follows (\$ in millions):

	M	March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018		ncrease Decrease)
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	788.5	\$	880.4	\$	(91.9)
Marketable securities		995.2		1,026.9		(31.7)
Accounts receivable, net		2,731.2		2,868.1		(136.9)
Inventories		943.2		846.9		96.3
Current assets held for sale		45.7		34.0		11.7
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		785.5		819.1		(33.6)
Total current assets		6,289.3		6,475.4		(186.1)
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	4,634.4	\$	4,787.2	\$	(152.8)
Income taxes payable		126.9		72.4		54.5
Current portion of long-term debt		3,971.8		868.3		3,103.5
Current portion of lease liability - operating		116.1		-		116.1
Total current liabilities		8,849.2		5,727.9		3,121.3
Working Capital	\$	(2,559.9)	\$	747.5	\$	(3,307.4)
Current Ratio		0.71		1.13		

Working capital movements were primarily due to the following:

- The Company generated cash flows from operations of \$1,234.0 million;
- The Company paid dividends of \$246.1 million and repurchased ordinary shares of \$829.2 million in the three months ended March 31, 2019;
 and
- The Company repurchased \$152.0 million face value of senior notes through open market debt purchases and \$3,123.8 million of notes were classified as current during the quarter based on their maturity date.

Cash Flows

The Company's cash flows are summarized as follows (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31,							
		2019		2018		\$ Change		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,234.0	\$	1,458.3	\$	(224.3)		
Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities	\$	(104.8)	\$	2,932.3	\$	(3,037.1)		
Net cash (used in) financing activities	\$	(1,227.0)	\$	(5,207.7)	\$	3,980.7		

Cash flows from operations represent net income adjusted for certain non-cash items and changes in assets and liabilities. Cash provided by operating activities decreased \$224.3 million in the three months ended March 31, 2019 versus the prior year period, due to an increase in cash taxes of \$69.7 million, reduced accounts receivable collections and increased inventories.

Management expects that available cash balances and the remaining 2019 cash flows from operating activities will provide sufficient resources to fund our operating liquidity needs and expected capital expenditure funding requirements for at least the next twelve months.

Investing cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2019 reflect the cash used in acquisitions of businesses of \$80.6 million. Investing cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2018 reflect the net cash provided by the net sale of investments of \$3,433.6 million offset, in part, by payments to settle Teva related matters of \$466.0 million.

Financing cash flows consist primarily of borrowings and repayments of debt, repurchases of ordinary shares, dividend payments and proceeds from the exercise of stock options. Cash used in financing activities in the three months ended March 31, 2019 primarily related to the repayment of indebtedness of \$159.4 million, the repurchase of ordinary shares of \$829.2 million and the payment of dividends of \$246.1 million. Cash used in financing activities in the three months ended March 31, 2018 primarily related to the repayment of indebtedness of \$4,322.1 million, the repurchase of ordinary shares of \$1,439.6 million, the payment of dividends of \$319.5 million and payments to settle Teva related matters of \$234.0 million, which was outstanding greater than one year, offset, in part, by borrowings under the revolving credit facility and other borrowings of \$709.0 million and proceeds from the forward sale of Teva shares of \$372.3 million.

Long-term obligations

The following table lists certain of our enforceable and legally binding obligations as of March 31, 2019. Certain amounts included herein are based on management's estimates and assumptions about these obligations, including their duration, the possibility of renewal of lease agreements, anticipated actions by third parties and other factors. Because these estimates and assumptions are necessarily subjective, the enforceable and legally binding obligation we will actually pay in future periods may vary from those reflected in the table.

The following is a summary of select contractual commitments as of March 31, 2019, including amounts accrued as of the balance sheet date to be paid in future periods (\$ in millions):

	 Payments Due by Period									
	Total		Nine Months Ending December 31, 2019	2	020-2021	2	022-2023		Thereafter	
Sales based and other milestone obligations	 10,222.8		30.0		35.0		41.0		10,116.8	
R&D / approval milestone obligations	 6,061.9		204.7		1,042.8		540.8		4,273.6	
Total	\$ 16,284.7	\$	234.7	\$	1,077.8	\$	581.8	\$	14,390.4	

The table above reflects the anticipated timing of R&D and approval related milestones and sales based milestones. Certain agreements also include royalties based on commercial sales which are excluded from the table above. The following are contractual commitments relating to the R&D and approval related milestones and sales based milestones (\$ in millions):

Transaction	Product	Maximum Milestones			R&D / Approval Iilestones	a	ales Based and Other Iilestones
Heptares Therapeutics, Ltd	Neurological disorders	\$	3,224.5	\$	649.5	\$	2,575.0
Assembly Biosciences, Inc.	Gastrointestinal products		2,459.0		1,069.0		1,390.0
AstraZeneca plc License	Brazikumab		1,250.0		210.0		1,040.0
Akarna Therapeutics, Ltd	Inflammatory and fibrotic diseases		975.0		600.0		375.0
Tobira Therapeutics, Inc.	Cenicriviroc		800.1		400.1		400.0
Chase Pharmaceuticals	Neurodegenerative disorders						
Corporation			800.0		250.0		550.0
Merck & Co.	Ubrogepant & Atogepant		780.0		350.0		430.0
Retrosense Therapeutics, LLC	RST-001		495.0		245.0		250.0
AqueSys, Inc.	Xen Gel Stent		300.0		-		300.0
Topokine Therapeutics, Inc.	XAF5		260.0		110.0		150.0
Oculeve, Inc.	TrueTear®		150.0		50.0		100.0
Forsight VISION5, Inc.	Bimatoprost Ring		125.0		125.0		-
All Other			4,666.1		2,003.3		2,662.8
Total		\$	16,284.7	\$	6,061.9	\$	10,222.8

Such milestone payments will only be payable in the event that the Company achieves contractually defined, success-based milestones, such as:

- the advancement of the specified research and development programs;
- the receipt of regulatory approval for the specified compounds or products; and/or
- reaching a sales threshold of the specified compounds or products.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any material off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, net revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Available Information

From time to time, we use our website, our Facebook, Instagram, LinkedIn and Twitter accounts and other social media channels as additional means of disclosing public information to investors, the media and others interested in the Company. Additionally, our Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, Brent L. Saunders, and our Executive Vice President and Chief Commercial Officer, Bill Meury, may use similar social media channels to disclose public information. It is possible that certain information we post on our website and on social media could be deemed to be material information, and we encourage investors, the media and others interested in the Company to review the business and financial information we post on our website and on the social media channels identified above. The information on our website and those social media channels is not incorporated by reference into this Form 10-Q.

Cautionary note regarding forward-looking statements

Any statements made in this report that are not statements of historical fact or that refer to estimated or anticipated future events are "forward-looking statements", as contemplated in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, words such as "may," "will," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "plan," "intend," "could," "would," "should," "estimate," "continue," or "pursue," or the negative or other variations thereof or comparable terminology, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. We have based our forward-looking statements on management's beliefs and assumptions based on information available to our management at the time these statements are made. Such forward-looking statements reflect our current perspective of our business, future performance, existing trends and information as of the date of this filing. The statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. We caution the reader that these statements are based on certain assumptions, risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control. We do not undertake any responsibility to release publicly any revisions to these forward-looking statements to take into account events or circumstances that occur after the date of this report.

Actual results may differ materially from our current expectations depending upon a number of factors affecting our business. These factors include, among others:

- global economic and trade conditions;
- our ability to successfully develop and commercialize new products;
- uncertainty associated with the continued success of major products;
- generic product competition with our branded products;
- expiration of our patents on our branded products and the potential for increased competition from generic manufacturers;
- the highly competitive nature of the pharmaceutical industry;
- our ability to protect our technology rights, patents or other intellectual property;
- costs and efforts to defend or enforce technology rights, patents or other intellectual property;
- · our ability to obtain and afford third-party licenses and proprietary technology that we need;
- · our potential infringement of others' proprietary rights;
- our dependency on third-party service providers and third-party manufacturers and suppliers that in some cases may be the only source of finished products or raw materials that we need;
- availability of raw materials and other key ingredients;
- · our vulnerability to and ability to defend against product liability claims and obtain sufficient or any product liability insurance;
- difficulties or delays in manufacturing;
- the effect of regulation including our ability to comply with and operate successfully under regulatory regimes that apply to us, including healthcare and privacy regulations;
- uncertainty and costs of legal actions and government investigations;
- the difficulty of predicting the timing or outcome of product development efforts and regulatory agency approvals or actions, if any;
- our ability to successfully navigate consolidation of our distribution network and concentration of our customer base;
- risks associated with acquisitions, mergers and joint ventures, such as difficulties integrating businesses, uncertainty associated with financial projections, projected synergies, restructuring, increased costs, and adverse tax consequences;
- the inherent uncertainty associated with financial projections;
- fluctuations in our operating results and financial conditions;
- the adverse impact of substantial debt and other financial obligations on the ability to fulfill and/or refinance debt obligations;
- the effect of intangible assets and resulting impairment testing and impairment charges on our financial condition;
- our ability to obtain additional debt or raise additional equity on terms that are favorable to us;
- our ability to retain qualified employees and key personnel;
- risks associated with cyber-security and vulnerability of our information and employee, customer and business information that we store digitally;
- our ability to manage environmental liabilities;
- our ability to continue foreign operations in countries and to maintain global operations;
- uncertainty related to our dividend plan and share repurchase program;
- risks associated with tax liabilities, or changes in U.S. federal or international tax laws or tax rulings to which we and our affiliates are subject, including changes that impact our effective tax rate and the risk that the Internal Revenue Service disagrees that we are a foreign corporation for U.S. federal tax purposes;
- risks of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates;
- our ability to maintain internal control over financial reporting;
- the ability of Irish law to protect our shareholders;
- · the impact of Irish laws and regulations on our business, including limitations on capital management;
- · uncertainty on the enforceability of judgements against our officers and directors in an Irish court;
- risks associated with Irish tax liabilities, which could subject us or our shareholders to Irish stamp duty, dividend withholding tax, income tax and/or capital acquisition tax; and
- · other risks and uncertainties including those discussed in "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The following discussion provides forward-looking quantitative and qualitative information about our potential exposure to market risk. Market risk represents the potential loss arising from adverse changes in the value of financial instruments. The risk of loss is assessed based on the likelihood of adverse changes in fair values, cash flows or future earnings. We are exposed to market risk for changes in the market values of our investments (Investment Risk), the impact of interest rate changes (Interest Rate Risk) and the impact of foreign currency exchange changes (Foreign Currency Exchange Risk).

We maintain our portfolio of cash equivalents and short-term investments in a variety of securities, including both government and government agency obligations with ratings of A or better and money market funds. Our investments in marketable securities are governed by our investment policy which seeks to preserve the value of our principal, provide liquidity and maximize return on the Company's investment against minimal interest rate risk. Consequently, our interest rate and principal risk are minimal on our non-equity investment portfolio. The quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk are set forth below.

Investment Risk

As of March 31, 2019, our total investments in marketable and equity securities of other companies, including equity method investments, but excluding securities considered cash and cash equivalents, were \$1,053.1 million (included in marketable securities and investments and other assets). The fair values of these investments are subject to fluctuations due to volatility of the stock market and changes in general economic conditions.

We regularly review the carrying value of our investments and identify and recognize losses for income statement purposes.

Interest Rate Risk

Our exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to our non-equity investment portfolio. Our cash is invested in money market securities.

Our permitted investments in marketable securities include highly liquid money market securities classified as available-for-sale securities. No security as of March 31, 2019 has a maturity in excess of one year. These investments include floating rate securities that are exposed to interest rate fluctuations. Because of the short-term nature of these investments, we are subject to minimal interest rate risk and do not believe that an increase in market rates would have a significant negative impact on the value of our portfolio.

Floating Rate Debt

At March 31, 2019, borrowings outstanding under the floating rate notes were \$2,070.6 million. Assuming a one percent increase in the applicable interest rate on the Company's floating rates notes, annual interest expense would increase by approximately \$14.2 million over the next twelve months.

In January 2019, Allergan entered into \$500.0 million notional floating to fixed interest rate swaps maturing on March 12, 2020 whereby it fixed the interest rates on \$500.0 million floating rate notes due March 12, 2020 to an average interest rate of 3.98%. The swaps are being accounted for using hedge accounting treatment.

Fixed Rate Debt

The Company has outstanding borrowings under its fixed rate notes. Changes in market interest rates generally affect the fair value of fixed-rate debt, but do not impact earnings or cash flows.

Euro Denominated Debt

The Company has outstanding borrowings under its Euro Denominated Notes. Changes in foreign exchange rates may impact cash flows for principal and interest.

Interest Rate

The Company may use interest rate swap contracts on certain investing and borrowing transactions to manage its net exposure to interest rate changes and its overall cost of borrowing. The Company does not use leveraged swaps and does not leverage any of its fixed income investments that would put principal capital at risk.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

Overall, we are a net recipient of currencies other than the U.S. dollar and, as such, benefit from a weaker dollar and are adversely affected by a stronger dollar relative to major currencies worldwide. Accordingly, changes in exchange rates, and in particular a strengthening of the U.S. dollar, may negatively affect our consolidated revenues or operating costs and expenses as expressed in U.S. dollars.

From time to time, we enter into foreign currency forward contracts which change in value as foreign exchange rates change to allow the Company to economically offset the effect of changes in the value of foreign currency assets and liabilities. We have entered into foreign currency forward contracts in amounts between minimum and maximum existing or anticipated foreign exchange exposures.

The Company is subject to transactions which are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency and therefore movements in exchange rates may impact the results of operations. Net foreign currency losses reflected in general and administrative expenses were \$6.8 million and \$4.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The currency for Argentina was deemed hyperinflationary in the third quarter of 2018 and is now being accounted for using the Company's functional currency. The impact is immaterial to the Company's operations.

In November 2018, the Company entered into a 700.0 million Euro forward contract to buy Euros while selling USD. The derivative has a maturity of May 31, 2019. The derivative instrument is marked-to-market to the P&L offsetting the revaluation (P&L) impact on the Euro 700.0 million variable interest debt. For the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company recorded a loss of \$22.5 million relating to this instrument in general and administrative expenses.

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk in its international operations from foreign currency purchases, net investments in foreign subsidiaries, and foreign currency assets and liabilities created in the normal course of business, including the Euro Denominated Notes. In the three months ended March 31, 2019, we used effective net investment hedges to partially offset the effects of foreign currency on our investments in certain of our foreign subsidiaries. The total notional amount of our instruments designated as net investment hedges was \$5.0 billion as of March 31, 2019 and \$5.1 billion as of December 31, 2018. During the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the impact of the net investment hedges recorded in other comprehensive (loss) / income was a gain of \$110.8 million and a loss of \$95.1 million, respectively.

Other

We do not believe that inflation has had a significant impact on our revenues or operations, nor do we have any material commodity price risks.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Allergan plc maintains "disclosure controls and procedures," as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act, that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in Allergan plc's Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to Allergan plc's management, including its Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objective.

As required by SEC Rule 13a-15(b), Allergan plc carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of Allergan plc's management, including Allergan plc's Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of Allergan plc's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Based on this evaluation Allergan plc's Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer concluded that Allergan plc's disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level as of March 31, 2019.

Warner Chilcott Limited maintains "disclosure controls and procedures," as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act, that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the Company's Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to Warner Chilcott Limited's management, including its Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objective.

As required by SEC Rule 13a-15(b), Warner Chilcott Limited carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of Warner Chilcott Limited's management, including Warner Chilcott Limited's Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of Warner Chilcott Limited's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Based on this evaluation Warner Chilcott Limited's Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer concluded that Warner Chilcott Limited's disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level as of March 31, 2019.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting of Allergan plc and Warner Chilcott Limited

During the quarter ended March 31, 2019, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Allergan plc and Warner Chilcott Limited's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

For information regarding legal proceedings, refer to "PART I, ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS," of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 and "Legal Matters" in "NOTE 20 — Commitments and Contingencies" in the accompanying "Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements" in this Quarterly Report.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes in the Company's risk factors from those disclosed in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Recent Sale of Unregistered Securities; Uses of Proceeds from Registered Securities

None.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

During the quarter ended March 31, 2019, we repurchased 209,527 of Allergan plc's Ordinary Shares to satisfy tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted stock issued to employees and directors. The Company's Board of Directors previously approved a \$2.0 billion share repurchase program in July 2018, of which we repurchased \$0.8 billion of our Ordinary Shares in the three months ended March 31, 2019. On January 29, 2019, the Company announced that its Board of Directors approved a \$2.0 billion share repurchase program, all of which remained outstanding as of March 31, 2019.

	Total Number of Shares	Total Number of Shares Purchased to Satisfy Tax	Average Price Paid	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Share Repurchase	Average Price Paid per Share as Part of Share Repurchase	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Share Repurchase Program	
Period	Purchased	Withholdings	per Share	Program	Program	(\$ in millions)	
January 1 - 31, 2019	2,408	2,408	\$ 158.02	-	\$ -	\$ 2,799.8	
February 1 - 28, 2019	15,055	15,055	\$ 141.61	-	\$ -	\$ 2,799.8	
March 1 - 31, 2019	5,522,312	192,064	\$ 140.60	5,330,248	\$ 150.02	\$ 2,000.1	
January 1 - March 31, 2019	5,539,775	209,527	\$ 140.87	5,330,248	\$ 150.02		

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Reference is hereby made to the Exhibit Index on page 74.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Description Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14a of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14a of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. 31.1* 31.2* 32.1** Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. of Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 32.2** Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. of the Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. 101.INS XBRL Instance Document. 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Scheme Document. 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document. 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Definition Document. 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document. 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

- # Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
- * Filed herewith.
- ** Furnished herewith and not "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on May 7, 2019.

> ALLERGAN PLC WARNER CHILCOTT LIMITED

By: /s/ Matthew M. Walsh

Matthew M. Walsh Name: **Executive Vice President and Chief Financial** Title:

Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ James C. D'Arecca
James C. D'Arecca By:

Name: Title: **Chief Accounting Officer**

(Principal Accounting Officer)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

- I, Brenton L. Saunders, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Allergan plc;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
- a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 7, 2019

By: /s/ BRENTON L. SAUNDERS

Brenton L. Saunders
Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

- I, Brenton L. Saunders, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Warner Chilcott Limited;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
- a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 7, 2019

By: /s/ BRENTON L. SAUNDERS

Brenton L. Saunders
Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

- I, Matthew M. Walsh, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Allergan plc;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
- a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 7, 2019

/s/ MATTHEW M. WALSH

Matthew M. Walsh
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

- I, Matthew M. Walsh, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Warner Chilcott Limited;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
- a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 7, 2019

By: /s/ MATTHEW M. WALSH

Matthew M. Walsh
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. of Section 1350, as Adopted by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

The undersigned officer of Allergan plc (the "Company"), hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that:

- (i) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
 - (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Allergan plc.

Date: May 7, 2019

y: /s/ BRENTON L. SAUNDERS

Brenton L. Saunders Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. of Section 1350, as Adopted by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

The undersigned officer of Warner Chilcott Limited (the "Company"), hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that:

- (i) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Warner Chilcott Limited.

Date: May 7, 2019

By: /s/ BRENTON L. SAUNDERS

Brenton L. Saunders Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. of Section 1350, as Adopted by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

The undersigned officer of Allergan plc (the "Company"), hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that:

- (i) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
 - (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Allergan plc.

Date: May 7, 2019

By: /s/ MATTHEW M. WALSH

Matthew M. Walsh
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. of Section 1350, as Adopted by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

The undersigned officer of Warner Chilcott Limited (the "Company"), hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that:

- (i) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Warmer Chilcott Limited.

Date: May 7, 2019

By: /s/ MATTHEW M. WALSH

Matthew M. Walsh
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)